



This week in therapeutics

Indication	Target/marker/pathway	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
Neurology				
Neurology; Parkinson's disease (PD)	MAP kinase kinase kinase 12 (MAP3K12; DLK)	In vitro and mouse studies identified DLK inhibitors that could help treat neurodegenerative diseases. DLK plays a key role in regulating neurodegeneration. Library screening and subsequent medicinal chemistry on hits identified multiple di(pyridine-2-yl)amine analogs as selective nanomolar inhibitors of DLK. In an in vitro rat axon degeneration assay, several of the inhibitors prevented dorsal root ganglia degeneration at nanomolar IC $_{\rm 50}$ values. In mouse models of optic axonal injury and PD, oral or i.p. administration of the lead inhibitor (GNE-3511), respectively, decreased markers of neuronal degeneration compared with vehicle administration. Next steps include further characterization of the safety and efficacy of GNE-3511.	Patent applications filed; licensing status undisclosed	Patel, S. et al. J. Med. Chem.; published online Oct. 23, 2014; doi:10.1021/jm5013984 Contact: Michael Siu, Genentech Inc., South San Francisco, Calif. e-mail: siu.michael@gene.com Contact: Joseph W. Lewcock, same affiliation as above e-mail: lewcock.joseph@gene.com
		SciBX 7(45); doi:10.1038/scibx.2014.1324 Published online Nov. 20, 2014		