

# Epilogue

The Introduction (Sect. 1) concluded with the statement that we view the ASM modeling and analysis method not as a stand-alone method, but as to-be-integrated into industrial-strength software development frameworks which care about high-level design and analysis. A candidate par excellence are model-based engineering (MBE) frameworks which provide tools to support some, if not all, of the activities from requirements to code. Often they provide also support for pragmatic needs, like combining textual and graphical definition techniques, tracing requirements (so that one can effectively check their complete coverage), version management, etc. So what additional value can the ASM method bring to such frameworks?

Remember the ASM method offers a) a semantically well-defined, pseudo code language that is familiar to the software practitioner, and b) a mathematically precise yet simple technique

- to **Build systems accurately at any desired level of abstraction**, providing well-documented, systematically inspectable and executable system *blueprints* one can use to **Explain**, **Debug** (validate and verify) and maintain (**Explore/Extend** and **Reuse**) designs (**BEDER**),
- to **accurately link designs at different levels of abstraction**, supporting not only the stepwise implementation of application domain concepts (by ASM refinement), but also a rigorous experimental and mathematical analysis to debug the implementation steps (by validation and verification at any needed level), see Fig. 1.1,
- to **intellectually manage** the tremendous **complexity** of software intensive systems of today.

Coping with complexity is a well-known problem in software engineering. It triggered a huge number of industrial frameworks and proposals to turn programming into something that is closer to the *system designer's understanding* of the underlying problem (and how to solve it) than to *explaining to machines* how they should execute the solution. The above mentioned MBE

approach is an example of such an endeavor and comes with extensive tool support. Among ASM's benefits are:

- **Accurate high-level descriptions of the behavior of tools**, descriptions which are rarely found in current software engineering frameworks, can be provided as ASM models. This could also improve the quality of manuals. The lack of a clear behavioral model can make it hard for the users to grasp a correct understanding of what a tool does and to use it correctly. It may hinder the interoperability of tools. Not surprisingly, the best tools come with and need extensive, time consuming (and expensive!) training programs and technical support by the tool developer.<sup>4</sup>
- **Inspection and debugging of designs**, not only of code,<sup>5</sup> can be done *at whatever level of abstraction* using ASMs, thereby contributing to make complex systems understandable and circumventing the necessarily limited expressivity of tools. It increases the chances to detect *conceptual errors* which are easily missed by code debuggers.
- **Definition of variations of tool behavior patterns** by ASM refinements can help to cope with the multitude of frameworks which offer tools with similar, often slightly different, functionality but with different interfaces. Besides the dependency on the tool vendor (vendor lock-in), this multitude may create also a language and version dependency a *general modeling framework*—in particular if open-source—better avoids. Defining ASM models for tool cores and describing their variations by refinements can change this.<sup>6</sup> In combination with a standardization effort for functionality and interfaces of modeling-supporting tools, this can raise the abstraction level of tools and make them better interoperable.
- **Precise conceptual support for divide-and-conquer techniques** is offered by ASM refinements, allowing one to effectively and accurately combine models which have been defined step- and component-wise, possibly passing through a hierarchy of levels of abstraction.

Although the use of ASMs and their tools has proved to be useful in various industrial applications (some of which have been mentioned in this book), existing academic tools for ASMs are only a first step. Every contribution to reach the challenging goal of an open source and where useful standardized ASM-based software development tool environment is welcome.<sup>7</sup>

<sup>4</sup> See for example the lessons learned about the use of modeling tools in various MBE projects, reported in [159, 34] with numerous further references.

<sup>5</sup> 'system design errors are increasingly the cause of major accidents' [182, Sect. 2.1]

<sup>6</sup> An example of what we refer to is the abstract object-oriented programming language semantics model in [77]. The C# [54] and Java [232] models appear as variations of that one ASM.

<sup>7</sup> The joint venture the first author had proposed at the end of 1999 to Siemens and Microsoft Research, to create an ASM-based software design, analysis (debugging by validation and verification), documentation and maintenance framework, could have made building software-intensive systems more reliable and more effective than it is still today.

