



This week in techniques

Approach	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
Assays & screens			
Semiconductor sequencing platform (SSP) for noninvasive diagnosis of incorrect chromosome numbers	of incorrect chromosome numbers using cell-free fetal DNA from maternal plasma. In retrospective karyotyping of 515 pregnant subjects, SSP identified trisomy 21, 18 and 13 with 99.94%–100% sensitivity and 99.46%–100% specificity, and it detected sex chromosome aneuploidies in 15 fetuses. In prospective karyotyping of 1,760 pregnancies, SSP identified 9 cases of trisomy 21, 3 cases each of trisomy 18 and 13, and 1 case of sex chromosome aneuploidy. Next steps include testing SSP on single-gene mutations. The study was performed in partnership with iGenomics Co. Ltd.	Patent and licensing status undisclosed; iGenomics commercializing the technology and diagnostic	Liao, C. et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA; published online May 5, 2014; doi:10.1073/pnas.1321997111 Contact: Kang Zhang, University of California, San Diego, La Jolla, Calif. e-mail: k5zhang@ucsd.edu
	SciBX 7(22); doi:10.1038/scibx.2014.654 Published online June 5, 2014		