

Appendix A

Basic Notations

In this Appendix, the basic notations for the mathematical operators and astronomical and physical quantities used throughout the book are given. Note that only the most frequently used quantities are mentioned; besides, overlapping symbol definitions and deviations from the basically adopted notations are possible, when appropriate.

Mathematical Quantities and Operators

- $\|\mathbf{x}\|$ is the length (norm) of vector \mathbf{x}
- $\mathbf{x} \cdot \mathbf{y}$ is the scalar product of vectors \mathbf{x} and \mathbf{y}
- $\nabla_{\mathbf{r}}$ is the gradient operator in the direction of vector \mathbf{r}
- $\{f, g\}$ is the Poisson bracket of functions f and g
- $K(m)$ or $K(k)$ (where $m = k^2$) is the complete elliptic integral of the first kind with modulus k
- $E(m)$ or $E(k)$ is the complete elliptic integral of the second kind
- $F(\alpha, m)$ is the incomplete elliptic integral of the first kind
- $E(\alpha, m)$ is the incomplete elliptic integral of the second kind
- Λ_0 is Heuman's Lambda function
- P_i is the Legendre polynomial of degree i
- x_0 is the initial value of a variable x

Coordinates and Frames

- x, y, z are the Cartesian (orthogonal) coordinates
- r, ϕ, α are the spherical coordinates (radial distance, longitude, and latitude)

In the three-body problem:

\mathbf{r}_1 is the position vector of body 1 relative to body 0

\mathbf{r}_2 is the position vector of body 2 relative to the center of mass of the inner binary

Φ is the angle between vectors \mathbf{r}_1 and \mathbf{r}_2

In the many-body problem:

\mathbf{r} and \mathbf{r}_i ($i = 1, \dots, N$) are the primary-centric positions of a particle and N gravitating perturbers (with masses m_i)

\mathbf{r}_{i0} is the position vector of body i relative to body 0

\mathbf{r}_{ij} is the position vector of body i relative to body j

Orbital Elements and Corresponding Quantities

$a, e, i, \omega, \varpi, \Omega, M, l$ are, respectively the semimajor axis, eccentricity, inclination, argument of pericenter, longitude of pericenter, longitude of ascending node, mean anomaly, mean longitude of a massless test particle or a massive test body

$q = a(1 - e)$ is the pericentric distance

$Q = a(1 + e)$ is the apocentric distance

$a_{\text{pert}}, e_{\text{pert}}, i_{\text{pert}}, \omega_{\text{pert}}, \varpi_{\text{pert}}, \Omega_{\text{pert}}, M_{\text{pert}}, l_{\text{pert}}$ are, respectively the semimajor axis, eccentricity, inclination, argument of pericenter, longitude of pericenter, longitude of ascending node, mean anomaly, mean longitude of a perturber's orbit

a_p, e_p are, respectively the semimajor axis and eccentricity of a planetary orbit

a_b, e_b are, respectively the semimajor axis and eccentricity of a binary

a_1, a_2 are the semimajor axes of the inner and outer binaries, respectively

e_1, e_2 are the eccentricities of the inner and outer binaries, respectively

$\alpha = a_1/a_2$ is the ratio of semimajor axes of the inner and outer binaries

e_f is the forced eccentricity

i_E is the inclination to the ecliptic plane

$e_i, \varpi_i, i_i,$ and Ω_i are, respectively, the eccentricity, longitude of pericenter, inclination, and longitude of ascending node of planet i

n is the mean motion of a test body

n_{pert} is the mean motion of a perturber

P_1 is the orbital period of the inner binary

P_2 is the orbital period of the outer binary

τ is the time of the pericenter transit

Dynamical Definitions

n is the number of degrees of freedom

\mathcal{R} is the perturbing function

\mathcal{H} is a Hamiltonian

\mathcal{K} is a normalized Hamiltonian

\mathbf{q} is the vector of canonical coordinates

\mathbf{p} is the vector of conjugate canonical momenta

l, g, h are the Delaunay canonical angles, corresponding to the mean anomaly M , argument of pericenter ω , and longitude of ascending node Ω , respectively

L, G, H are the Delaunay canonical momenta, conjugate to the Delaunay canonical angles

Λ and λ, P and p, Q and q are the pairs of the modified Delaunay variables of the test body

$\omega \equiv \varpi - \Omega$ is the argument of pericenter, the critical angle of the LK-resonance

α is the frequency of the forced (due to a perturbation) precession of ω

T_{LK} is the period of LK-oscillations

ϵ_{oct} is a constant parameter characterizing the role of octupole terms

β_k and δ_k are the planetary angular phases, $k = 1, 2, \dots, 8$

g_k and s_k are the planetary frequencies, $k = 1, 2, \dots, 8$

ν_5 is a secular resonance

ν_6 is a secular resonance

ν_{16} is a secular resonance

Masses and Mass Parameters

m_0 is the mass of the “central” body (the primary, usually the most massive in a system)

m is the mass of a test body (e.g., an asteroid, a planet)

m_{pert} is the mass of a perturber

$\mu = m_1/(m_0 + m_1)$ is the mass parameter of a binary

m_{star} is the mass of the parent star in a system

M_{Sun} is the mass of the Sun

m_{pl} is the mass of a planet

ϵ is the mass of the largest planet in a system in units of the mass of the host star

Other Physical Quantities

\mathcal{G} is the gravitational constant

c is the speed of light

R_p is the mean radius of a planet

R_{Sun} is the radius of the Sun

R_{Earth} is the radius of the Earth

R_{Moon} is the radius of the Moon

R_H is the Hill radius

J_2 is the second zonal harmonic coefficient of a planet

k_2 is the Love number

G is the module of the angular momentum
 H is the angular momentum vector's vertical component
 ϕ is the angle of the pendulum deviation from the vertical
 m is the mass of a pendulum
 l is the length of a pendulum
 φ is the angle of a pendulum, or a resonance phase angle
 p is the momentum of a pendulum
 Ω is the perturbation frequency
 τ is the phase angle of perturbation
 L is the maximum Lyapunov exponent
 $T_L \equiv L^{-1}$ is the Lyapunov time
 ω_0 is the frequency of the pendulum small-amplitude oscillations
 J is the unitless (scaled) angular momentum of the inner orbit
 J_z is the vertical component of the angular momentum
 G_1 and G_2 are the angular momenta of the inner and outer binaries, respectively
 C_J is the Jacobi integral, also called the Jacobi constant

Appendix B

Astronomical Constants and Parameters

The astronomical constants and parameters given in Table B.1 are merely those that are necessary to make numerical estimates throughout the book. The values of astronomical constants are those adopted by the 16th General Assembly of the International Astronomical Union in 1976.

Table B.1 Astronomical constants and parameters

Constant	Value
Speed of light c	$2.997925 \cdot 10^{10}$ cm/s
Gravitational constant \mathcal{G}	$6.672 \cdot 10^{-8}$ g ⁻¹ cm ³ s ⁻²
Solar mass M_{Sun}	$1.989 \cdot 10^{33}$ g
Solar radius R_{Sun}	$6.960 \cdot 10^{10}$ cm
Mass of the Earth M_{Earth}	$5.977 \cdot 10^{27}$ g
Equatorial radius of the Earth R_{Earth}	$6.378140 \cdot 10^8$ cm
Mean radius of the Earth (R_{Earth})	$6.371032 \cdot 10^8$ cm
Mean distance “Earth–Moon” a_{EM}	$3.84401 \cdot 10^{10}$ cm
Mass of Jupiter M_{J}	$1.898 \cdot 10^{30}$ g
Semimajor axis of Jupiter’s orbit	5.20337 AU
Semimajor axis of Neptune’s orbit	30.058 AU
Semimajor axis of Pluto’s orbit	39.46 AU
Astronomical unit (AU)	$1.49600 \cdot 10^{13}$ cm
Parsec	$3.0857 \cdot 10^{18}$ cm = 206265 AU
Ecliptic-to-equator obliquity (epoch 2000)	23° 26′ 21″
Ratio of masses of the Earth and Moon	81.30
Ratio of masses of the Sun and Earth	332958
Oblateness of the Earth ellipsoid $(a - b)/a$	1/298.257

References

- Abramowitz, M., & Stegun, I. A. (1970) *Handbook of Mathematical Functions* (Dover, New York)
- Aksenov, E. P. (1979a) “The doubly averaged, elliptical, restricted, three-body problem.” *Sov. Astron.*, **23**, 236–239
- Aksenov, E. P. (1979b) “Trajectories in the doubly-averaged elliptical restricted three-body problem.” *Sov. Astron.*, **23**, 351–354
- Alexander, T. (2005) “Stellar processes near the massive black hole in the Galactic center.” *Phys. Rep.*, **419**, 65–142
- Antognini, J. M. O. (2015) “Timescales of Kozai–Lidov oscillations at quadrupole and octupole order in the test particle limit.” *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **452**, 3610–3619
- Antonini, F., Murray, N., & Mikkola, S. (2014) “Black hole triple dynamics: a breakdown of the orbit average approximation and implications for gravitational wave detections.” *Astrophys. J.*, **781**, 45 (13pp)
- Albrecht, S., Winn, J. N., Johnson, J. A., Howard, A. W., Marcy, G. W., Butler, R. P., *et al.* (2012) “Obliquities of hot jupiter host stars: evidence for tidal interactions and primordial misalignments.” *Astrophys. J.*, **757**, 18 (25pp)
- Arnold, V. I., Kozlov, V. V., & Neishtadt, A. I. (2002) *Mathematical Aspects of Classical and Celestial Mechanics* (Editorial URSS, Moscow) (in Russian)
- Arnold, V. I., Kozlov, V. V., & Neishtadt, A. I. (2006) *Mathematical Aspects of Classical and Celestial Mechanics*, 3rd Edition (Springer, New York)
- Bailey, M. E., Chambers, J. E., & Hahn, G. (1992) “Origin of sungrazers: a frequent cometary end-state.” *Astron. Astrophys.*, **257**, 315–322
- Batygin, K., Laughlin, G., Meschiari, S., Rivera, E., Vogt, S., & Butler, P. (2009) “A quasi-stationary solution to Gliese 436b’s eccentricity.” *Astrophys. J.*, **699**, 23–30
- Batygin, K., Morbidelli, A., & Tsiganis, K. (2011) “Formation and evolution of planetary systems in presence of highly inclined stellar perturbers.” *Astron. Astrophys.*, **533**, A7 (8pp)
- Belbruno, E. A. (2004) *Capture Dynamics and Chaotic Motions in Celestial Mechanics* (Princeton University Press, Princeton)
- Beletsky, V. V. (1972) *Essays on the Motion of Cosmic Bodies* (Nauka Publishers, Moscow) (in Russian)
- Begelman, M. C., Blandford, R. D., & Rees, M. J. (1980) “Massive black hole binaries in active galactic nuclei.” *Nature*, **287**, 307–309