## Appendix A

# Some Complete Models in a Nutshell

We reformulate here without further explanations the complete models for a few machines described in the book, the final result of their didactically motivated piecemeal construction and explanation. They are the starting point for the refinement to CoreASM executable models. We concentrate on rewriting the rules and refer for the signature, the underlying initialization and similar assumptions to the main text where the machines are introduced. We do not repeat machines whose rules have been written out as one piece in the main text, in particular the following ones:

- 1WAYSTOPGOLIGHTSPEC (Sect. 2.1.1) with its horizontally refined model 1WAYSTOPGOORANGELIGHTSPEC (Sect. 2.1.3) and the data and vertically refined TIMED2WAYSTOPGOLIGHTSPEC (Sect. 2.1.4)
- PACKAGEROUTER ground model (end of Sect. 2.3.1)
- CONCURRENCPATTERN (end of Sect. 2.4.3),
- ATM top level machine (Fig. 2.28),
- CONCUREXTREMAFINDING (Sect. 3.1.2),
- TERMINATIONDETECTOR for diffusing computations (Sect. 3.3.1.2),
- LOCALSYNCTRANSFORMER with SYNCHELL( $p$ ) and SYNCHRONIZER( $p$ ) programs (Sect. 3.3.2),
- THREADPOOLEXECUTOR for J2SE 5.0 consisting of two submachines HANDLENEWTASK and HANDLEQUEUEDTASK (Sect. 4.2.2.2),
- ASMs for various bilateral, multilateral, asynchronous and synchronous communication patterns (Sect. 4.4),
- the S-BPM communication model with its characteristic integration of textual and graphical control-state diagram descriptions (Sect. 5.2.2).

We also do not repeat the ASM rules which specify CoreASM, with its debugger plug-in (Chap. 8), and the Control State Diagrams (Chap. 9).

## A.1 TERMINATIONDETECTION (Sect. 3.2)

```

TERMINATIONDETECTION =                                -- main program
  STARTPROBE                                           -- done by master if ProbeNotSuccessful
  TRIGGERACTIVATION                                   -- spontaneously if active without token
  BECOMEACTIVE                                       -- if hasMessage
  BECOMEPASSIVE                                       -- spontaneously if not hasMessage
  PASSTOKEN                                           -- if passive and not the master

```

### A.1.1 Token Passing Components

```

STARTPROBE =
  if ProbeNotSuccessful and self = master then
    if self = master then tokenColor := white           -- COLORTOKEN
    else if color(self) = black then tokenColor := black
  FORWARDTOKEN
  color(self) := white                                   -- GETWHITE
PASSTOKEN =
  if hasToken and mode = passive and self ≠ master then
    if color(self) = black then tokenColor := black   -- COLORTOKEN
  FORWARDTOKEN
  color(self) := white                                   -- GETWHITE

```

### A.1.2 Activation Related Components

```

BECOMEACTIVE =
  if Triggered then                                     -- hasMessage(self)
    mode := active
  DEACTIVATE(Triggered)                                -- delete the trigger
BECOMEPASSIVE =
  if not Triggered                                     -- not hasMessage(self)
  then SPONTANEOUSLYDO
    if mode = active then mode := passive
TRIGGERACTIVATION =
  if mode = active then SPONTANEOUSLYDO               -- TRIGGERACT
  if not hasToken then
    choose m ∈ Machine                                -- SENDMESSAGE to m
    ACTIVATE(Triggered(m))
    if number(m) > number(self) then color(self) := black

```

### A.1.3 Some Auxiliary Definitions

```

Machine = {m0, ..., mN-1}  master = m0  number(mi) = i mod N
FORWARDTOKEN =
  hasToken(self) := false      -- forward token from machine nr. i + 1
  hasToken(pred(self)) := true  -- ... to predecessor machine nr. i
ProbeNotSuccessful iff hasToken(master) and
  (tokenColor = black or color(master) = black)
ACTIVATE(trigger) =                -- update instruction
  trigger := true                  -- even if in parallel with DEACTIVATE(trigger)
DEACTIVATE(trigger) =              -- update instruction
  { trigger := false if not executed in parallel with ACTIVATE(trigger)
  { skip                          else

```

## A.2 VIRTUALPROVIDER (Sect. 5.1)

```

VIRTUALPROVIDER = one of                -- main program
  ({PROCESS, RECEIVERREQ, SENDREQ, RECEIVEANSW, SENDANSW})

