



ASO VISUAL ABSTRACT

ASO Visual Abstract: Stepwise Limited Axillary Lymph Node Dissection Based on Lymphatic Drainage from the Breast to Decrease Breast Cancer-Related Lymphedema: A Randomized Controlled Trial

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As described in our study (<https://doi.org/10.1245/s10434-021-10526-9>), extensive axillary dissection is related to a high occurrence rate of morbidity. The randomized

controlled trial confirmed that the axillary surgery based on lymph drainage from breast could limit surgical extent for node-positive breast cancer patients.