- Benest, D. (1988a) “Planetary orbits in the elliptic restricted problem I. The α Centauri system.” *Astron. Astrophys.*, **206**, 143–146
- Benest, D. (1988b) “Stable planetary orbits around one component in nearby binary stars.” *Celest. Mech.*, **43**, 47–53
- Benest, D. (1989) “Planetary orbits in the elliptic restricted problem II. The Sirius system.” *Astron. Astrophys.*, **223**, 361–364
- Beust, H., & Dutrey, A. (2006) “Dynamics of the young multiple system GG Tauri. II. Relation between the stellar system and the circumbinary disk.” *Astron. Astrophys.*, **446**, 137–154
- Blaes, O., Lee, M. H., & Socrates, A. (2002) “The Kozai mechanism and the evolution of binary supermassive black holes.” *Astrophys. J.*, **578**, 775–786
- Bodenheimer, P., Hubickyj, O., & Lissauer, J. J. (2000) “Models of the in situ formation of detected extrasolar giant planets.” *Icarus*, **143**, 2–14
- Brasser, R. (2001) “Some properties of a two-body system under the influence of the Galactic tidal field.” *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **324**, 1109–1116
- Brasser, R., Higuchi, A., & Kaib, N. (2010) “Oort cloud formation at various Galactic distances.” *Astron. Astrophys.*, **516**, A72 (12 pp)
- Breiter, S. (2003) “Extended fundamental model of resonance.” *Celest. Mech. Dyn. Astron.*, **85**, 209–218
- Broucke, R. A. (2003) “Long-term third-body effects via double averaging.” *Journal of Guidance, Control, and Dynamics*, **26**, No. 1, 27–32
- Brouwer, D., & Clemence, G. M. (1961) *Methods of Celestial Mechanics* (Academic, New York)
- Brown, E. W. (1936) “The stellar problem of three bodies. III. The motions of the apse and node with applications to the Moon.” *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **97**, 116–126
- Burns, J. A. (1986) “Some background on satellites.” In: *Satellites*, ed. by Burns, J. A., & Matthews, M. S. (Univ. of Arizona Press, Tucson) pp. 1–38
- Carruba, V., Burns, J. A., Nicholson, P. D., & Gladman, B. J. (2002) “On the inclination distribution of the Jovian irregular satellites.” *Icarus*, **158**, 434–449
- Carruba, V., Burns, J. A., Nicholson, P. D., & Gladman, B. J. (2003) Erratum to “On the inclination distribution of the Jovian irregular satellites.” *Icarus*, **162**, 230–231
- Chang, Ph. (2009) “The effectiveness of the Kozai mechanism in the Galactic Centre.” *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **393**, 224–228
- Chenciner, A., & Montgomery, R. (2000) “A remarkable periodic solution of the three-body problem in the case of equal masses.” *Annals of Mathematics – Second Series*, **152**, 881–901
- Chirikov, B. V. (1959) “Resonance processes in magnetic traps.” *Atomnaya Energiya*, **6**, 630–638 (in Russian) [Chirikov, B. V. (1960) “Resonance processes in magnetic traps.” *J. Nucl. Energy, Part C: Plasma Physics*, **1**, 253–260]
- Chirikov, B. V. (1979) “A universal instability of many-dimensional oscillator systems.” *Phys. Rep.*, **52**, 263–379
- Chirikov, B. V. (1982) “Nonlinear resonances and dynamical stochasticity.” *Priroda*, No. 7, 15–25 (in Russian)
- Claret, A. (1995) “Stellar models for a wide range of initial chemical compositions until helium burning. I. From $X = 0.60$ to $X = 0.80$ for $Z = 0.02$.” *Astron. Astrophys. Suppl.*, **109**, 441–446
- Clemence, G. (1947) “The relativity effect in planetary motions.” *Rev. Mod. Phys.*, **19**, 361–364
- Cochran, W. D., Hatzes, A., Butler, R. P., & Marcy, G. W. (1997) “The discovery of a planetary companion to 16 Cygni B.” *Astrophys. J.*, **483**, 457–463
- Colombo, G., & Franklin, F. A. (1971) “On the formation of the outer satellite groups of Jupiter.” *Icarus*, **15**, 186–189
- Correia, A. C. M., Boué, G., Laskar, J., & Morais, M. H. M. (2013) “Tidal damping of the mutual inclination in hierarchical systems.” *Astron. Astrophys.*, **553**, A39 (15pp)
- Danby, J. (1962) *Fundamentals of Celestial Mechanics* (Macmillan, New York)
- Davies, M. B., Adams, F. C., Armitage, P., Chambers, J., Ford, E., Morbidelli, A., Raymond, S. N., & Veras, D. (2014) “The long-term dynamical evolution of planetary systems.” In: *Protostars*

- and Planets VI*, ed. by Beuther, H., Klessen, R. S., Dullemond, C. P., & Henning, T. (University of Arizona Press, Tucson) pp. 787–808
- de la Fuente Marcos, C., & de la Fuente Marcos, R. (2014) “Extreme trans-Neptunian objects and the Kozai mechanism: signalling the presence of trans-Plutonian planets.” *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **443**, L59–L63
- Demidova, T. V., & Shevchenko, I. I. (2015) “Spiral patterns in planetesimal circumbinary disks.” *Astrophys. J.*, **805**, 38 (8pp)
- Deprit, A. (1969) “Canonical transformations depending on a small parameter.” *Celest. Mech.*, **1**, 12–30
- Devaney, R. (1986) *An Introduction to Chaotic Dynamical Systems* (Benjamin/Cummings, Menlo Park)
- Doyle, L. R., Carter, J. A., Fabrycky, D. C., *et al.* (2011) “Kepler-16: a transiting circumbinary planet.” *Science*, **333**, 1602–1606
- Duncan, M. J., Quinn, T., & Tremaine, S. (1987) “The formation and extent of the solar system comet cloud.” *Astron. J.*, **94**, 1330–1338
- Dumusque, X., Pepe, F., Lovis, C., *et al.* (2012) “An Earth-mass planet orbiting α Centauri B.” *Nature*, **491**, 207–211
- Duquennoy, A., & Mayor, M. (1991) “Multiplicity among solar-type stars in the solar neighbourhood. II — Distribution of the orbital elements in an unbiased sample.” *Astron. Astrophys.*, **248**, 485–524
- Eggleton, P. P., & Kiseleva-Eggleton, L. (2001) “Orbital evolution in binary and triple stars, with an application to SS Lacertae.” *Astrophys. J.*, **562**, 1012–1030
- Emelyanov, N. V., & Vashkovyakov, M. A. (2012) “Evolution of orbits and encounters of distant planetary satellites. Study tools and examples.” *Sol. Sys. Res.*, **46**, 423–435
- Fabrycky, D., & Tremaine, S. (2007) “Shrinking binary and planetary orbits by Kozai cycles with tidal friction.” *Astrophys. J.*, **669**, 1298–1315
- Fang, J., & Margot, J.-L. (2012) “The role of Kozai cycles in near-Earth binary asteroids.” *Astron. J.*, **143**, 59 (8pp)
- Farago, F., & Laskar, J. (2010) “High-inclination orbits in the secular quadrupolar three-body problem.” *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **401**, 1189–1198
- Farinella, P., Froeschlé, Ch., & Gonczi, R. (1993) “Meteorites from the asteroid 6 Hebe.” *Celest. Mech.*, **56**, 287–305
- Farinella, P., Froeschlé, Ch., Froeschlé, C., Gonczi, R., Hahn, G., Morbidelli, A., & Valsecchi, G. B. (1994) “Asteroids falling onto the Sun.” *Nature*, **371**, 314–317
- Fernández, J. A. (1997) “The formation of the Oort cloud and the primitive galactic environment.” *Icarus*, **129**, 106–119
- Ferraz-Mello, S. (2007) *Canonical Perturbation Theories. Degenerate Systems and Resonance* (Springer, New York)
- Ferraz-Mello, S., Michtchenko, T., Beaugé, C., & Callegari, N. Jr. (2005) “Extrasolar planetary systems.” In: *Chaos and Stability in Planetary Systems*, ed. by Dvorak, R., Freistetter, F., & Kurths, J. (Lect. Notes Phys., v. 683) (Springer, Heidelberg) pp. 219–271
- Ferrer, S., & Osácar, C. (1994) “Harrington’s Hamiltonian in the stellar problem of three bodies: reductions, relative equilibria and bifurcations.” *Celest. Mech. Dyn. Astron.*, **58**, 245–275
- Ford, E. B., Kozinsky, B., & Rasio, F. A. (2000) “Secular evolution of hierarchical triple star systems.” *Astrophys. J.*, **535**, 385–401
- Fouchard, M., Froeschlé, Ch., Rickman, H., & Valsecchi, G. B. (2011) “The key role of massive stars in Oort cloud comet dynamics.” *Icarus*, **214**, 334–347
- Fragner, M. M., Nelson, R. P., & Kley, W. (2011) “On the dynamics and collisional growth of planetesimals in misaligned binary systems.” *Astron. Astrophys.*, **528**, A40 (21pp)
- Froeschlé, Cl. (1984) “The Lyapunov characteristic exponents — applications to celestial mechanics.” *Celest. Mech.*, **34**, 95–115
- Froeschlé, Ch., & Morbidelli, A. (1994) “The secular resonances in the solar system.” In: *Asteroids, Comets, Meteors 1993*, ed. by Milani, A., di Martino, M., & Cellino, A. (Kluwer, Dordrecht) pp. 189–204

