

This week in therapeutics

Indication	Target/marker/pathway	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
Cardiovascular disease				
Cardiomyopathy	Apolipoprotein O (APOO)	<p><i>In vitro</i> and mouse studies suggest inhibiting cardiac APOO could help treat diabetes-associated cardiomyopathy. APOO is elevated in hearts of patients with diabetes. In mice overexpressing human APOO and fed a high-fat diet, ventricular function was decreased compared with that in wild-type mice. In cultured rat cardiac myoblasts, overexpression of <i>ApoO</i> increased respiration and mitochondrial uncoupling compared with wild-type <i>ApoO</i> expression and led to reactive oxygen species generation, lipotoxicity and cell death. Next steps could include developing an APOO inhibitor.</p> <p>SciBX 7(21); doi:10.1038/scibx.2014.615 Published online May 29, 2014</p>	Findings patented; available for licensing	<p>Turkieh, A. <i>et al. J. Clin. Invest.</i>; published online April 17, 2014; doi:10.1172/JCI74668</p> <p>Contact: Fatima Smith, Institut National de la Santé et de la Recherche Médicale (INSERM), Toulouse, France e-mail: fatima.smith-rouet@inserm.fr</p>