ion-insertion reactions at the levels of electrons, ions, molecules, and particles using a bottom-up approach. They have pioneered the use of state-of-theart *in situ* and *in operando* techniques, employing novel methods of transmission electron microscopy, synchrotron x-ray spectroscopy, and diffraction to study processes such as ion intercalation into battery electrodes and local structural changes at interfaces during redox reactions.

Chueh and his group utilize a wide range of solutions, vapor, and solidstate routes to create high-performance electrochemical devices, such as photoelectrochemical cells, fuel cells, electrolyzers, and metal-air batteries.

He received his BS degree in applied physics and his PhD degree in materials

science from the California Institute of Technology. Chueh is recognized as a Top 35 Innovator under the Age of 35 by *MIT Technology Review*, he received the President Harry S. Truman Distinguished Postdoctoral Fellowship from Sandia National Laboratories, the BASF/Volkswagen Science Award for Electrochemistry, the Camille Dreyfus Teacher-Scholar Award, and an NSF Career Award.



Wood named 2018 MRS Outstanding Young Investigator for work with transport processes

Vanessa Wood, Department of Information Technology and Electrical Engineering, ETH Zürich, has been named a 2018 Materials Research Society (MRS) Outstanding Young Investigator. Wood was cited "for innovative work in visualizing, quantifying, and explaining transport processes in materials and devices." She will receive the award Wednesday, April 4, at the 2018 MRS Spring Meeting in Phoenix and will present her talk Monday, April 2 at the PCC. Wood currently heads the Laboratory for Nanoelectronics at ETH Zürich. The Laboratory investigates the potential of nanoscale materials in electronic devices at each point in the energy life cycle—collection, storage, and usage. Using a combination of experiment and theory, the group studies the fundamental electronic properties of materials and applies the findings to the rational design of devices that harness the novel form factors and properties provided by nano-sized materials. Her research focuses on the development of analytical techniques to study the electronic and ionic transport in solution-processed structures composed of materials with nanoscale dimensions. The information gained from these studies is then applied to developing new materials and device architectures for optoelectronic and electrochemical energy-storage applications, such as LEDs, solar cells, and lithium-ion batteries.

Wood received her BSc degree in applied physics from Yale University and her PhD degree in electrical engineering from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. She has earned the World Economic Forum Young Scientist Award, the BASF/Volkswagen Award for Electrochemistry, the Goldene Eule Teaching Award, the Intel Early Career Faculty Award, and is a TED Fellow, among other recognitions.



A rnab Banerjee, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, has received a Materials Research Society (MRS) Postdoctoral Award "for groundbreaking experiments providing evidence of topological excitations in a two-dimensional magnet, moving toward lossless qubits in

Banerjee and Xu to receive MRS Postdoctoral Awards

quantum computing," and Jie Xu, Stanford University, has received the award "for applying polymer physics concepts to realize integrated, intrinsically stretchable transistors for skin electronics."

Banerjee received a BSc degree in physics from the Indian Institute of Technology and his PhD degree in physics from the University of Chicago. He led a team of researchers to make high-quality powder and single crystals of the graphene-like honeycomb insulator α -RuCl₃. He then performed various experiments to reveal that the ground state of α -RuCl₃ is close to a true quantum spin liquid ground state. He pioneered the field with experiments that resolved a controversy of stacking faults in these 2D materials.

Xu received a BS degree in chemistry and a PhD degree in polymer physics from Nanjing University. Her current work focuses primarily on developing new material chemistry concepts for next-generation stretchable electronics. She has been able to integrate a