

Characterization of Porous Solids and Powders: Surface Area, Pore Size and Density

Particle Technology Series

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Characterization of Porous Solids and Powders: Surface Area, Pore Size and Density

by

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Preface

The growth of interest in newly developed porous materials has prompted the writing of this book for those who have the need to make meaningful measurements without the benefit of years of experience. One might consider this new book as the 4th edition of “Powder Surface Area and Porosity” (Lowell & Shields), but for this new edition we set out to incorporate recent developments in the understanding of fluids in many types of porous materials, not just powders. Based on this, we felt that it would be prudent to change the title to “Characterization of Porous Solids and Powders: Surface Area, Porosity and Density”.

This book gives a unique overview of principles associated with the characterization of solids with regard to their surface area, pore size, pore volume and density. It covers methods based on gas adsorption (both physisorption and chemisorption), mercury porosimetry and pycnometry. Not only are the theoretical and experimental basics of these techniques presented in detail but also, in light of the tremendous progress made in recent years in materials science and nanotechnology, the most recent developments are described. In particular, the application of classical theories and methods for pore size analysis are contrasted with the most advanced microscopic theories based on statistical mechanics (e.g. Density Functional Theory and Molecular Simulation).

The characterization of heterogeneous catalysts is more prominent than in earlier editions; the sections on mercury porosimetry and particularly chemisorption have been updated and greatly expanded.

The book will appeal both to students and to scientists in industry who are in need of accurate and comprehensive pore and surface area characterization of their materials, and those who have the need to learn quickly the rudiments of the measurements. This book therefore retains the successful style of the earlier series in that the first half of the book is devoted to theoretical concepts, while the second half presents experimental details, including instrument design factors.

Thanks are due to Robert Swinson for providing much of the new artwork, and to Scott Lowell for his keen-eyed proofreading. Two of us (M.A.T and M.T.) express our sincerest appreciation to our spouses and families for their patient endurance during the preparation of this book.

Boynton Beach, Florida, November 2003.

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