- Froeschlé, Ch., Morbidelli, A., & Scholl, H. (1991) "Complex dynamical behaviour of the asteroid 2335 James associated with the secular resonances ν_5 and ν_{16} : numerical studies and theoretical interpretation." *Astron. Astrophys.*, **249**, 553–562
- Gallardo, T. (2006) "The occurrence of high-order resonances and Kozai mechanism in the scattered disk." *Icarus*, **181**, 205–217
- Gallardo, T., Hugo, G., & Pais, P. (2012) "Survey of Kozai dynamics beyond Neptune." *Icarus*, **220**, 392–403
- Giacaglia, G. E. O. (1968) "Secular motion of resonant asteroids." *Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory, Special Report No. 278*. 70 pp.
- Giacaglia, G. E. O. (1969) "Resonance in the restricted problem of three bodies." *Astron. J.*, **74**, 1254–1261
- Giacaglia, G. E. O. (1972) *Perturbation Methods in Non-Linear Systems* (Springer, New York)
- Gladman, B., Kavelaars, J. J., Holman, M., Nicholson, P. D., Burns, J. A., Hergenrother, C., Petit, J.-M., Marsden, B. G., Jacobson, R., Gray, W., & Grav, T. (2001) "Orbital clustering for twelve newly discovered Saturnian satellites: Evidence for collisional families." *Nature*, **412**, 163–166
- Goldman, B., Marsat, S., Henning, T., Clemens, C., & Greiner, J. (2010) "A new benchmark T8-9 brown dwarf and a couple of new mid-T dwarfs from the UKIDSS DR5+ LAS." *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **405**, 1140–1152
- Goldreich, P. (1966) "History of the Lunar orbit." *Review of Geophysics and Space Physics*, **4**, 411–439
- Goldreich, P., Murray, N., Longaretti, P. Y., & Banfield, D. (1989) "Neptune's story." *Science*, **245**, 500–504
- Gopakumar, A., Bagchi, M., & Ray, A. (2009) "Ruling out Kozai resonance in highly eccentric galactic binary millisecond pulsar PSR J1903+0327." *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **399**, L123–L127
- Gordeeva, Yu. F. (1968) "The time dependence of elements in the long-period oscillations in the restricted three-body problem." *Cosmic Research*, **6**, 450–453
- Gould, A., & Quillen, A. C. (2003) "Sagittarius A* companion S0-2: a probe of very high mass star formation." *Astrophys. J.*, **592**, 935–940
- Greenberg, R., & Van Laerhoven, C. (2012) "Aligned major axes in a planetary system without tidal evolution: The 61 Virginis example." *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **419**, 429–435
- Gronchi, G. F., & Milani, A. (1998) "Averaging on Earth-crossing orbits." *Celest. Mech.*, **71**, 109–136
- Gronchi, G. F., & Milani, A. (1999) "The stable Kozai state for asteroids and comets, with arbitrary semimajor axis and inclination." *Astron. Astrophys.*, **341**, 928–935
- Haghighipour, N., Dvorak, R., & Pilat-Lohinger, E. (2010) "Planetary dynamics and habitable planet formation in binary star systems." In: *Planets in Binary Star Systems*, ed. by Haghighipour, N. (Springer, Dordrecht) pp. 285–327
- Hagihara, Y. (1972) *Celestial Mechanics* Vol. 2, Part 2 (MIT Press, Cambridge)
- Hamilton, D. P., & Burns, J. A. (1992) "Orbital stability zones about asteroids. II. The destabilizing effects of eccentric orbits and of solar radiation." *Icarus*, **96**, 43–64
- Harrington, R. S. (1968) "Dynamical evolution of triple stars." *Astron. J.*, **73**, 190–194
- Harrington, R. S. (1969) "The stellar three-body problem." *Celest. Mech.*, **1**, 200–209
- Hauser, H. M., & Marcy, G. W. (1999) "The orbit of 16 Cygni AB." *Publ. Astron. Soc. Pacific*, **111**, 321–334
- Hayes, W. B. (2007) "Is the outer Solar System chaotic?" *Nature Phys.*, **3**, 689–691
- Hayes, W. B. (2008) "Surfing on the edge: chaos versus near-integrability in the system of Jovian planets." *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **386**, 295–306
- Hayes, W. B., Malykh, A. V., & Danforth, C. M. (2010) "The interplay of chaos between the terrestrial and giant planets." *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **407**, 1859–1865
- Heisler, J., & Tremaine, S. (1986) "The influence of the galactic tidal field on the Oort comet cloud." *Icarus*, **65**, 13–26
- Henrard, J., & Lemaître, A. (1983) "A second fundamental model for resonance." *Celest. Mech.*, **30**, 197–218

- Heppenheimer, T. A., & Porco, C. C. (1977) "New contributions to the problem of capture." *Icarus*, **30**, 385–401
- Heppenheimer, T. A. (1978) "On the formation of planets in binary star systems." *Astron. Astrophys.*, **65**, 421–426
- Higuchi, A., Kokubo, E., Kinoshita, H., & Mukai, T. (2007) "Orbital evolution of planetesimals due to the Galactic tide: formation of the comet cloud." *Astron. J.*, **134**, 1693–1706
- Holman, M. J., & Murray, N. W. (1996) "Chaos in high-order mean motion resonances in the outer asteroid belt." *Astron. J.*, **112**, 1278–1293
- Holman, M., Touma, J., & Tremaine, S. (1997) "Chaotic variations in the eccentricity of the planet orbiting 16 Cygni B." *Nature*, **386**, 254–256
- Hori, G. I. (1966) "General perturbations theory with unspecified canonical variables." *Publ. Astron. Soc. Japan*, **18**, 287–296
- Huang, S.-S. (1960) "Life-supporting regions in the vicinity of binary systems." *Publ. Astron. Soc. Pacific*, **72**, 106–114
- Iben, I., Jr., & Tutukov, A. V. (1984) "Supernovae of type I as end products of the evolution of binaries with components of moderate initial mass ($M \lesssim 9M_{\odot}$)." *Astrophys. J. Suppl.*, **54**, 335–372
- Innanen, K. A., Zheng, J. Q., Mikkola, S., & Valtonen, M. J. (1997) "The Kozai mechanism and the stability of planetary orbits in binary star systems." *Astron. J.*, **113**, 1915–1919
- Ivanov, P. B., & Papaloizou, J. C. B. (2004) "On the tidal interaction of massive extra solar planets on highly eccentric orbits." *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **347**, 437–453
- Ivanov, P. B., & Papaloizou, J. C. B. (2011) "Close encounters of a rotating star with planets in parabolic orbits of varying inclination and the formation of hot Jupiters." *Celest. Mech. Dyn. Astron.*, **111**, 51–82
- Jefferys, W. H., & Moser, J. (1966) "Quasi-periodic solutions for the three-body problem." *Astron. J.*, **71**, 568–578
- Kaib, N. A., Raymond, S. N., & Duncan, M. (2013) "Planetary system disruption by Galactic perturbations to wide binary stars." *Nature*, **493**, 381–384
- Kalas, P., Graham, J. R., & Clampin, M. (2005) "A planetary system as the origin of structure in Fomalhaut's dust belt." *Nature*, **435**, 1067–1070
- Katz, B., Dong, S., & Malhotra, R. (2011) "Long-term cycling of Kozai–Lidov cycles: Extreme eccentricities and inclinations excited by a distant eccentric perturber." *Phys. Rev. Lett.*, **107**, 181101 (5pp)
- Kholshchevnikov, K. V. (1985) *Asymptotic methods of celestial mechanics* (Leningrad State Univ., Leningrad) (in Russian)
- Kholshchevnikov, K. V. (1997) "D'Alembertian functions in celestial mechanics." *Astron. Rep.*, **41**, 135–142
- Kholshchevnikov, K. V. (2001) "The Hamiltonian in the planetary or satellite problem as a D'Alembertian function." *Astron. Rep.*, **41**, 135–142, **45**, 577–579
- Kinoshita, H., & Nakai, H. (1999) "Analytical solution of the Kozai resonance and its application." *Celest. Mech. Dyn. Astron.*, **75**, 125–147
- Kinoshita, H., & Nakai, H. (2007) "General solution of the Kozai mechanism." *Celest. Mech. Dyn. Astron.*, **98**, 67–74
- Kirkwood, D. (1867) *Meteoritic Astronomy* (Lippincott, Philadelphia)
- Kiseleva, L. G., Eggleton, P. P., & Mikkola, S. (1998) "Tidal friction in triple stars." *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **300**, 292–392
- Knežević, Z., & Milani, A. (1994) "Asteroid proper elements: the big picture." In: *Asteroids, Comets, Meteors 1993*, ed. by Milani, A., di Martino, M., & Cellino, A. (Kluwer, Dordrecht) pp. 143–158
- Kolomensky, A. A., & Lebedev, A. N. (1966) *Theory of Cyclic Accelerators* (Wiley, New York)
- Kozai, Y. (1962) "Secular perturbations of asteroids with high inclination and eccentricity." *Astron. J.*, **67**, 591–598
- Kozai, Y. (1979) "Secular perturbations of asteroids and comets." In: *Dynamics of the Solar System*, ed. by Duncombe, R. L. (Reidel, Dordrecht) pp. 231–237

