ASO VISUAL ABSTRACT

ASO Visual Abstract: Prognostic Effect of Aberrant Right Hepatic Artery with Pancreaticoduodenectomy—Focus on Hepatic Recurrence

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This study evaluated the prognostic effect of aberrant right hepatic artery (aRHA) anatomy on outcomes following pancreaticoduodenectomy, with the specific focus on hepatic recurrence (<https://doi.org/10.1245/s10434-022-11341-6>). An aRHA was found to be associated with inferior survival outcomes, which is most likely due to the significantly increased risk of hepatic metastatic recurrence with aberrant anatomy. While utilization of systemic

therapy was found to equilibrate overall survival (OS) and disease-free survival (DFS) outcomes, it had a more subtle effect on limiting hepatic spread of disease. Study findings suggest potential to expand consideration for systemic therapy for patients with aRHA anatomy. This analysis provides important prognostic information for a commonly encountered anatomic variant.

DISCLOSURE None of the authors have any conflicts of interest.