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Lectures on General Quantum Correlations and their Applications

 Springer

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Foreword

It is by now widely appreciated that quantum physics enables tasks that are much more difficult or even impossible to accomplish by relying on purely classical phenomena. The applications that benefit from “quantumness” include information processing (e.g., computing), high-precision measurements, and communications. The strategies that lead to these benefits vary, and their practical implementations often have to contend with limitations that are also quantum-specific (e.g., prohibition on cloning or decoherence) and can be “friend or foe”, depending on the attempted implementation.

The obvious question that arose with the inception of the field quantum information concerns the “magic ingredient”, the precise aspect of quantum theory that is responsible for this “quantum advantage”. Quantum entanglement was the early suspect, and it remains in a lineup of possible culprits. By now, it is however abundantly clear that the list of possible suspects should be extended to include other, less flagrantly quantum correlations (e.g, these with non-zero discord). For example, while there are quantum algorithms that depend on entanglement in at least part of their execution, to date there is no general proof that entanglement is indispensable in every quantum computation. Moreover, in a number of relevant settings including quantum estimation and communication, one can get an advantage by suitably exploiting discord even in absence of entanglement.

This volume presents a collection of chapters authored by the leading contributors to the study of general quantum correlations and their applications and is organized in four parts. The first part of the book discusses the foundations of quantum correlations beyond entanglement and how to characterize them. Various forms of quantumness of states are exemplified and several quantitative methods are introduced, considering both bipartite and multipartite cases. In the second part of the book, operational interpretations and applications of quantum correlations come into play. Approaches from broadcasting and distribution of correlations to quantum metrology and cryptography are revisited, elucidating in particular the importance of such correlations for quantum information processing. In the third part of the book, the role of quantum correlations in the dynamics of open systems is explored. Sudden-change phenomena, robustness to decoherence and revivals are

among the topics discussed, as well as quantumness indicators in interference and synchronization effects. Finally, the last part of the book revolves around physical realizations and experimental demonstrations. Investigations of quantum correlations in different physical systems like nuclear magnetic resonance, solid-state spin systems, and optical systems are reported.

The whole book samples the diversity of approaches found in the literature along the past years of research and overall constitutes a comprehensive source to guide and inspire both experienced researchers and beginners in the fascinating field of quantum correlations.

Felipe Fernandes Fanchini
Diogo de Oliveira Soares Pinto
Gerardo Adesso
Wojciech H. Zurek

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