- Kozai, Y. (1980) "Asteroids with large secular orbital variations." *Icarus*, **41**, 89–95
- Kozai, Y. (1985) "Secular perturbations of resonant asteroids." *Celest. Mech.*, **36**, 47–69
- Kozai, Y. (2012) "Kozai mechanism." In: *Asteroids, Comets, Meteors 2012*, Proceedings of the conference held May 16–20, 2012 in Niigata, Japan. LPI Contribution No. 1667, id. 6195
- Krasinsky, G. A. (1972) "Critical inclinations in planetary problems." *Celest. Mech.*, **6**, 60–83
- Krasinsky, G. A. (1974) "Stationary solutions of the averaged three-body problem and some problems of planet motion stability." In: *The Stability of the Solar System and of Small Stellar Systems* (IAU Symp. No. 62), ed. by Kozai, Y. (Springer, Berlin) pp. 95–116
- Kreutz, H. C. F. (1888) "Untersuchungen über das cometensystem 1843 I, 1880 I und 1882 II." (Druck von C. Schaidt, Kiel)
- Krymowski, Y., & Mazeh, T. (1999) "Studies of multiple stellar systems – II. Second-order averaged Hamiltonian to follow long-term orbital modulations of hierarchical triple systems." *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **304**, 720–732
- Kushnir, D., Katz, B., Dong, S., Livne, E., & Fernández, R. (2013) "Head-on collisions of white dwarfs in triple systems could explain Type Ia supernova." *Astrophys. J.*, **778**, L37 (6pp)
- Kuzuhara, M., Tamura, M., Ishii, M., Kudo, T., Nishiyama, S., & Kandori, R. (2011) "The widest-separation substellar companion candidate to a binary T Tauri star." *Astron. J.*, **141**, 119 (10pp)
- Laplace, P. S. (1805) *Mécanique Céleste*, V. 4 (Courcier, Paris)
- Laskar, J. (1989) "A numerical experiment on the chaotic behaviour of the Solar system." *Nature*, **338**, 237–238
- Laskar, J. (1990) "The chaotic motion of the solar system: a numerical estimate of the size of the chaotic zones." *Icarus*, **88**, 266–291
- Laskar, J. (1994) "Large-scale chaos in the solar system." *Astron. Astrophys.*, **287**, L9–L12
- Lawler, S. M., & Gladman, B. (2013) "Plutino detection biases, including the Kozai resonance." *Astronomical Journal*, **146**, 6 (13pp)
- Lee, M. H., & Peale, S. (2003) "Secular evolution of hierarchical planetary systems." *Astrophys. J.*, **592**, 1201–1216 [Erratum: (2003) *Astrophys. J.*, **597**, 644 (1p)]
- Leigh, N., Knigge, Ch., Sills, A., Perets, H. B., Sarejedini, A., & Glebbeek, E. (2013) "The origins of blue stragglers and binarity in globular clusters." *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **428**, 897–905
- Lemaître, A. (1984) "High-order resonances in the restricted three-body problem." *Celest. Mech. Dyn. Astron.*, **32**, 109–126
- Li, G., Naoz, S., Kocsis, B., & Loeb, A. (2014a) "Eccentricity growth and orbit flip in near-coplanar hierarchical three-body systems." *Astrophys. J.*, **785**, 116 (8pp)
- Li, G., Naoz, S., Holman, M., & Loeb, A. (2014b) "Chaos in the test particle eccentric Kozai–Lidov mechanism." *Astrophys. J.*, **791**, 86 (10pp) [Erratum: (2015) *Astrophys. J.*, **802**, 71 (1p)]
- Li, G., Naoz, S., Kocsis, B., & Loeb, A. (2015) "Implications of the eccentric Kozai–Lidov mechanism for stars surrounding supermassive black hole binaries." *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **451**, 1341–1349
- Libert, A.-S., & Henrard, J. (2007) "Exoplanetary systems: The role of an equilibrium at high mutual inclination in shaping the global behavior of the 3-D secular planetary three-body problem." *Icarus*, **191**, 469–485
- Lichtenberg, A. J., & Leiberman, M. A. (1992) *Regular and Chaotic Dynamics*. 2nd edition (Springer-Verlag, New York)
- Lidov, M. L. (1961) "Evolution of artificial planetary satellites under the action of gravitational perturbations due to external bodies." *Iskusstviennye Sputniki Zemli (Artificial Satellites of the Earth)*, **8**, 5–45 (in Russian)
- Lidov, M. L. (1962) "The evolution of orbits of artificial satellites of planets under the action of gravitational perturbations of external bodies." *Planet. Space Sci.*, **9**, 719–759 (An English translation of Lidov's (1961) article.)
- Lidov, M. L. (1963a) "Evolution of the orbits of artificial satellites of planets as affected by gravitational perturbation from external bodies." *AIAA Journal*, **1**, 1985–2002 (An English translation of Lidov's (1961) article.)
- Lidov, M. L. (1963b) "On the approximate analysis of the evolution of orbits of artificial satellites." In: *Problems of the Motion of Artificial Celestial Bodies*. (Reports at the Conference on general

- and applied problems of theoretical astronomy. Moscow, November 20–25, 1961.) (Publishers of the USSR Academy of Sciences, Moscow) pp. 119–134 (in Russian) [Available at NASA ADS: 1963pmac.book..119L, including incomplete English translation.]
- Lidov, M. L. (1963c) “On the approximated analysis of the orbit evolution of artificial satellites.” In: *Dynamics of Satellites* (IUTAM Symp.), ed. by Roy, M. (Springer, Berlin) pp. 168–179
- Lidov, M. L. (2010) *A Course of Lectures on Theoretical Mechanics* 2nd edition (FIZMATLIT, Moscow) (in Russian)
- Lidov, M. L., & Ziglin, S. L. (1974) “The analysis of the restricted circular twice-averaged three body problem in the case of close orbit.” *Celest. Mech.*, **9**, 151–173
- Lidov, M. L., & Ziglin, S. L. (1976) “Non-restricted double-averaged three body problem in Hill’s case.” *Celest. Mech.*, **13**, 471–481
- Lithwick, Y., & Naoz, S. (2011) “The eccentric Kozai mechanism for a test particle.” *Astrophys. J.*, **742**, 94 (8pp)
- Löckmann, U., Baumgardt, H., & Kroupa, P. (2008) “Origin of the S stars in the Galactic center.” *Astrophys. J.*, **683**, L151–L154
- Lovis, C., Ségransan, D., Mayor, M., Udry, S., Benz, W., Bertaux, J.-L., Bouchy, F., Correia, A. C. M., Laskar, J., Lo Curto, G., Mordasini, C., Pepe, F., Queloz, D., & Santos, N. C. (2011) “The HARPS search for southern extra-solar planets. XXVIII. Up to seven planets orbiting HD 10180: probing the architecture of low-mass planetary systems.” *Astron. Astrophys.*, **528**, A112 (16pp)
- Lu, J. R., Ghez, A. M., Hornstein, S. D., Morris, M., Matthews, K., Thompson D. J., & Becklin E. E. (2006) “Galactic center youth: orbits and origins of the young stars in the central parsec.” *Journal of Physics Conference Series*, **54**, 279–287
- Luhman, K. L., Burgasser, A. J., Labbé, I., Saumon, D., Marley, M. S., Bochanski, J. J., Monson, A. J., & Persson, S. E. (2012) “Confirmation of one of the coldest known brown dwarfs.” *Astrophys. J.*, **744**, 135 (8pp)
- Malhotra, R. (1998) “Orbital resonances and chaos in the Solar system.” In: *Solar System Formation and Evolution* (ASP Conf. Ser. 149), ed. by Lazzaro, D., Vieira Martins, R., Ferraz-Mello, S., Fernández, J., & Beugé, C. (Astron. Soc. of the Pacific, San Francisco) pp. 37–63
- Malhotra, R., & Williams, J. G. (1997) “Pluto’s heliocentric orbit.” In: *Pluto and Charon*, ed. by Stern, S. A., & Tholen, D. (Univ. of Arizona Press, Tucson) pp. 127–157
- Malhotra, R. (2012) “Orbital resonances in planetary systems.” In: *Encyclopedia of Life Support Systems by UNESCO*. Volume 6.119.55 *Celestial Mechanics*. 31 pp.
- Malmberg, D., Davies, M. B., & Chambers, J. E. (2007) “The instability of planetary systems in binaries: how the Kozai mechanism leads to strong planet-planet interactions.” *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **377**, L1–L4
- Marchal, C. (1990) *The Three-Body Problem* (Elsevier, Amsterdam)
- Mardling, R. A., & Aarseth, S. J. (2001) “Tidal interactions in star cluster simulations.” *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **321**, 398–420
- Markeev, A. P. (1990) *Theoretical Mechanics* (Nauka Publishers, Moscow) (in Russian)
- Marzari, F., & Barbieri, M. (2007) “Planet dispersal in binary systems during transient multiple star phases.” *Astron. Astrophys.*, **472**, 643–647
- Matese, J. J., & Lissauer, J. J. (2002) “Characteristics and frequency of weak stellar impulses of the Oort cloud.” *Icarus*, **157**, 228–240
- Matese, J. J., & Whitman, P. G. (1989) “The galactic disk tidal field and the nonrandom distribution of observed Oort cloud comets.” *Icarus*, **82**, 389–401
- Matese, J. J., & Whitman, P. G. (1992) “A model of the Galactic tidal interaction with the Oort comet cloud.” *Celest. Mech. Dyn. Astron.*, **54**, 13–35
- Mathieu, R. D., Ghez, A. M., Jensen, E. L. N., & Simon, M. (2000) “Young binary stars and associated disks.” In: *Protostars and Planets IV* (Univ. Arizona Press, Tucson) pp. 703–730
- Mayor, M., & Queloz, D. (1995) “A Jupiter-mass companion to a solar-type star.” *Nature*, **378**, 355–359
- Mazeh, T., & Shaham, J. (1979) “The orbital evolution of close triple systems — the binary eccentricity.” *Astron. Astrophys.*, **77**, 145–151