```

### A.2.1 Communication Components

```

SENDREQ = SENDANSW =                    -- SENDPATTERN, see Sect. 4.4.1
if readyToSend(m) then                -- trigger predicate ToSend(m)
  if OkSend(m) then
    SEND(m)
    if AckRequested(m) then
      SETWAITCOND(m)
    if BlockingSend(m) then
      status := awaitAck(m)
  else
    HANDLESENDFAILURE(m, notOkSend)
    readyToSend(m) := false                -- DONE(m)
RECEIVEPATTERN(m) =                    -- see Sect. 4.4.1
if Arriving(m) then
  if ReadyToReceive(m) then
    RECEIVE(m)
    if ToBeAcknowledged(m) then
      SEND(Ack(m), sender(m))
  elseif ToBeDiscarded(m) then
    DISCARD(m)

```

```

if ToBeAcknowledged(m) then
  SEND(Ack(m, discarded), sender(m))
else
  if ToBeBuffered(m) then                                -- BUFFER(m)
    INSERT(m, buffer)
    SETTIMER(insertBuffer(m))
    if ToBeAcknowledged(m) then
      SEND(Ack(m, buffered), sender(m))
if TimeOut(insertBuffer(m)) then
  RECEIVE(m)
  DELETE(m, buffer)

RECEIVEREQ = RECEIVEPATTERN
where                                -- instantiation of RECEIVEPATTERN abstractions
if ReadyToReceive(m) then m ∈ InReqMssg
  RECEIVE(m) =
    CONSUME(m)
    let r = new (ReqObj) in                                -- CREATEREQOBJ(m)
      status(r) := start                                    -- INITIALIZE(r, m)
      reqMsg(r) := m

RECEIVEANSW = RECEIVEPATTERN
where                                -- instantiation of RECEIVEPATTERN abstractions
if ReadyToReceive(m) then m ∈ InAnswMssg
  RECEIVE(m) =
    INSERT(m, AnswerSet(subRequestor(m)))
    CONSUME(m)

```

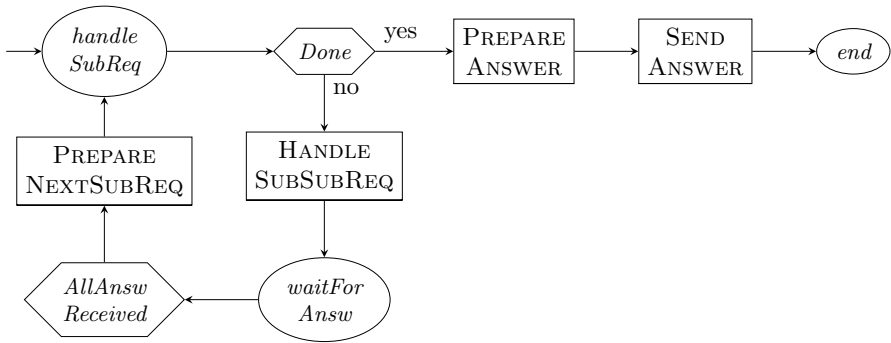
### A.2.2 PROCESS *Component*

```

PROCESS =
choose r ∈ ReqObj with status(r) = start
  let a = new (Agent)                                -- CREATESUBREQHANDLER(r)
    pgm(a) := HANDLESUBREQ
    handler(r) := a                                    -- INITIALIZE(a, r)
    req(a) := r
    subReq(a) := head(seqSubReq(r))                -- current subrequest
    status(r) := handleSubReq
    AnswerSet(r) := ∅                                -- INITIALIZE(AnswerSet(r))

```

The HANDLESUBREQ program with which the new subrequest handler is equipped is defined by Fig. A.1. It comes with three submachines:

**Fig. A.1** HANDLESUBREQ component of VP PROCESS

```

HANDLESUBSUBREQ =
  forall r ∈ (parSubReq(subReq))           -- PREPAREBROADCAST
    readyToSend(outReq2Msg(r)) := true
  AnswerSet(subReq) := ∅                  -- INITIALIZE(AnswerSet(subReq))
PREPARENEXTSUBREQ =
  subReq := next(subReq, seqSubReq(req), AnswerSet(subReq))
  ADD(AnswerSet(subReq), AnswerSet(req(self)))
PREPAREANSWER = let req = req(self)
  readyToSend(outAnsw2Msg(answer(req, AnswerSet(req)))) := true
  
```

Some auxiliary definitions:

```

AllAnswReceived iff
  forall q ∈ toBeAnswered(parSubReq(subReq))
    thereissome m ∈ AnswerSet(subReq) with IsAnswer(m, q)
Done iff subReq = done           -- done ∉ SubReq
  
