

# Appendix A

## Bessel Functions

We are collecting some definitions and, mostly well-known, relevant material for Bessel functions. A main reference for those properties of the Bessel functions  $K_\nu$  and  $I_\nu$  listed here is Gradshteyn and Ryzhik (1996) and the number codes given in square brackets “[. . .]” below refer to that work. Adhering to standard notation, throughout the following  $\nu$  denotes a positive real number, used as an index.

For  $\nu > 0$ , the modified Bessel function of the third kind, denoted  $K_\nu$ , may be defined by the relations

$$\int_0^\infty z^{\nu-1} (z+u)^{\nu-1} e^{-2\lambda z} dz = \frac{\Gamma(\nu)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)} 2^{-\nu+\frac{1}{2}} \lambda^{-2\nu+1} e^{\lambda u} \overline{K}_{\nu-\frac{1}{2}}(\lambda u), \quad (\text{A.1})$$

where

$$\overline{K}_\nu(x) = x^\nu K_\nu(x).$$

Formula (A.1) follows from [3.383.8].<sup>1</sup>

From the elementary exact properties of the Bessel functions  $K_\nu$  [8.486.16; 8.486.10; 8.486.13] we have that :

$$\begin{aligned} K_\nu(x) &= K_{-\nu}(x), \\ K_{\nu+1}(x) &= 2\nu x^{-1} K_\nu(x) + K_{\nu-1}(x), \\ K'_\nu(x) &= -K_{\nu-1}(x) - \nu x^{-1} K_\nu(x). \end{aligned}$$

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<sup>1</sup>There is a misprint in the latter formula: The factor  $e^{\beta\mu}$  on the right hand side should be replaced by  $e^{\beta\mu/2}$ .

From this follows the recursive expression for  $\overline{K}$ ,

$$\overline{K}_{\nu+1}(x) = 2\nu\overline{K}_{\nu}(x) + x^2\overline{K}_{\nu-1}(x),$$

and, moreover, the derivative becomes

$$\overline{K}'_{\nu}(x) = -x\overline{K}_{\nu-1}(x). \quad (\text{A.2})$$

Introduce the Bessel functions  $I_{\nu}$  by,

$$I_{\nu}(x) = \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^{\nu} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^{2n}}{n! \Gamma(n + \nu + 1)}. \quad (\text{A.3})$$

This definition is quoted from Watson (1966). The Bessel functions  $K_{\nu}$  and  $I_{\nu}$  are, provided that  $\nu$  is not an integer, connected by [8.485] as follows

$$K_{\nu}(x) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\pi}{\sin(\pi\nu)} (I_{-\nu}(x) - I_{\nu}(x)),$$

which, due to the well-known formula [8.334.3] for  $\Gamma$ -functions,

$$\Gamma(1 - \nu) \Gamma(\nu) = \frac{\pi}{\sin(\pi\nu)},$$

may be rewritten as

$$K_{\nu}(x) = \frac{1}{2} \Gamma(1 - \nu) \Gamma(\nu) (I_{-\nu}(x) - I_{\nu}(x)). \quad (\text{A.4})$$

Further, the Bessel functions  $I_{\nu}$  satisfy the recursion relation [8.486.1]:

$$xI_{\nu-1}(x) - xI_{\nu+1}(x) = 2\nu I_{\nu}(x). \quad (\text{A.5})$$

Also, the Bessel functions of the first kind  $J_{\nu}$  and the second kind  $N_{\nu}$  are defined as

$$J_{\nu}(x) = \frac{x^{\nu}}{2^{\nu}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k \frac{x^{2k}}{2^{2k} k! \Gamma(\nu + k + 1)},$$

$$N_{\nu}(x) = \frac{1}{\sin(\nu\pi)} (\cos(\nu\pi) J_{\nu}(x) - J_{-\nu}(x)).$$

A graphical illustration of the modified Bessel function of the third kind  $K_{\nu}(x)$  and of  $\overline{K}_{\nu}(x)$  is given in Figs. A.1, A.2, A.3, and A.4.