- Mazeh, T., Goldberg, D., Duquennoy, A., & Mayor, M. (1992) "On the mass-ratio distribution of spectroscopic binaries with solar-type primaries." *Astrophys. J.*, **401**, 265–268
- Mazeh, T., Krymolowski, Y., & Rosenfeld, G. (1997) "The high eccentricity of the planet orbiting 16 Cygni B." *Astrophys. J.*, **477**, L103–L106
- McCrea, W. H. (1964) "Extended main-sequence of some stellar clusters." *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **128**, 147–155
- McMillan, S., Hut, P., & Makino, J. (1991) "Star cluster evolution with primordial binaries. II – Detailed analysis." *Astrophys. J.*, **372**, 111–124
- Meiss, J.D. (1992) "Symplectic maps, variational principles, and transport." *Rev. Mod. Phys.*, **64**, 795–848
- Melnikov, A. V. (2016) "On the chaotic orbital dynamics of the planet in the system 16 Cyg." *Astron. Lett.*, **42**, 115–125
- Meschiari, S. (2012a) "Circumbinary planet formation in the Kepler-16 system. I. N-body simulations." *Astrophys. J.*, **752**, 71 (6pp)
- Meschiari, S. (2012b) "Planet formation in circumbinary configurations: Turbulence inhibits planetesimal accretion." *Astrophys. J.*, **761**, L7 (5pp)
- Meschiari, S. (2014) "Circumbinary planet formation in the Kepler-16 system. II. A toy model for in-situ planet formation within a debris belt." *Astrophys. J.*, **790**, 41 (14pp)
- Michaely, E., Perets, H. B., & Grishin, E. (2015) "On the existence of regular and irregular outer moons orbiting the Pluto–Charon system." ArXiv: 1506.08818 [astro-ph.EP] (20pp)
- Michel, P., & Thomas, F. (1996) "The Kozai resonance for near-Earth asteroids with semimajor axes smaller than 2 AU." *Astron. Astrophys.*, **307**, 310–318
- Milani, A., & Knežević, Z. (1990) "Secular perturbation theory and computation of asteroid proper elements." *Celest. Mech.*, **49**, 347–411
- Miller, M. C., & Hamilton, D. P. (2002a) "Four-body effects in globular cluster black hole coalescence." *Astrophys. J.*, **576**, 894–898
- Miller, M. C., & Hamilton, D. P. (2002b) "Production of intermediate-mass black holes in globular clusters." *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **330**, 232–240
- Moiseev, N. D. (1945a) "On some basic simplified schemes of celestial mechanics obtained by means of averaging the restricted circular three-body problem. Part 1." Publications of the Sternberg State Astronomical Institute (Moscow State Univ.), **15**, issue 1, pp. 75–99 (in Russian, the issue was typeset in 1941)
- Moiseev, N. D. (1945b) "On some basic simplified schemes of celestial mechanics obtained by means of averaging the restricted circular three-body problem. Part 2." Publications of the Sternberg State Astronomical Institute (Moscow State Univ.), **15**, issue 1, pp. 100–117 (in Russian, the issue was typeset in 1941)
- Moons, M., & Morbidelli, A. (1995) "Secular resonances inside mean-motion commensurabilities: the 4/1, 3/1, 5/2 and 7/3 cases." *Icarus*, **114**, 33–50
- Moons, M., Morbidelli, A., & Migliorini, F. (1998) "Dynamical structure of the 2/1 commensurability and the origin of the resonant asteroids." *Icarus*, **135**, 458–468
- Morbidelli, A. (1993) "Asteroid secular resonant proper elements." *Icarus*, **105**, 48–66
- Morbidelli, A. (2002) *Modern Celestial Mechanics* (Taylor and Francis, London)
- Morbidelli, A., & Henrard J. (1991a) "Secular resonances in the asteroid belt: theoretical perturbation approach and the problem of their location." *Celest. Mech.*, **51**, 131–167
- Morbidelli, A., & Henrard J. (1991b) "The main secular resonances ν_6 , ν_5 and ν_{16} in the asteroid belt." *Celest. Mech.*, **51**, 169–197
- Moriwaki, K., & Nakagawa, Y. (2004) "A planetesimal accretion zone in a circumbinary disk." *Astrophys. J.*, **609**, 1065–1070
- Murray, C. D., & Dermott, S. F. (1999) *Solar System Dynamics* (Cambridge Univ. Press, Cambridge)
- Murray, N. W., & Holman, M. J. (1997) "Diffusive chaos in the outer asteroid belt." *Astron. J.*, **114**, 1246–1259
- Murray, N., & Holman, M. (1999) "The origin of chaos in the outer Solar system." *Science*, **283**, 1877–1881

- Nagasawa, M., Ida, S., & Bessho, T. (2008) "Formation of hot planets by a combination of planet scattering, tidal circularization, and the Kozai mechanism." *Astrophys. J.*, **678**, 498–508
- Nakai, H., & Kinoshita, H. (1985) "Secular perturbations of asteroids in secular resonances." *Celest. Mech.*, **36**, 391–407
- Naoz, S., Farr, W. M., & Rasio, F. A. (2012) "On the formation of hot Jupiters in stellar binaries." *Astrophys. J.*, **754**, L36 (6pp)
- Naoz, S., Perets, H. B., & Ragozzine, D. (2010) "The observed orbital properties of binary minor planets." *Astrophys. J.*, **719**, 1775–1783
- Naoz, S., Farr, W. M., Lithwick, Y., Rasio, F. A., & Teyssandier, J. (2011) "Hot Jupiters from secular planet-planet interactions." *Nature*, **473**, 187–189
- Naoz, S., Farr, W. M., Lithwick, Y., Rasio, F. A., & Teyssandier, J. (2013a) "Secular dynamics in hierarchical three-body systems." *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **431**, 2155–2171
- Naoz, S., Kocsis, B., Loeb, A., & Yunes, N. (2013b) "Resonant post-newtonian eccentricity excitation in hierarchical three-body systems." *Astrophys. J.*, **773**, 187 (16pp)
- Naoz, S., & Silk, J. (2014) "Formation of dark matter tori around supermassive black holes via the eccentric Kozai–Lidov mechanism." *Astrophys. J.*, **795**, 102 (11pp)
- Nesvorný, D., Roig, F., & Ferraz-Mello, S. (2000) "Close approaches of trans-Neptunian objects to Pluto have left observable signatures on their orbital distribution." *Astron. J.*, **119**, 953–969
- Nesvorný, D., Alvarillos, J. L. A., Dones, L., & Levison, H. F. (2003) "Orbital and collisional evolution of the irregular satellites." *Astron. J.*, **126**, 398–429
- Oort, J. H. (1950) "The structure of the cloud of comets surrounding the Solar System and a hypothesis concerning its origin." *Bull. Astron. Inst. Neth.*, **11**, 91–110
- Orosz, J. A., Welsh, W. F., Carter, J. A., Fabrycky, D. C., Cochran, W. D., *et al.* (2012) "Kepler-47: a transiting circumbinary multiplanet system." *Science*, **337**, 1511–1514
- Paardekooper, S.-J., Leinhardt, Z. M., Thébault, T., & Baruteau, C. (2012) "How not to build Tatooine: the difficulty of in situ formation of circumbinary planets Kepler 16b, Kepler 34b, and Kepler 35b." *Astrophys. J.*, **754**, L16 (5pp)
- Paumard, T., Genzel, R., Martins, F., Nayakshin, S., Beloborodov, A. M., Levin, Y., Trippe, S., Eisenhauer, F., Ott, T., Gillessen, S., Abuter, R., Cuadra, J., Alexander, T., & Sternberg, A. (2006) "The two young star disks in the central parsec of the Galaxy: properties, dynamics, and formation." *Astrophys. J.*, **643**, 1011–1035
- Perets, H. B., & Fabrycky, D. C. (2009) "On the triple origin of blue stragglers." *Astrophys. J.*, **697**, 1048–1056
- Perets, H. B., & Naoz, S. (2009) "Kozai cycles, tidal friction, and the dynamical evolution of binary minor planets." *Astrophys. J.*, **699**, L17–L21
- Pinsonneault, M. H., & Stanek, K. Z. (2006) "Binaries like to be twins: implications for doubly degenerate binaries, the type Ia Supernova rate, and other interacting binaries." *Astrophys. J.*, **639**, L67–L70
- Poincaré, H. (1899) *Les Méthodes Nouvelles de la Mécanique Céleste III* (Gauthier-Villars, Paris)
- Poincaré, H. (1905) *Leçons de Mécanique Céleste* (Gauthier-Villars, Paris)
- Pollack, J. B., Burns, J. A., & Tauber, M. E. (1979) "Gas drag in primordial circumplanetary envelopes: A mechanism for satellite capture." *Icarus*, **37**, 587–611
- Pollack, J. B., Lunine, J. I., & Tittlemore, W. C. (1991) "Origin of the Uranian satellites." In: *Uranus*, ed. by Bergstrahl, J. T., Miner, E. D., & Matthews, M. S. (Univ. Arizona Press, Tucson) pp. 469–512
- Prodan, S., Murray, N., & Thompson, T. A. (2013) "On WD–WD mergers in triple systems: the role of Kozai resonance with tidal friction." *ArXiv: 1305.2191 [astro-ph.SR]* (8pp)
- Prokhorenko, V. I. (2002a) "Investigation of periods of evolution for elliptical orbits in the double-averaged Hill problem." *Cosmic Research*, **40**, 48–54
- Prokhorenko, V. I. (2002b) "Investigation of the time of ballistic existence for elliptical orbits evolving under the influence of gravitational perturbations of external bodies" *Cosmic Research*, **40**, 264–273
- Prokhorenko, V. I. (2015) "On the application of qualitative methods of perturbation theory in solving practical problems of selection and correction of the orbits of the satellites of the planets