```

### A.3 AODVSpec (Sect. 6.1)

```

AODVSpec = one of                                     -- main program
  PREPARECOMM
  ROUTER
where
  PREPARECOMM =
    if WantsToCommunicateWith(destination) then
      if KnowsActiveRouteTo(destination)
        then
          STARTCOMMUNICATIONWITH(destination)
  
```

```

    WantsToCommunicateWith(destination) := false
    WaitingForRouteTo(destination) := false
  else
    if not WaitingForRouteTo(destination) then
      GENERATEROUTEREQ(destination)
      WaitingForRouteTo(destination) := true
ROUTER = one of
  PROCESSROUTEREQ
  PROCESSROUTEREPLY
  PROCESSROUTEERR
PROCESSROUTEERR = one of
  GENERATEROUTEREQ
  PROPAGATEROUTEREQ

```

### A.3.1 Route Request Components of AODV SPEC

```

GENERATEROUTEREQ(destination) =
  let r = new (RouteRequest) in
    dest(r) := destination
    destSeqNum(r) := lastKnownDestSeqNum(destination, RT)
    origin(r) := self
    originSeqNum(r) := curSeqNum + 1
    curSeqNum := curSeqNum + 1 -- INCREMENT(curSeqNum)
    hopCount(r) := 0
    localId(r) := localReqCount + 1
    localReqCount := localReqCount + 1 -- INCREMENT(localReqCount)
    forall n ∈ neighb do SEND(r, to n) -- BROADCAST(r)
    INSERT(globalId(r), ReceivedReq) -- BUFFER(r)
    if entryFor(destination, RT) ≠ undef
      then known(r) := known(entryFor(destination, RT))
      else known(r) := false

PROCESSROUTEREQ(rreq) =
  if Received(rreq) and rreq ∈ RouteRequest then
    if not AlreadyReceivedBefore(rreq) then -- no rreq processed twice
      INSERT(globalId(rreq), ReceivedReq)
      if HasNewReverseRouteInfo(rreq) then
        BUILDREVERSEROUTE(rreq)
        -- with freshest destSeqNum for RT-entry to originator
      seq if FoundValidPathFor(rreq)
        then GENERATEROUTEREPLY(rreq)
        else FORWARDREFRESHEDREQ(rreq)
  CONSUME(rreq)

```



```

BUILDREVERSEROUTE(rreq) =
  if ThereIsRouteInfoFor(origin(rreq), RT)
    -- rreq knows fresher curSeqNum(origin(rreq)) than RT
  then UPDATEREVERSEROUTE(entryFor(origin(rreq), RT), rreq)
  else EXTENDREVERSEROUTE(RT, rreq)

EXTENDREVERSEROUTE(RT, req) =
  let e = new (RT)
    dest(e) := origin(req)
    precursor(e) :=  $\emptyset$ UPDATEREVERSEROUTE(e, req)
UPDATEREVERSEROUTE(e, req) =
  destSeqNum(e) := originSeqNum(req)
  nextHop(e) := sender(req)
  hopCount(e) := hopCount(req) + 1
  Active(e) := true
  known(e) := true

FORWARDREFRESHEDREQ(r) =
  let r' = new (RouteRequest)
    COPY(dest, origin, originSeqNum, localId, known, from r to r')
    hopCount(r') := hopCount(r) + 1
    destSeqNum(r') :=  $\max\{\textit{destSeqNum}(\textit{r}),$  -- best known
       $\textit{lastKnownDestSeqNum}(\textit{dest}(\textit{r}), \textit{RT})\}$  -- destSeqNum
    forall n  $\in$  neighb SEND(r', to n) -- BROADCAST(r')

```

Some auxiliary definitions:

```

lastKnownDestSeqNum(d, RT) =
  { destSeqNum(entry) if forsome entry  $\in$  RT dest(entry) = d
    { unknown else

```

*AlreadyReceivedBefore*(*rreq*) **iff** *globalId*(*rreq*)  $\in$  *ReceivedReq*

```

HasNewReverseRouteInfo(req) iff req  $\in$  RouteRequest and
  ThereIsNoRouteInfoFor(origin(req), RT) or
  (ThereIsRouteInfoFor(origin(req), RT) and
    HasNewOriginInfo(req, RT))

```

```

HasNewOriginInfo(req, RT) iff -- info on curSeqNum(origin(req))
  let entry = entryFor(origin(req), RT)
    originSeqNum(req) > destSeqNum(entry)
  or originSeqNum(req) = destSeqNum(entry) and
    (hopCount(req) < hopCount(entry) or not Active(entry))