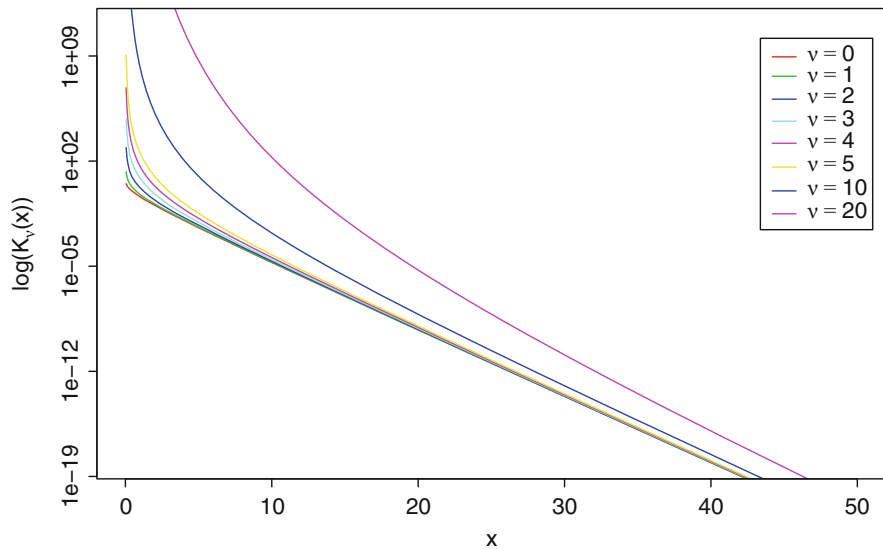


Fig. A.1 Plots of the logarithmic transform of the Bessel function  $K_\nu(x)$  for various choices of  $\nu$