- given the secular and long-period components of the evolution under the influence of external gravitational perturbations." In: *Space Ballistics — from its Origin to the Future*. (Institute of Space Research, Russian Academy of Sciences, Moscow) pp. 130–161 (in Russian)
- Quinn, T., Tremaine, S., & Duncan, M. (1990) "Planetary perturbations and the origin of short-period comets." *Astrophys. J.*, **355**, 667–679
- Raghavan, D., McAlister, H. A., Henry, T. J., *et al.* (2010) "A survey of stellar families: multiplicity of Solar-type stars." *Astrophys. J. Suppl.*, **190**, 1–42
- Ragozzine, D., & Wolf, A. S. (2009) "Probing the interiors of very hot Jupiters using transit light curves." *Astrophys. J.*, **698**, 1778–1794
- Raushenbakh, B. V., & Ovchinnikov, M. Yu. (1997) *Lectures on Dynamics of Spaceflight* (Moscow Physics–Technical Institute, Moscow) (in Russian)
- Riddle, R. L., Tokovinin, A., Mason, B. D., *et al.* (2015) "A survey of the high order multiplicity of nearby Solar-type binary stars with Robo-AO." *Astrophys. J.*, **799**, 4 (21pp)
- Rein, H. (2012) "Period ratios in multiplanetary systems discovered by Kepler are consistent with planet migration." *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **427**, L21–L24
- Roy, A. E. (1988) *Orbital Motion* (Adam Hilger, Bristol)
- Saha, P., & Tremaine, S. (1993) "The orbits of the retrograde jovian satellites." *Icarus*, **106**, 549–562
- Sahu, K. C., Casertano, S., Bond, H. E., *et al.* (2006) "Transiting extrasolar planetary candidates in the Galactic bulge." *Nature*, **443**, 534–540
- Sandage, A. R. (1953) "The color-magnitude diagram for the globular cluster M 3." *Astron. J.*, **58**, 61–75
- Seto, N. (2013) "Highly eccentric Kozai mechanism and gravitational-wave observation for neutron-star binaries." *Phys. Rev. Lett.*, **111**, 061106 (5pp)
- Shappee, B. J., & Thompson, T. A. (2013) "The mass-loss-induced eccentric Kozai mechanism: a new channel for the production of close compact object–stellar binaries." *Astrophys. J.*, **766**, 64 (12pp)
- Shevchenko, I. I. (2000) "Geometry of a chaotic layer." *J. Exp. Theor. Phys.*, **91**, 615–625
- Shevchenko, I. I. (2002) "On the maximum Lyapunov exponents of the chaotic rotation of natural planetary satellites." *Cosmic Research*, **40**, 296
- Shevchenko, I. I. (2007) "On the Lyapunov exponents of the asteroidal motion subject to resonances and encounters." In: *Near Earth Objects, our Celestial Neighbors: Opportunity and Risk* (Proc. IAU Symp. 236), ed. by Milani, A., Valsecchi, G. B., & Vokrouhlický, D. (Cambridge Univ. Press, Cambridge) pp. 15–29
- Shevchenko, I. I. (2011a) "Lyapunov and diffusion timescales in the solar neighborhood." *Astrophys. J.*, **733**, 39 (8pp)
- Shevchenko, I. I. (2011b) "The Kepler map in the three-body problem." *New Astronomy*, **16**, 94–99
- Shevchenko, I. I. (2014) "Lyapunov exponents in resonance multiplets." *Phys. Lett. A*, **378**, 34–42
- Shevchenko, I. I. (2015) "Chaotic zones around gravitating binaries." *Astrophys. J.*, **799**, 8 (7pp)
- Shinkin, V. N. (1995) "The integrable cases of the general spatial three-body problem at third-order resonance." *Celest. Mech. Dyn. Astron.*, **62**, 323–334
- Söderhjelm, S. (1984) "Third-order and tidal effects in the stellar three-body problem." *Astron. Astrophys.*, **141**, 232–240
- Soter, S. (2006) "What is a planet?" *Astron. J.*, **132**, 2513–2519
- Stern, S. A., & Levison, H. F. (2002) "Regarding the criteria for planethood and proposed planetary classification schemes." *Highlights of Astronomy*, **12**, 205–213
- Sterne, T. E. (1939) "Apsidal motion in binary stars." *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **99**, 451–462
- Steffen, J. H., *et al.* (2012) "Kepler constraints on planets near hot Jupiters." *Proceedings of the National Academy of Science*, **109**, 7982–7987
- Stevenson, D. J., Harris, A. W., & Lunine, J. I. (1986) "Origins of satellites." In: *Satellites*, ed. by Burns, J. A., & Matthews, M. S. (Univ. Arizona Press, Tucson) 39–88
- Subbotin, M. F. (1968) *An Introduction to Theoretical Astronomy* (Nauka Publishers, Moscow) (in Russian)

- Šubr, L., & Karas, V. (2005) "On highly eccentric stellar trajectories interacting with a self-gravitating disc in Sgr A*." *Astron. Astrophys.*, **433**, 405–413
- Šubr, L., Karas, V., & Huré, J.-M. (2004) "Star-disc interactions in a galactic centre and oblateness of the inner stellar cluster." *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **354**, 1177–1188
- Sussman, G.J., & Wisdom, J. (1988) "Numerical evidence that Pluto is chaotic." *Science*, **241**, 433–437
- Sussman, G. J., & Wisdom, J. (1992) "Chaotic evolution of the solar system." *Science*, **257**, 56–62
- Šuvakov, M., & Dmitrašinović, V. (2013) "Three classes of Newtonian three-body planar periodic orbits." *Phys. Rev. Lett.*, **110**, 114301 (4pp)
- Szebehely, V. (1967) *The Theory of Orbits* (Academic Press, New York)
- Takeda, G., & Rasio, F. A. (2005) "High orbital eccentricities of extrasolar planets induced by the Kozai mechanism." *Astrophys. J.*, **627**, 1001–1010
- Tamayo, D., Burns, J. A., Hamilton, D. P., & Nicholson, P. D. (2013) "Dynamical instabilities in high-obliquity systems." *Astron. J.*, **145**, 54 (12pp)
- Thébault, P., Marzari, F., Scholl, H. (2006) "Relative velocities among accreting planetesimals in binary systems: The circumprimary case." *Icarus*, **183**, 193–206
- Thomas, F. (1998) "La dynamique résonnante dans le système solaire. Application au mouvement des objets transneptuniens." Ph. D. thesis (Obs. de Paris, Paris)
- Thomas, F., & Morbidelli, A. (1996) "The Kozai resonance in the outer solar system and the dynamics of long-period comets." *Celest. Mech. Dyn. Astron.*, **64**, 209–229
- Thompson, T. A. (2011) "Accelerating compact object mergers in triple systems with the Kozai resonance: a mechanism for "prompt" type Ia supernovae, gamma-ray bursts, and other exotica." *Astrophys. J.*, **741**, 82 (14pp)
- Tisserand, F.-F. (1896) *Traité de Mécanique Céleste IV* (Gauthier-Villars, Paris)
- Tokovinin, A. A. (1997) "On the multiplicity of spectroscopic binary stars." *Astron. Lett.*, **23**, 727–730
- Tokovinin, A. (2014) "From binaries to multiples. II. Hierarchical multiplicity of F and G dwarfs." *Astron. J.*, **147**, 87 (14pp)
- Tokovinin, A., Thomas, S., Sterzik, M., & Udry, S. (2006) "Tertiary companions to close spectroscopic binaries." *Astron. Astrophys.*, **450**, 681–693
- Tremaine, S., Touma, J., & Namouni, F. (2009) "Satellite dynamics on the Laplace surface." *Astron. J.*, **137**, 3706–3717
- Trujillo, C. A., & Sheppard, S. S. (2014) "A Sedna-like body with a perihelion of 80 astronomical units." *Nature*, **507**, 471–474
- Van Laerhoven, C., & Greenberg, R. (2012) "Characterizing multi-planet systems with classical secular theory." *Celest. Mech. Dyn. Astron.*, **113**, 215–234
- Vashkovyak, M. A. (1981a) "Evolution of orbits in the restricted circular twice-averaged three-body problem. I — Qualitative investigations." *Cosmic Research*, **19**, 1–10
- Vashkovyak, M. A. (1981b) "Evolution of orbits of asteroids not belonging to the main belt." *Cosmic Research*, **19**, 357–365
- Vashkovyak, M. A. (1982) "Evolution of orbits in the two-dimensional restricted elliptic twice-averaged three-body problem." *Cosmic Research*, **20**, 236–244
- Vashkovyak, M. A. (1984) "Integrable cases of the restricted twice-averaged three-body problem." *Cosmic Research*, **22**, 260–267
- Vashkovyak, M. A. (1986) "An investigation of the evolution of some asteroid orbits." *Cosmic Research*, **23**, 255–267
- Vashkovyak, M. A. (1999) "Evolution of the orbits of distant satellites of Uranus." *Astron. Lett.*, **25**, 476–481
- Vashkovyak, M. A. (2001) "Orbital evolution of Saturn's new outer satellites and their classification." *Astron. Lett.*, **27**, 455–463
- Vashkovyak, M. A. (2003) "Orbital evolution of new distant Neptunian satellites and ω -librators in the satellite systems of Saturn and Jupiter." *Astron. Lett.*, **29**, 695–703
- Vashkovyak, M. A. (2005) "Particular solutions of the singly averaged Hill problem." *Astron. Lett.*, **31**, 487–493

- Vashkovyak, M. A., & Teslenko, N. M. (2008a) "Evolution characteristics of Jupiter's outer satellites." *Sol. Sys. Res.*, **42**, 281–295 [Erratum: *Sol. Sys. Res.*, **43**, 463]
- Vashkovyak, M. A., & Teslenko, N. M. (2008b) "Evolutionary characteristics of the orbits of outer Saturnian, Uranian, and Neptunian satellites." *Solar Sys. Res.*, **42**, 488–504 [Erratum: *Sol. Sys. Res.*, **43**, 464]
- Veras, D., & Evans, N. W. (2013) "Exoplanets beyond the Solar neighbourhood: Galactic tidal perturbations." *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **430**, 403–415
- Veras, D., Crepp, J. R., & Ford, E. B. (2009) "Formation, survival, and detectability of planets beyond 100 AU." *Astrophys. J.*, **696**, 1600–1611
- von Zeipel, H. (1916) "Recherches sur le mouvement des petites planètes." *Ark. för Mat., Astr. och Fys.*, **B. II**, H. 1, 1–58
- Wan, X.-S., & Huang, T.-Y. (2007) "An exploration of the Kozai resonance in the Kuiper Belt." *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*, **377**, 133–141
- Webbink, R. F. (1984) "Double white dwarfs as progenitors of R Coronae Borealis stars and Type I supernovae." *Astrophys. J.*, **277**, 355–360
- Welsh, W. F., Orosz, J. A., Carter, J. A., Fabrycky, D. C., Ford, E. B., *et al.* (2012) "Transiting circumbinary planets Kepler-34b and Kepler-35b." *Nature*, **481**, 475–479
- Wen, L. (2003) "On the eccentricity distribution of coalescing black hole binaries driven by the Kozai mechanism in globular clusters." *Astrophys. J.*, **598**, 419–430
- Whitmire, D., Matese, J., Criswell, L., & Mikkola, S. (1998) "Habitable planet formation in binary star systems." *Icarus*, **132**, 196–203
- Williams, J. G. (1969) "Secular perturbations in the solar system." Ph.D. thesis (Univ. of California, Los Angeles)
- Williams, J. G., & Benson, G. S. (1971) "Resonances in the Neptune–Pluto system." *Astron. J.*, **76**, 167–177
- Williams, J. G., & Faulkner, J. (1981) "The positions of secular resonance surfaces." *Icarus*, **46**, 390–399
- Winn, J. N., Fabrycky, D., Albrecht, S., & Johnson, J. A. (2010) "Hot stars with hot Jupiters have high obliquities." *Astrophys. J.*, **718**, L145–L149
- Winn, J. N., Johnson, J. A., Albrecht, S., Howard, A. W., Marcy, G. W., Crossfield, I. J., *et al.* (2009) "HAT-P-7: a retrograde or polar orbit, and a third body." *Astrophys. J.*, **703**, L99–L103
- Wright, J. T., Fakhouri, O., Marcy, G. W., Han, E., Feng, Y., Johnson, J. A., Howard, A. W., Fischer, D. A., Valenti, J. A., Anderson, J., & Piskunov, N. (2011) "The exoplanet orbit database." *Publ. Astron. Soc. Pacific*, **123**, 412–422
- Wu, Y., & Murray, N. (2003) "Planet migration and binary companions: The case of HD 80606b." *Astrophys. J.*, **589**, 605–614
- Wu, Y., Murray, N. W., & Ramsahai, J. M. (2007) "Hot Jupiters in binary star systems." *Astrophys. J.*, **670**, 820–825
- Xie, J.-W., Payne, M. J., Thébault, P., Zhou, J.-L., & Ge, J. (2011) "Planet formation in highly inclined binary systems. I. Planetesimals jump inward and pile up." *Astrophys. J.*, **735**, 10 (18pp)
- Zapatero Osorio, M. R., Béjar, V. J. S., Martín, E. L., Rebolo, R., Barrado y Navascués, D., Bailer-Jones, C. A. L., & Mundt, R. (2000) "Discovery of young, isolated planetary mass objects in the σ Orionis star cluster." *Science*, **290**, 103–107
- Zhuravlev, V. F., & Klimov, D. M. (1988) *Applied Methods in the Theory of Oscillations* (Nauka Publishers, Moscow) (in Russian)
- Ziglin, S. L. (1975) "Secular evolution of the orbit of a planet in a binary-star system." *Sov. Astron. Lett.*, **1**, 194–195
- Zinnecker, H. (2001) "A free-floating planet population in the Galaxy?" In: *ASP Conf. Series*, **239**, 223–228

