Correction to: Civic education as an antidote to inequalities in political participation? New evidence from English secondary education

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Correction to: British Politics

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In the original article, Table 1 was published incorrectly. The correct Table 1 is given below.

The original article has been corrected.

The original article can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1057/s41293-021-00186-4>.

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Table 1 Inequalities in young people's political participation by gender, ethnicity and socio-economic status

	Gender				Ethnicity				Socio-economic status			
	Male (%)	Female (%)	χ^2	Corr	White (%)	BAME (%)	χ^2	Corr	High (%)	Low (%)	χ^2	Corr
How likely are you to do any of the following?												
Talk to others about your social and political views	36	72	4.07	0.31	57	47	1.87	0.15	84	33	9.23	0.52
Contact a politician	7	17	17.58	0.23	15	6	7.59	0.15	24	4	5.66	0.41
Take part in a peaceful march or rally	12	38	4.16	0.33	31	14	2.42	0.10	41	15	4.63	0.32
Collect signatures for a petition	11	32	3.37	0.32	24	18	3.22	0.06	34	13	3.59	0.31
Comment on an online discussion or post on social media	29	49	1.94	0.25	43	30	8.05	0.07	56	27	3.49	0.33
Participate in a campaign	17	37	3.52	0.32	30	22	4.56	0.11	42	17	4.41	0.37
Choose to buy certain products in support of a cause you care about	31	52	2.46	0.26	45	35	5.03	0.11	58	30	3.65	0.29
When you are over the age of 18, how likely will you be to do any of the following?												
Vote in a national general election	61	78	15.99	0.19	72	65	11.33	0.09	88	57	5.65	0.39
Join a political party	19	24	18.09	0.14	25	14	12.05	0.17	38	10	6.27	0.41
Stand as a candidate in an election	11	12	8.18	0.05	12	11	0.77	0.03	14	10	17.60	0.17
Help a candidate or a political party during an election campaign	17	24	6.09	0.11	25	12	7.67	0.11	29	15	2.79	0.26

Percentages refer to proportions of participants in each category that reported being 'Likely' or 'Very Likely' to engage in each specific behaviour; bold coefficients are statistically significant at $p < 0.05$ or less; weighted data

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