



This week in techniques

Approach	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
Drug platforms			
Adoptive cell therapy using mutation-specific, CD4* T cells in epithelial cancer	A single-patient study suggests adoptive cell therapy using tumor mutation-specific, CD4+ T cells could help treat epithelial cancer. <i>Ex vivo</i> , patient dendritic cells were transfected with RNAs representing 26 different patient-specific cancer mutations identified via whole-exome sequencing and then cocultured with patient tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes (TILs). Patient CD4+ T cells specifically recognized dendritic cells presenting an ErbB2 interacting protein (ERBB2IP) antigen with an E805G mutation. In the patient, adoptive transfer of about 10 billion ERBB2IPE805G mutation-specific, CD4+ T cells led to tumor regression that peaked at 7 months and disease stabilization for about 13 months. Next steps include evaluating mutations in additional cancers that would be recognized by T cells and amenable for use in mutation-specific, CD4+ T cell therapy. SciBX 7(22); doi:10.1038/scibx.2014.658	Patent application filed; licensing status unavailable	Tran, E. et al. Science; published online May 9, 2014; doi:10.1126/science.1251102 Contact: Steven A. Rosenberg, National Cancer Institute, Bethesda, Md. e-mail: sar@nih.gov
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