Differential Equations and Their Applications

Martin Braun

Differential Equations and Their Applications

(Third Edition) Short Version

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To four beautiful people:

Zelda Lee

Adeena Rachelle, I. Nasanayl, and Shulamit

Preface to the Third Edition

There are two major changes in the Third Edition of *Differential Equations and Their Applications*. First, we have completely rewritten the section on singular solutions of differential equations. A new section, 2.8.1, dealing with Euler equations has been added, and this section is used to motivate a greatly expanded treatment of singular equations in sections 2.8.2 and 2.8.3.

Our second major change is in Section 2.6, where we have switched to the metric system of units. This change was requested by many of our readers.

In addition to the above changes, we have updated the material on population models, and have revised the exercises in this section. Minor editorial changes have also been made throughout the text.

New York City
March, 1983

Martin Braun

Preface to the First Edition

This textbook is a unique blend of the theory of differential equations and their exciting application to “real world” problems. First, and foremost, it is a rigorous study of ordinary differential equations and can be fully understood by anyone who has completed one year of calculus. However, in addition to the traditional applications, it also contains many exciting “real life” problems. These applications are completely self contained. First, the problem to be solved is outlined clearly, and one or more differential equations are derived as a model for this problem. These equations are then solved, and the results are compared with real world data. The following applications are covered in this text.

1. In Section 1.3 we prove that the beautiful painting “Disciples at Emmaus” which was bought by the Rembrandt Society of Belgium for \$170,000 was a modern forgery.

2. In Section 1.5 we derive differential equations which govern the population growth of various species, and compare the results predicted by our models with the known values of the populations.

3. In Section 1.6 we try to determine whether tightly sealed drums filled with concentrated waste material will crack upon impact with the ocean floor. In this section we also describe several tricks for obtaining information about solutions of a differential equation that cannot be solved explicitly.

4. In Section 2.7 we derive a very simple model of the blood glucose regulatory system and obtain a fairly reliable criterion for the diagnosis of diabetes.

5. In Section 4.3 we derive two Lanchestrian combat models, and fit one of these models, with astonishing accuracy, to the battle of Iwo Jima in World War II.

Preface

This textbook also contains the following important, and often unique features.

1. In Section 1.9 we give a complete proof of the existence–uniqueness theorem for solutions of first-order equations. Our proof is based on the method of Picard iterates, and can be fully understood by anyone who has completed one year of calculus.

2. Modesty aside, Section 2.12 contains an absolutely super and unique treatment of the Dirac delta function. We are very proud of this section because it eliminates all the ambiguities which are inherent in the traditional exposition of this topic.

3. All the linear algebra pertinent to the study of systems of equations is presented in Sections 3.1–3.5. One advantage of our approach is that the reader gets a concrete feeling for the very important but extremely abstract properties of linear independence, spanning, and dimension. Indeed, many linear algebra students sit in on our course to find out what's really going on in their course.

I greatly appreciate the help of the following people in the preparation of this manuscript: Eleanor Addison who drew the original figures, and Kate MacDougall, Sandra Spinacci, and Miriam Green who typed portions of this manuscript.

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*New York City
October, 1977*

Martin Braun

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