```

```

ThereIsRouteInfoFor(d, RT) iff
  forsome entry  $\in$  RT dest(entry) = d

```

*ThereIsNoRouteInfoFor*(*node*, *RT*) **iff**  
**not** *ThereIsRouteInfoFor*(*node*, *RT*)

*FoundValidPathFor*(*rreq*) **iff**  
*dest*(*rreq*) = **self** **or** *KnowsFreshEnoughRouteFor*(*rreq*, *RT*)

*KnowsFreshEnoughRouteFor*(*rreq*, *RT*) **iff** **forsome** *entry*  $\in$  *RT*  
*dest*(*entry*) = *dest*(*rreq*) **and** *ValidDestSeqNum*(*entry*)  
**and** *destSeqNum*(*entry*)  $\geq$  *destSeqNum*(*rreq*)  
**and** *Active*(*entry*)

### A.3.2 Route Reply Components of AODV<sub>SPEC</sub>

GENERATEROUTEREPLY(*rreq*) =  
**let** *r* = **new** (*RouteReply*)  
*dest*(*r*) := *dest*(*rreq*)  
*origin*(*r*) := *origin*(*rreq*)  
**if** *dest*(*rreq*) = **self** **then**  
*hopCount*(*r*) := 0  
*destSeqNum*(*r*) := *max*{*curSeqNum*, *destSeqNum*(*rreq*)}  
*curSeqNum* := *max*{*curSeqNum*, *destSeqNum*(*rreq*)}  
**else**  
**let** *fwdEntry* = *entryFor*(*dest*(*rreq*), *RT*)  
*hopCount*(*r*) := *hopCount*(*fwdEntry*)  
*destSeqNum*(*r*) := *destSeqNum*(*fwdEntry*)  
*PRECURSORINSERTION*(*sender*(*rreq*), *fwdEntry*)  
*SEND*(*r*, **to** *nextHop*(*entryFor*(*origin*(*rreq*), *RT*)))  
**where**  
*PRECURSORINSERTION*(*node*, *entry*) =  
*INSERT*(*node*, *precursor*(*entry*))

PROCESSROUTE<sub>REP</sub>(*rrep*) =  
**if** *Received*(*rrep*) **and** *rrep*  $\in$  *RouteReply* **then**  
**if** *HasNewForwardRouteInfo*(*rrep*) **then**  
*BUILDFORWARDROUTE*(*rrep*)  
**if** *MustForward*(*rrep*) **then** *FORWARDREFRESHEDREP*(*rrep*)  
*CONSUME*(*rrep*)

*BUILDFORWARDROUTE*(*rrep*) =  
**if** *ThereIsRouteInfoFor*(*dest*(*rrep*), *RT*)  
**then** *UPDATEFORWARDROUTE*(*entryFor*(*dest*(*rrep*), *RT*), *rrep*)  
**else** *EXTENDFORWARDROUTE*(*RT*, *rrep*)



```

forall entry  $\in$  UnreachEntry
  Active(entry) := false
  destSeqNum(entry) := destSeqNum(entry) + 1
  -- INCREMENT(destSeqNum(entry))
  let rerr = {(dest(e), destSeqNum(e) + 1) |
    e  $\in$  UnreachEntry and precursor(e)  $\neq$   $\emptyset$ }
    forall a  $\in$  precursor(entry) do SEND(rerr, to a)

PROPAGATEROUTEERR =
if Received(rerr) and rerr  $\in$  RouteError then
  let UnreachDest = {(d, s)  $\in$  rerr | forsome entry  $\in$  RT
    d = dest(entry) and nextHop(entry) = sender(rerr)
    and Active(entry) and destSeqNum(entry) < s}
  forall (d, s)  $\in$  UnreachDest
    let entry = entryFor(d, RT)
      Active(entry) := false
      destSeqNum(entry) := s
      forall a  $\in$  precursor(entry) SEND(rerr', to a)
      if WaitingForRouteTo(d) then REGENERATEROUTEREQ(d)
    CONSUME(rerr)
  where
    err' = {(d', s')  $\in$  UnreachDest | precursor(entryFor(d', RT))  $\neq$   $\emptyset$ }
    REGENERATEROUTEREQ(d) = WaitingForRouteTo(d) := false