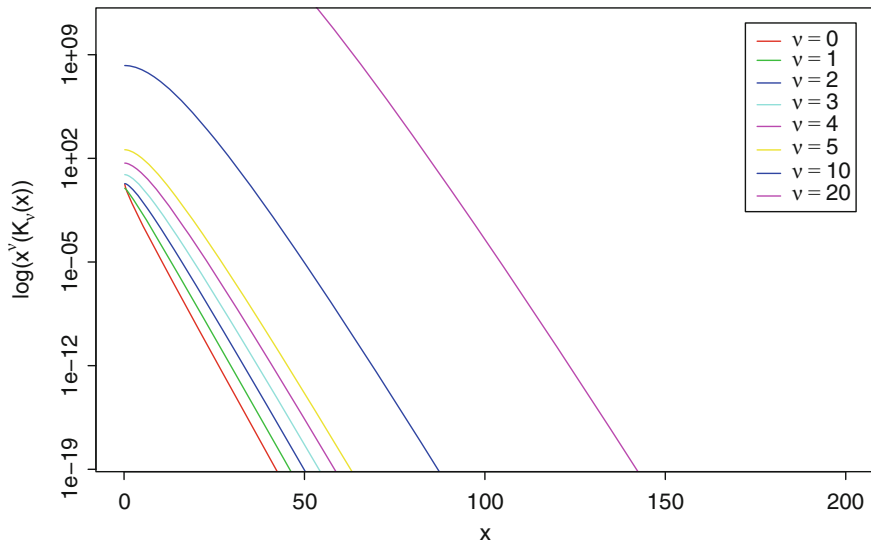
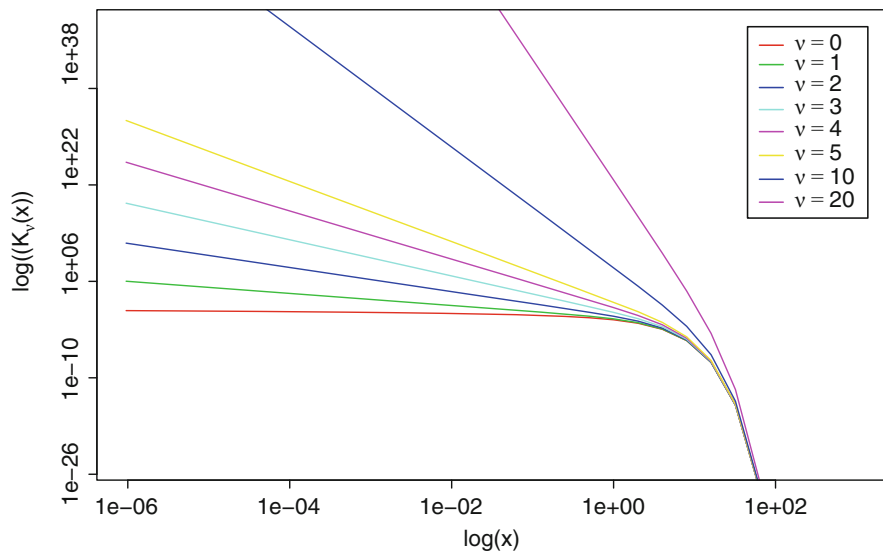
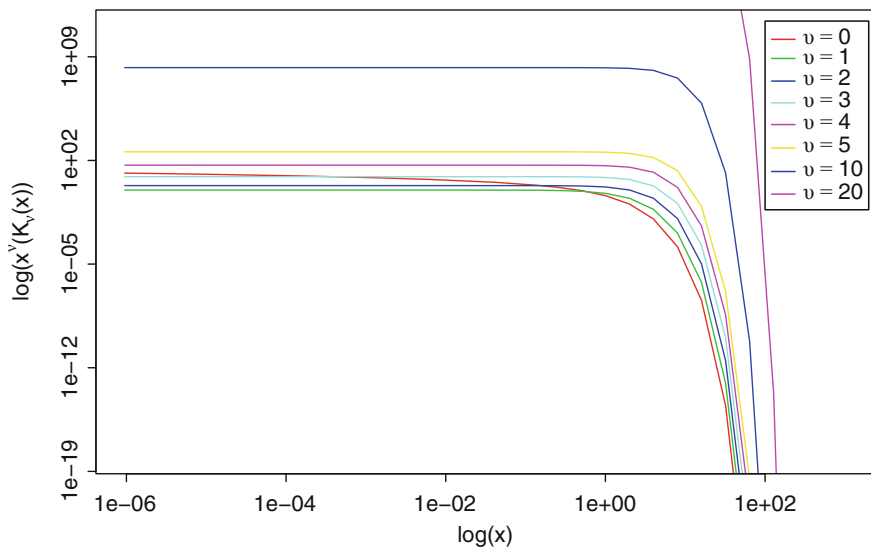


Fig. A.2 Plots of the logarithmic transform of the function  $\overline{K}_\nu(x)$  for various choices of  $\nu$



**Fig. A.3** Plots of the Bessel function  $K_\nu(x)$  for various choices of  $\nu$  near zero. The plot is presented on a log-log scale



**Fig. A.4** Plots of the function  $\bar{K}_\nu(x)$  for various choices of  $\nu$  near zero. The plot is presented on a log-log scale

# Appendix B

## Generalised Hyperbolic Distribution

In the following we are summarising basic definitions of the generalised inverse Gaussian (GIG) and the generalised hyperbolic (GH) distribution.

### B.1 Generalised Inverse Gaussian Distribution

The generalised inverse Gaussian  $GIG(\nu, \delta, \gamma)$  distribution is a three-parameter probability distribution with support on  $(0, \infty)$  whose density is given by

$$f(x; \nu, \delta, \gamma) = \frac{(\gamma/\delta)^\nu}{2K_\nu(\delta\gamma)} x^{\nu-1} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}(\delta^2 x^{-1} + \gamma^2 x)\right), \quad \text{for } x > 0, \quad (\text{B.1})$$

where  $\nu \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $\gamma$  and  $\delta$  are both nonnegative and not simultaneously equal to zero; also recall that  $K_\nu(\cdot)$  is the modified Bessel function of the third kind, see Appendix A.