Index

- J_2 harmonic, 51
- N -body problem, 16, 64
- γ Cep system, 139, 146
- ω -libration, 5, 58, 60, 87, 133
- ω -librators, 61
- Interbol*, 11
- Kepler* (space mission), 141, 145, 151
- Kepler-16*, 145
- Kepler-34*, 145
- Kepler-35*, 145
- Kepler-38*, 145
- Kepler-47*, 145
- Luna-1*, 6
- Luna-3*, 1, 9, 77, 111
- Prognoz*, 11
- SOHO* (space mission), 105
- Spektr-R*, 11, 77
- “man-made LKE”, 9
- “polar Moon”, 7
- 16 Cyg system, 139, 146
- 2012 VP113 (ETNO), 131
- 51 Peg system, 148

- accretion disk, 166
- action-angle variables, 18
- adiabaticity parameter, 86
- advance of perihelion, 52
- Alpha Centauri, 141
- Amor group, 39
- Ananke group, 96
- angular momentum, 35
- anomalous precession, 52
- aphelion, 3

- apoapse, 3
- apoastron, 3
- apogee, 3
- apsidal precession, 52, 53
- argument of pericenter, 4
- ascending node, 4
- asteroids, 59, 118, 122
- astrocentric position vector, 32
- astronomical constants, 175
- astronomical parameters, 175
- astronomical unit of length, 175
- asymptotic period, 89
- autonomous Hamiltonian system, 16
- averaged Hamiltonian, 41
- averaged variables, 71
- averaging, 13, 19, 32, 58, 59, 64
- averaging scheme, 28
- axial rotation, 53
- axisymmetric potential, 48

- ballistic existence, 11, 77
- barycentric frame, 2, 15, 106, 107
- binary asteroid, 144
- binary exoplanet, 144
- binary stars, 63
- binary TNO, 144
- Birkhoff normal form, 21, 25
- black hole, 161, 164
- blue stragglers, 162, 164
- brown dwarfs, 141

- C/1965 S1 Ikeya–Seki, 114
- Callisto, 96

- canonical equations, 72
- canonical transformation, 31, 87
- canonical variables, 14
- capture, 94
- Carne group, 96
- Carpo, 98
- Cartesian frame, 3, 41, 48
- catastrophic merger, 76
- Centaurs, 59, 118, 131
- Chandrasekhar limit, 162, 164
- chaotic diffusion, 65
- chaotic layer, 84, 159
- Charon, 55
- choreographies, 63
- Cincinnati, 39
- circular R3BP, 58, 60, 61, 76, 87, 106, 151
- circular restricted three-body problem, 110, 131
- circumbinary planets, 145
- circumstellar planets, 145
- classification of orbits, 36, 64
- close approach, 110
- close encounter, 117, 126
- close-to-coplanar triples, 74
- comet 1965 VIII Ikeya–Seki, 105
- comet Ikeya–Seki, 112
- comet Lovejoy, 112
- compact binary, 47
- computer algebra, 20
- contour-level diagrams, 58
- criterion of resonance overlap, 84
- critical angle, 60, 84
- critical argument, 60, 84
- critical inclination, 34, 37, 38, 58, 61, 133
- critical radius, 54
- critical semimajor axis, 55
- crossings of orbits, 58
- curly π , 5
- cyclic variables, 19, 64, 73

- D’Alembert rules, 29, 60, 101, 119, 135
- dark side of the Moon, 9
- degenerate transformation, 73
- Delaunay variables, 13, 17, 18, 33, 41, 44, 64, 69, 87, 120
- descending node, 4
- diffusion timescale, 159
- direct perturbation, 16
- distant encounter, 108
- dogleg angle, 4
- double-averaged circular R3BP, 57, 77
- double-averaged elliptic R3BP, 62
- double-averaged general 3BP, 62, 64

- double-averaged Hamiltonian, 32
- double-averaged Hill approximation, 62
- double-averaged non-restricted 3BP, 62
- double-averaged R3BP, 31, 35, 57
- double-averaged rectilinear R3BP, 57
- DP Leo, 145
- dynamical chaos, 84, 115, 156, 158

- Earth, 52, 59, 76, 175
- Earth mass, 175
- Earth perturbation, 76
- Earth radius, 175
- Earth-grazer, 111
- eccentric anomaly, 3
- eccentric LK-mechanism, 61, 76, 79, 81, 163
- eccentricity vector, 81
- ecliptic plane, 95
- ecliptic-to-equator obliquity, 175
- effective dissipation parameter Q , 50
- Einstein, 52
- elimination of nodes, 65, 69, 72
- ellipsoid, 175
- elliptic integral of the first kind, 44, 77, 78, 82, 89, 122, 153
- elliptic integral of the second kind, 45, 82, 153
- elliptic integral of the third kind, 44
- elliptic integrals, 78
- elliptic R3BP, 42, 45, 61, 76, 151
- epoch of the pericenter transit, 3
- equal-mass binary, 81
- equations in partial derivatives, 22, 25
- equatorial orbit, 37
- eugenfrequency, 111
- Euporie, 93, 96, 98
- extreme trans-Neptunian objects (ETNO), 130

- fast variables, 13, 19
- first fundamental model of resonance, 88
- flip timescale, 82
- forced eccentricity, 134, 142
- Fourier series, 22, 25
- free-floating planets, 140, 144
- FS Aur, 145

- Galactic center, 162, 166, 167
- Galactic disk tide, 115
- Galactic field, 115, 168
- Galactic plane, 169
- Galactic tide, 46, 106, 113–115, 168, 169
- Galaxy, 63, 166, 167
- Gallic group, 99

- Ganymed, 39
 gas drag, 94
 gas giant, 51
 gas-drag capture, 94
 Gauss–Kronrod algorithm, 58
 general 3BP, 65
 General Assembly of the International
 Astronomical Union, 175
 general problem of dynamics, 13
 general relativity, 52, 54, 67, 76, 80, 150
 general three-body problem, 62, 107, 143, 152,
 163
 generating function, 21, 24–26, 70
 generating Hamiltonian, 24
 generator, 24, 26
 geocentric frame, 15
 giant exoplanet, 53
 giant planet, 31, 53
 giant planets, 91
 globular clusters, 63
 gradient operator, 15
 gravitational constant, 175
 gravitational manoeuvre, 10
 gravitational scattering, 149
 gravitational wave radiation, 165, 167
 gravity assist, 9, 10
 Great Comet of 1965, 105
 Great March comet, 112
- Halimede, 93, 102
 Hamiltonian equations, 16, 18, 34, 69
 Hamiltonian formalism, 14
 heliocentric frame, 15
 Heuman Lambda function, 45
 hierarchical approximation, 52
 hierarchical multiple stars, 162
 hierarchical stellar three-body problem, 62
 hierarchical three-body problem, 142
 hierarchical three-body system, 62
 hierarchical triple, 65, 67
 hierarchical triples, 64
 Hildas, 60
 Hill approximation, 28–30
 Hill problem, 30, 57
 Hill radius, 30, 56, 92
 Hill sphere, 30, 91
 Himalia group, 96
 homologic equation, 25
 Hori–Deprit method, 20, 23, 62, 70
 hot Jupiters, 50, 52, 53, 139, 148, 149, 151
 hot Neptunes, 139
 HW Vir, 145
 Hydra, 55, 56
- Ijiraq, 93, 99, 101
 inclination gap, 96
 indirect perturbation, 16
 inner LKE, 122
 inner planets, 145
 inner problem, 58, 62
 inner R3BP, 122
 integrability, 64
 integrable approximation, 21
 integral of motion, 28, 31, 33, 35, 82
 integrals of motion, 60
 interaction Hamiltonian, 32
 interaction of resonances, 85
 interaction potential, 35
 interaction term, 67
 Inuit group, 99
 invariable plane, 64, 65, 69, 70, 72
 inverse Hill problem, 57
 irregular satellites, 91, 94
- Jacobi constant, 106, 108
 Jacobi elliptic functions, 28, 41, 43
 Jacobi frame, 65, 67, 69
 Jacobi integral, 65, 106, 108
 Jacobi matrix, 73
 Jacobi nome, 45
 James (asteroid), 118, 136
 Jovian system, 96
 Jupiter, 51–53, 126, 129, 175
- Kepler equation, 3
 Kepler map, 110
 Kepler's third law, 48
 Keplerian Hamiltonian, 32, 65, 66
 Keplerian orbital elements, 2
 Keplerian term, 67
 Kerberos, 55
 kinetic energy, 16
 Kirkwood gaps, 60, 134
 Kiviuq, 93, 99, 101
 Kore, 98
 Kozai (asteroid), 45
 Kozai diagram, 114, 121
 Kozai Hamiltonian, 121
 Kreutz sungrazers, 112
 Kuiper belt, 59, 117, 127, 129, 131
- Lagrange equations, 35
 Lagrange planetary equations, 50, 134
 Lagrange–Laplace theory, 6, 64, 118
 Laomedea, 45