```

## A.4 Relaxed Shared Memory Model (Sect. 6.2)

For the given data center system  $\mathcal{D} = \bigcup_{i=1}^k \mathcal{D}_i$ , partitioned into clusters  $\mathcal{D}_i$  of data centers users interact with, two concurrent ASMs have been defined, a  $\text{CLUSTERUSERVIEW}_i$  which expresses how the user is invited to perceive its interaction with the database and a  $\text{CLUSTERMANAGEMENT}_i$  which describes how Cassandra manages internally the users' read and write requests.

$$\text{CLUSTERUSERVIEW}_i = (d, \text{DATACENTERUSERVIEW}_i)_{d \in \mathcal{D}_i}$$

$$\text{CLUSTERMANAGEMENT}_i = (d, \text{CLUSTERDATACENTER}_i)_{d \in \mathcal{D}_i}$$

### A.4.1 DATACENTERUSERVIEW<sub>i</sub>

```

DATACENTERUSERVIEWi = -- main program of any d  $\in$   $\mathcal{D}_i$ 
  ANSWERREADREQi
  PERFORMWRITEREQi

ANSWERREADREQi =
if Received(read(pi,  $\varphi$ ), from a) then
  forall j  $\in$  {1, ..., qi} -- for each fragment choose complying replicas

```

```

choose  $C_{i,j} \subseteq \text{ReplicaNodes}_{i,j}$  with  $\text{Complies}(C_{i,j}, \text{readPolicy})$ 
let  $t_{\max}(\mathbf{k}) =$  -- compute most recent timestamp
     $\max\{t \mid p_{i,j,d',j'}(\mathbf{k}) = (\mathbf{v}', t) \text{ forsome } \mathbf{v}', (d', j') \in C_{i,j}\}$ 
    -- collect most recent defined values in  $j$ -th fragment
let  $\rho_{i,j} = \{(\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{v}) \mid \mathbf{k} \in \text{Frag}_{j,i} \uparrow \varphi \text{ and } \mathbf{v} \neq \text{null} \text{ and}$ 
     $p_{i,j,d',j'}(\mathbf{k}) = (\mathbf{v}, t_{\max}(\mathbf{k})) \text{ forsome } (d', j') \in C_{i,j}\}$ 
let  $\rho = \bigcup_{j=1}^{q_i} \rho_{i,j}$  -- collect values from all fragments
     $\text{SEND}(\text{ValFor}(\text{read}(p_i, \varphi), \rho), \mathbf{to } a)$ 
    -- send current  $(p_i, \varphi)$ - values
CONSUME( $\text{read}(p_i, \varphi)$ , from  $a$ )

PERFORMWRITEREQ}_i =
if  $\text{Received}(\text{write}(p_i, p), \text{from } a)$  then
  let  $t_{\text{current}} = \text{clock}_{\text{self}}$  -- retrieve current data center time
  forall  $j \in \{1, \dots, q_i\}$  -- for each fragment choose complying replicas
    choose  $C_{i,j} \subseteq \text{ReplicaNodes}_{i,j}$  with  $\text{Complies}(C_{i,j}, \text{writePolicy})$ 
    forall  $(d', j') \in C_{i,j}$  -- for each chosen  $d'$  and replica
      forall  $(\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{v}) \in p$  with  $h_i(\mathbf{k}) \in \text{range}_j$  -- for each  $p$ -value
        forall  $\mathbf{v}', t$  with  $p_{i,j,d',j'}(\mathbf{k}) = (\mathbf{v}', t)$  and  $t < t_{\text{current}}$ 
           $p_{i,j,d',j'}(\mathbf{k}) := (\mathbf{v}, t_{\text{current}})$  -- update older db value
           $\text{PROPAGATE}(i, j, \mathbf{k}, \mathbf{v}, t_{\text{current}}, C_{i,j})$ 
          -- propagate  $p$ -value to non-chosen replicas
        if  $\text{clock}_{d'} < t_{\text{current}}$  then  $\text{ADJUSTCLOCK}(d', t_{\text{current}})$ 
       $\text{SEND}(\text{AckFor}(\text{write}(p_i, p)), \mathbf{to } a)$ 
       $\text{CONSUME}(\text{write}(p_i, p), \text{from } a)$ 

PROPAGATE}(i, j, \mathbf{k}, \mathbf{v}, t, C) =
let  $b = \text{new}(\text{Agent})$ 
   $\text{pgm}(b) :=$ 
    forall  $(d', j') \in \text{ReplicaNodes}_{i,j} \setminus C$ 
      forall  $\mathbf{v}', t'$  with  $p_{i,j,d',j'}(\mathbf{k}) = (\mathbf{v}', t')$  and  $t' < t$ 
         $p_{i,j,d',j'}(\mathbf{k}) := (\mathbf{v}, t)$ 
        if  $\text{clock}_{d'} < t_{\text{current}}$  then  $\text{ADJUSTCLOCK}(d', t)$ 
       $\text{DELETE}(b, \text{Agent})^1$ 