If we set  $\bar{\gamma} = \delta\gamma$ , (B.1) can be rewritten as

$$f(x; \nu, \delta, \gamma) = \frac{\bar{\gamma}^\nu}{2K_\nu(\bar{\gamma})} \delta^{-2\nu} x^{\nu-1} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\left(\delta^2 x^{-1} + \frac{\bar{\gamma}^2}{\delta^2} x\right)\right), \quad \text{for } x > 0. \quad (\text{B.2})$$

From the latter representation we see that  $\delta^2$  plays the role of a scale parameter, whereas  $\bar{\gamma}$  is invariant under scale transformations. The case when  $\bar{\gamma} = \delta\gamma = 0$  in (B.1) should be interpreted as a limiting case. The Lévy density associated with the  $GIG(\nu, \delta, \gamma)$  distribution is given by

$$u(x) = x^{-1} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int_0^\infty e^{-\frac{1}{2}\delta^{-2}x\xi} g_\nu(\xi) d\xi + \max(0, \nu) \nu \right) \exp(-\gamma^2 x/2),$$

where  $g_\nu(x) = \frac{2}{x\pi^2} \left( J_{|\nu|}^2(\sqrt{x}) + N_{|\nu|}^2(\sqrt{x}) \right)^{-1}$ . Recall that  $J_{|\nu|}$  and  $N_{|\nu|}$  denote the Bessel functions of the first and second kind, respectively, see Appendix A.

Special cases of the GIG( $\nu, \delta, \gamma$ ) include the:

**Inverse Gaussian distribution** IG( $\delta, \gamma$ ) = GIG( $-\frac{1}{2}, \delta, \gamma$ ) for  $\delta > 0, \gamma \geq 0$ , which has probability density

$$f(x) = \frac{\delta}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{\delta\gamma} x^{-3/2} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}(\delta^2 x^{-1} + \gamma^2 x)\right), \quad \text{for } x > 0,$$

and Lévy density

$$u(x) = \frac{\delta}{\sqrt{2\pi}} x^{-3/2} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\gamma^2 x\right).$$

**Gamma Distribution**  $\Gamma(\nu, \alpha) = \text{GIG}(\nu, 0, \gamma)$  for  $\nu > 0$  and  $\alpha = \gamma^2/2$ , which has probability density

$$f(x) = \frac{\alpha^\nu}{\Gamma(\nu)} x^{\nu-1} \exp(-\alpha x), \quad \text{for } x > 0,$$

and Lévy density

$$u(x) = \nu x^{-1} \exp(-\alpha x).$$

Other important sub-classes of the GIG distribution include the reciprocal inverse Gaussian distribution RIG( $\delta > 0, \gamma \geq 0$ ) = GIG( $\frac{1}{2}, \delta, \gamma$ ), the reciprocal gamma distribution R $\Gamma(\bar{\nu} > 0, \alpha = \delta^2/2)$  = GIG( $-\nu, \delta, 0$ ) (for  $\bar{\nu} = -\nu$ ), the positive hyperbolic distribution PH( $\delta > 0, \gamma \geq 0$ ) = GIG( $1, \delta, \gamma$ ), and the reciprocal positive hyperbolic distribution RPH( $\delta, \gamma$ ) = GIG( $-1, \delta, \gamma$ ).

## B.2 Generalised Hyperbolic Distribution

The generalised hyperbolic distribution can be constructed via a mean-variance mixture of a standard normally distributed random variable, where the mixing distribution is chosen to be a GIG distribution. We briefly summarise the univariate construction of a random variable with generalised hyperbolic distribution, see in particular Barndorff-Nielsen (1977) for the hyperbolic distribution and Barndorff-Nielsen (1997) for the normal inverse Gaussian distribution.