- Laplace plane, 6, 54, 96
- Laplace radius, 54, 92
- Laplace vector, 81
- Legendre polynomials, 48, 68
- Lenin prize, 10
- Lidov-Kozai diagram, 39
- Lidov-Kozai Hamiltonian, 27, 31, 33, 62, 87
- Lidov-Kozai migration, 140, 148
- Lidov-Kozai resonance, 5, 27, 34, 37, 39, 46, 56, 61, 77, 83, 111, 126, 137
- Lie operator, 24
- Lie series, 24
- Lie techniques, 23, 24
- Lie transformation, 26
- light pressure, 94
- Lindstedt method, 20
- linear resonance, 84
- Lomonosowa, 61
- long-period comets, 58, 113
- longitude of pericenter, 4
- Love number, 50, 51
- Ludovica, 61
- Lunar perturbation, 76
- Lyapunov timescale, 159

- main belt of asteroids, 59, 122, 129, 131, 134
- main-belt asteroids, 38, 39, 60
- main-sequence stars, 145
- Margaret, 102, 103
- Mars, 52
- mass loss, 67
- mass transfer, 67, 80
- massless particle, 16, 34
- mean elements, 46
- mean longitude, 5
- mean motion resonance, 60, 142
- mean motion resonances, 132
- mean variables, 71
- Mercury, 47, 52, 126, 140
- migration, 140, 148
- Milky Way, 166
- mixed variables, 70
- modified Delaunay variables, 18
- Moon, 76, 91, 175
- multiplanet systems, 140, 141, 143
- multiple stars, 161, 162
- multipole expansion, 68

- Near-Earth Object (NEO), 39
- near-integrable system, 13, 19
- Neptune, 52, 61, 129, 131, 175
- Neptune XII, 45
- Neptunian system, 101
- Nereid, 102
- Neso, 103
- neutron star, 161, 163, 164
- Nix, 55
- NN Ser, 145
- node crossings, 126, 129, 131
- non-autonomous system, 17
- non-averaged general 3BP, 65
- non-canonical transformation, 73
- non-hierarchical circular R3BP, 58
- non-restricted problem, 77
- non-sphericity, 47, 54
- nonlinear resonance, 84
- normalization, 20, 23, 26, 32, 64, 70
- normalized Hamiltonian, 71, 72
- normalizing transformation, 20, 24, 26
- Norse group, 99
- notations, 171
- numerical integration, 72, 75

- oblateness, 46, 150, 175
- octupole approximation, 62, 67, 75
- octupole Hamiltonian, 67, 68, 71, 81
- octupole term, 74, 81, 151, 154, 163
- octupole-order approximation, 64
- octupole-order equations, 73
- octupole-order Hamiltonian, 64
- omega-libration, 5
- Oort cloud, 46, 106, 113, 114, 130, 168, 169
- orbit correction, 11
- orbital flips, 62, 76, 80, 151, 152, 154, 163
- orbital precession, 46, 134
- ordinary differential equations, 14
- Orion nebula, 140
- orphan planets, 140
- orthogonal apsidal orbits, 57
- osculating elements, 17, 32–34, 46, 68
- outer LKE, 122
- outer planets, 145
- outer problem, 58
- outer R3BP, 122
- outer Solar system, 58

- P-type planets, 145
- Paaliaq, 99, 101
- Pallas, 6
- parametric resonance, 87
- parsec, 175
- Pasiphae group, 96
- pendulum, 84
- pendulum model of resonance, 84, 87
- periapse, 3

- periastron, 3
- perigee, 3
- perihelion, 3
- period of LK-oscillations, 44, 45, 53–55, 77
- perturbation techniques, 67
- perturbative approach, 19, 23, 76
- perturbing function, 28, 29, 35, 58, 134, 142, 151
- phase portrait, 84
- phase space section, 84, 86
- planar elliptic R3BP, 57
- planar restricted three-body problem, 141
- planet-crossings, 58
- planet-grazer, 111
- planet-planet scattering, 144
- planetary N -body problem, 64
- planetary 3BP, 64
- planetary formation, 146
- planetary problem, 19, 118
- planetary satellite, 28, 30, 31
- planetary systems of binary stars, 145
- planetesimal disks, 143, 146
- planetesimals, 146
- planetocentric elements, 28
- planets of the Solar system, 48, 92
- plutinos, 118, 133
- Pluto, 55, 61, 118, 133, 175
- Pluto–Charon binary, 55
- Pluto–Charon system, 56
- Poisson bracket, 23
- polar orbit, 37
- potential, 15, 108
- potential energy, 16
- power series, 24, 32
- precession rate, 48, 52, 53, 143
- primordial binaries, 63
- primordial matter, 106, 113
- prograde orbits, 92
- proper elements, 134
- proper frequency, 134
- pull-down capture, 94
- pulsar, 164

- quadruple stars, 144
- quadrupole approximation, 29, 31, 74, 77–79
- quadrupole Hamiltonian, 68, 73, 74, 78, 79
- quadrupole term, 81
- quadrupole-order approximation, 64
- quasi-parabolic comets, 58

- R3BP, 13, 34, 65, 77, 89
- rectilinear orbit, 37, 38

- reference plane, 32, 70
- regular islands, 129
- regular satellites, 92
- relativistic precession, 47, 52, 166
- resonance ν_5 , 117, 118, 132, 134
- resonance ν_6 , 117, 132, 134
- resonance ν_{16} , 61, 118, 134, 136, 137
- resonance 1/1, 60
- resonance 2/1, 60, 117, 124, 132, 134
- resonance 2/3, 61
- resonance 3/1, 60, 117, 132, 134
- resonance 3/2, 60
- resonance 4/3, 60
- resonance 5/2, 124
- resonance 7/3, 60
- resonance overlap, 84, 142, 156
- resonance triplet, 86
- resonant angle, 60, 101
- resonant argument, 60, 84
- resonant phase, 84
- restricted 3BP, 64
- restricted problem, 19, 31
- restricted three-body problem, 13, 48, 83, 106, 107
- retrograde orbits, 92, 94, 140, 151
- Roche-lobe overflow, 166
- rogue planets, 140
- Rossiter–McLaughlin effect, 150, 151
- rotational oblateness, 53

- S-stars, 166
- S-type planets, 145
- S0-stars, 166
- Sao, 93, 102, 103
- Saturn, 51–53, 129, 175
- Saturnian system, 99
- second fundamental model of resonance, 88
- second order resonance, 88
- secular resonance, 61, 83, 133–135
- secular theory, 31
- secular timescale, 143
- selenocentric frame, 15
- self-gravity, 146
- semiproper inclination, 136
- separatrix, 38, 42, 77, 79, 84, 89, 115, 126, 137, 159
- separatrix map, 110
- short-period comets, 58
- Siarnaq, 99
- single-averaged problem, 28
- single-averaged R3BP, 28, 35, 36
- slow angles, 60
- slow variables, 13

- Solar mass, 175
- Solar neighborhood, 161, 163
- Solar oblateness, 47
- Solar perturbation, 76
- Solar radius, 175
- Solar system, 30, 31, 47, 48, 64
- Solar-type star, 51, 163
- Solar-type stars, 63, 161
- Space era, 6
- space mission design, 77
- spatial elliptic R3BP, 57
- speed of light, 175
- stellar bulge, 162, 167
- stellar clusters, 63
- stellar disks, 162, 166
- stellar evolution, 67
- stellar passage, 115
- stellar problem, 67
- stellar three-body problem, 62
- stellar triple, 31, 62
- Styx, 55
- subscript system, 67
- Sun, 175
- sungrazer, 105, 113
- sungrazing comets, 58
- super-Earth, 131
- supermassive black hole (SMBH), 166, 167
- supernovae, 162, 164
- Svea, 61
- SWEEPS-04, 141
- SWEEPS-11, 141
- symplectic unity, 73
- synchronous state, 53
- synodic frame, 107
- SZ Her, 145

- Taylor series, 68
- test particle, 31, 32
- test particle limit, 78
- test-particle quadrupole approximation, 73
- Themisto, 98

- theory of accelerators, 87
- third fundamental model of resonance, 88
- tidal bulge, 51–53
- tidal circularization, 151, 163
- tidal friction, 149
- tidal interaction, 47, 55
- tidal precession, 50
- tides, 50, 53, 54, 67, 76, 80, 149, 150
- tight binary, 50, 161, 162
- tightly-packed planetary system, 149
- timescale of eccentric LK-mechanism, 80
- timescale of LK-oscillations, 76, 80
- Tisserand parameter, 109
- Tisserand relation, 106, 109
- total energy, 16
- trans-Neptunian objects (TNO), 59, 117, 118, 122, 127
- transformation close to identity, 13, 20
- triple stars, 63, 144, 161–164
- Triton, 102
- Trojans, 60
- twin stars, 163
- two-body problem, 15, 16, 18

- Uranian satellites, 28, 46
- Uranian system, 101
- Uranus, 28, 46, 52, 129
- UZ For, 145

- valence of transformation, 73
- Venus, 48, 52, 59, 132
- von Zeipel method, 20, 21, 23, 32, 60, 62, 64, 70, 71

- WASP-12b, 53
- Weierstrass elliptic functions, 41
- white dwarf, 161, 163, 164

- zonal harmonics, 48