```

#### A.4.2 CLUSTERDATACENTER}\_i

```

CLUSTERDATACENTER}_i = -- main program of any  $d \in \mathcal{D}_i$ 
  DELEGATEEXTERNALREQ}_i
  MANAGEINTERNALREQ}_i

```

<sup>1</sup> Since in the ground model the propagation is formulated as happening in parallel for all involved replicas, the propagation agent performs only this one step and thus can also kill itself right away.

### A.4.2.1 Request Delegation Rules

```

DELEGATEEXTERNALREQi =
  if Received(req, from a) then                                -- any read/write req request
    let tcurrent = clockself                                       -- retrieve current data center time
    let c = new (Agent)                                           -- create response collector
      INITIALIZEi(c, (req, a, self))                               -- and initialize it
      FORWARDi(req, c, tcurrent)                                   -- delegate response
      CONSUME(req, from a)
  where
    req ∈ {read(pi, φ), write(pi, p)} forsome φ, p

```

Two component rules for request delegation:

```

FORWARDi(r, c, t) =                                           -- delegate response throughout the cluster
  forall d ∈  $\mathcal{D}_i$ 
    SEND((r, c, t), to d)

INITIALIZEi(c, (r, usr, d)) =
  pgm(c) := MANAGERRESPONSECOLLECTIONi                         -- see below
  ReadValc := ∅                                                 -- initialize set where to collect responses
  forall d ∈  $\mathcal{D}_i$ 
    forall  $1 \leq j \leq q_i$ 
      countc(j, d) := 0                                       -- inspected Fragj,i-replicas at d
      countc(j) := 0                                           -- inspected Fragj,i-replicas
    requestc := r                                               -- record user request
    requestorc := usr                                           -- record user
    mediatorc := d                                             -- record home(usr)

```

### A.4.2.2 Internal Request Management Rules

```

MANAGEINTERNALREQi =
  if Received(req, c, t) then
    HANDLELOCALLYi(req, c, t)   -- comes with read/write versions
    CONSUME(req, c, t)

```

```

HANDLELOCALLYi(read( $p_i, \varphi$ ),  $c, t$ ) =
  let  $d = \text{self} \in \mathcal{D}_i$                                 -- at the local data center  $d$ 
  forall  $j \in \{1, \dots, q_i\}$                             -- for each fragment
    let  $G_{i,j,d} =$                                        -- inspect replicas at all Alive  $d$ -nodes
       $\{j' \mid \text{HoldsReplica}(j', d, j, i) \text{ and } \text{Alive}(j', d)\}$ 
    let  $t_{\max}(\mathbf{k}) =$                                      -- to compute their most recent timestamp
       $\max\{t \mid p_{i,j,d,j'}(\mathbf{k}) = (\mathbf{v}', t) \text{ forsome } \mathbf{v}', j' \in G_{i,j,d}\}$ 
    let  $\rho_{i,j,d} =$ 
       $\{(\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{v}, t_{\max}(\mathbf{k})) \mid \mathbf{k} \in \text{Frag}_{j,i} \uparrow \varphi \text{ and } \mathbf{v} \neq \text{null} \text{ and}$ 
       $p_{i,j,d,j'}(\mathbf{k}) = (\mathbf{v}, t_{\max}(\mathbf{k})) \text{ forsome } j' \in G_{i,j,d}\}$ 
      -- collect at  $d$  most recent defined values in  $j$ -th fragment
    let  $\rho_d =$                                            -- collect those values from all fragments
       $\bigcup_{j=1}^{q_i} \rho_{i,j,d}$ 
    let  $\mathbf{x}_d =$                                            -- count inspected replicas
       $(|G_{i,1,d}|, \dots, |G_{i,q_i,d}|)$ 
      SEND(LocalValFor(read( $p_i, \varphi$ ),  $\rho_d, \mathbf{x}_d$ ), to  $c$ )
      -- send local values to response collector