Let  $U \sim N(0, 1)$  and  $\sigma^2 \sim \text{GIG}(\nu, \delta, \gamma)$  and suppose that  $U$  and  $\sigma$  are independent. Let  $\mu, \beta \in \mathbb{R}$  and set

$$Y = \mu + \beta\sigma^2 + \sigma U.$$

Then

$$Y|\sigma^2 \sim N(\mu + \beta\sigma^2, \sigma^2).$$

The random variable  $Y$  follows a generalised hyperbolic distribution  $\text{GH}(\nu, \alpha, \beta, \mu, \delta)$ , where  $\alpha = \sqrt{\gamma^2 + \beta^2}$ . Its probability density function is given by

$$f(x; \nu, \alpha, \beta, \mu, \delta) = \frac{\gamma^{2\nu} \alpha^{1-2\nu}}{\sqrt{2\pi} \overline{K}_\nu(\delta\gamma)} \overline{K}_{\nu-\frac{1}{2}} \left( \alpha \sqrt{\delta^2 + (y - \mu)^2} \right) \exp(\beta(y - \mu)),$$

for  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ . One can show that the generalised hyperbolic laws have semi-heavy tails; more specifically, as  $x \rightarrow \pm\infty$ , we have that

$$f(x; \nu, \alpha, \beta, 0, \delta) = \text{const.} |x|^{\nu-1} \exp(-\alpha|x| + \beta).$$

The following sub-classes of the generalised hyperbolic distribution are of particular interest in applications, see e.g. Chap. 10:

**Gaussian Distribution**  $N(\mu, \sigma^2) = \lim_{\gamma \rightarrow \infty} \text{GH}(\nu, \gamma, 0, \mu, \sigma^2\gamma)$  with density function

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(x - \mu)^2\right).$$

**Normal Inverse Gaussian Distribution**  $\text{NIG}(\alpha, \beta, \mu, \delta) = \text{GH}(-\frac{1}{2}, \alpha, \beta, \mu, \delta)$ , which corresponds to choosing  $\sigma^2 \sim \text{IG}(\delta, \gamma)$ , with density function

$$f(x) = \pi^{-1} \alpha \exp\left(\delta \sqrt{\alpha^2 - \beta^2}\right) (q((x - \mu)/\delta))^{-1} K_1(\delta \alpha q((x - \mu)/\delta)) e^{\beta(x - \mu)},$$

where  $q(x) = \sqrt{1 + x^2}$ .

**Variance Gamma Distribution**  $\text{VG}(\nu, \alpha, \beta, \mu) = \text{GH}(\nu, \alpha, \beta, \mu, 0)$ , which corresponds to choosing  $\sigma^2 \sim \Gamma(\nu, \gamma^2/2)$ , with density function

$$f(x) = \frac{(\alpha^2 - \beta^2)^\nu \alpha^{1-2\nu}}{\sqrt{2\pi} \Gamma(\nu) 2^{\nu-1}} \overline{K}_{\nu-1/2}(\alpha|x - \mu|) e^{\beta(x - \mu)}.$$

**Student t Distribution**  $T(\nu, \beta, \delta, \mu) = \text{GH}(-\nu, \beta, \beta, \mu, \delta)$ , which corresponds to choosing  $\sigma^2 \sim \text{R}\Gamma(\nu, \delta^2/2)$ , with density function

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\delta\Gamma(\nu)2^{\nu-1}} (q((x-\mu)/\delta))^{-2\nu-1} \overline{K}_{\nu+1/2}(\delta|\beta|q((x-\mu)/\delta)) e^{\beta(x-\mu)},$$

where  $q(x) = \sqrt{1+x^2}$ .

**Hyperbolic Distribution**  $H(\alpha, \beta, \mu, \delta) = \text{GH}(1, \alpha, \beta, \mu, \delta)$ , which corresponds to choosing  $\sigma^2 \sim \text{PH}(\delta, \gamma)$ , with density function

$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{\alpha^2 - \beta^2}}{2\alpha\delta K_1(\delta\sqrt{\alpha^2 - \beta^2})} \exp\left(-\alpha\sqrt{\delta^2 + (x-\mu)^2} + \beta(x-\mu)\right).$$

If  $\beta = 0$  in the GH, NIG, VG, T and H distributions, then they are symmetric.



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