CORRECTION

Correction to: Human adipose-derived stem cells partially rescue the stroke syndromes by promoting spatial learning and memory in mouse middle cerebral artery occlusion model

Fei Zhou¹⁺, Shane Gao²⁺, Lin Wang³⁺, Chenxi Sun², Lu Chen², Ping Yuan⁴, Haiyang Zhao⁵, Yi Yi¹, Ying Qin², Zhiqiang Dong², Limei Cao², Haiyan Ren¹, Liang Zhu², Qiang Li¹, Bing Lu², Aibin Liang⁴, Guo-Tong Xu⁶, Hongwen Zhu^{7,8}, Zhengliang Gao^{9,10}, Jie Ma^{3*}, Jun Xu^{2*} and Xu Chen^{1*}

Correction to: Stem Cell Res Ther https://doi.org/10.1186/s13287-015-0078-1

The original article [1] contains an accidental omission in the Acknowledgements. The corrected Acknowledgements section is shown ahead:

Acknowledgements

This work was supported by the Ministry of Science and Technology of China (2010CB945200, 2011CB966200); the National Natural Science Foundation of China (31471029, 81472141, 81070910, 81200832, 81271382); National program for support of Top-notch young professionals (J.X.); Shanghai City, the medical cooperation projects (11DZ192130C); Projects of International Cooperation and Exchanges NSFC (81261130318); the Fundamental Research Funds for the Central Universities; Tongji University Talents Training Program (2011KJ051); New Century Excellent Talents in University (NCET-10-0606); 51th China Postdoctoral surface Project (2012 M510890); Shanghai Postdoctoral Research Funding Scheme of 2012 (12R21416200).

Author details

¹Neurology Department, Shanghai Eighth People's Hospital Affiliated to Jiangsu University, Shanghai 200233, China. ²East Hospital, Tongji University School of Medicine, Shanghai 200120, China. ³Department of Pediatric Neurosurgery, Xinhua Hospital of Shanghai Jiaotong University, Shanghai 200092, China. ⁴Tongji Hospital, Tongji University School of Medicine, Shanghai 200442, China. ⁵Shanghai Xu Hui District Hospital Affiliated to Jiangsu University, Shanghai 200031, China. ⁶Laboratory of Clinical Visual Science, Tongji Eye Institute, Tongji University School of Medicine, Shanghai 200092, China. ⁷Tianjin Hospital, Tianjin 300211, China. ⁸Tianjin Academy of Integrative Medicine, Tianjin 300100, China. ⁹Institute of Translational Medicine, Tongji University School of Medicine, Shanghai 200092, China. ¹⁰Tenth People's Hospital Affiliated to Tongji University, Shanghai 200092, China.

Received: 28 February 2019 Revised: 28 February 2019 Accepted: 28 February 2019 Published online: 06 March 2019

Reference

 Zhou F, et al. Human adipose-derived stem cells partially rescue the stroke syndromes by promoting spatial learning and memory in mouse middle cerebral artery occlusion model. Stem Cell Res Ther. 2016;6:92 https://doi. org/10.1186/s13287-015-0078-1.

* Correspondence: majie365@hotmail.com; xunymc2000@yahoo.com; cxwp65@163.com

¹Fei Zhou, Shane Gao and Lin Wang contributed equally to this work. ³Department of Pediatric Neurosurgery, Xinhua Hospital of Shanghai Jiaotong University, Shanghai 200092, China

²East Hospital, Tongji University School of Medicine, Shanghai 200120, China ¹Neurology Department, Shanghai Eighth People's Hospital Affiliated to Jiangsu University, Shanghai 200233, China

Full list of author information is available at the end of the article



© The Author(s). 2019 **Open Access** This article is distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons license, and indicate if changes were made. The Creative Commons Public Domain Dedication waiver (http://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1.0/) applies to the data made available in this article, unless otherwise stated.