```

```

HANDLELOCALLYi(write( $p_i, p$ ),  $c, t$ ) =
  let  $d = \text{self} \in \mathcal{D}_i$                                 -- at the local data center  $d$ 
  forall  $j \in \{1, \dots, q_i\}$                             -- for each fragment
    let  $G_{i,j,d} = \{j' \mid \text{HoldsReplica}(j', d, j, i) \text{ and } \text{Alive}(j', d)\}$ 
      -- inspect replicas at all Alive  $d$ -nodes
    forall  $j' \in G_{i,j,d}$                                   -- for each of those replicas
      forall  $(\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{v}) \in p$  with  $\mathbf{k} \in \text{Frag}_{j,i}$     -- for each update value in  $p$ 
        if  $p_{i,j,d,j'}(\mathbf{k}) = (\mathbf{v}', t')$  with  $t' < t$  forsome  $\mathbf{v}', t'$ 
          then  $p_{i,j,d,j'}(\mathbf{k}) := (\mathbf{v}, t)$            -- update older values to  $p$ -value
        if  $\text{clock}_d < t$  then ADJUSTCLOCK( $d, t$ )
      let  $\mathbf{x} = (|G_{i,1,d}|, \dots, |G_{i,q_i,d}|)$           -- count inspected replicas
      SEND(LocalAckFor(write( $p_i, p$ ),  $\mathbf{x}$ ), to  $c$ )
      -- send local ack to response collector

```

### A.4.2.3 Response Collection Rules

```

MANAGERESPONSECOLLECTIONi =
  COLLECTLOCALREADRESPONSESi
  SENDREADRESPONSE
  COLLECTLOCALWRITERESPONSESi
  SENDWRITERESPONSE

```

```

COLLECTLOCALREADRESPONSESi =
  if Received(LocalValFor(read( $p_i, \varphi$ ),  $\rho, \mathbf{x}$ ), from  $d$ ) then
    forall  $\mathbf{k}$  if thereis some  $(\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{v}, t) \in \rho$  then    -- for each key  $\mathbf{k}$ 
      let  $(\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{v}, t) \in \rho$                             -- with received local value  $\mathbf{v}$ 
      if thereis no  $(\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{v}', t') \in \text{ReadVal}$           -- if key  $\mathbf{k}$  new for collection

```

```

then INSERT( $(\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{v}, t)$ , ReadVal) -- collect received key value
else let  $(\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{v}', t') \in \textit{ReadVal}$  -- for  $\mathbf{k}$ -value  $\mathbf{v}'$  in collection
    if  $t' < t$  then -- with older timestamp
        DELETE( $(\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{v}', t')$ , ReadVal) -- replace old value
        INSERT( $(\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{v}, t)$ , ReadVal) -- by new value
REFRESHREPLICACOUNT $_i(\mathbf{x}, d)$ 
CONSUME(LocalValFor(read( $p_i, \varphi$ ),  $\rho, \mathbf{x}$ ), from  $d$ )

COLLECTLOCALWRITERESPONSES =
if Received(LocalAckFor(write( $p_i, p$ ),  $\mathbf{x}$ ), from  $d$ ) then
    REFRESHREPLICACOUNT $_i(\mathbf{x}, d)$ 
    CONSUME(LocalAckFor(write( $p_i, p$ ),  $\mathbf{x}$ ), from  $d$ )

SENDREADRESPONSE =
if Sufficient(readPolicy)(count) and IsReadReq(request(self)) then
    let  $\rho = \{(\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{v}) \mid (\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{v}, t) \in \textit{ReadVal} \text{ for some } t\}$ 
        SEND(ValFor(request(self),  $\rho$ ), -- send the collected values
            from mediator(self), to requestor(self))
        DELETE(self, Agent) -- collector kills itself

SENDWRITERESPONSE =
if Sufficient(writePolicy)(count) and IsWriteReq(request(self)) then
    SEND(AckFor(request(self)),
        from mediator(self), to requestor(self))
    DELETE(self, Agent)

```

Auxiliary rule for replica count update:

```

REFRESHREPLICACOUNT $_i(\mathbf{x}, d) =$ 
let  $(x_1, \dots, x_{q_i}) = \mathbf{x}$ 
forall  $j \in \{1, \dots, q_i\}$ 
    count( $j, d$ ) := count( $j, d$ ) +  $x_j$ 
    count( $j$ ) := count( $j$ ) +  $x_j$ 

```



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