



This week in therapeutics

Indication	Target/marker/pathway	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
Neurology				
Neurology	Adenosine monophosphate deaminase 2 (AMPD2)	In vitro and genetic studies identified a subset of patients with pontocerebellar hypoplasia (PCH) who could benefit from treatment with purine precursors. A genetic screen of 30 patients with early onset PCH and their families identified a subset in the cohort with mutations in AMPD2, an enzyme necessary for biosynthesis of the purine nucleotide guanine. In patient neural progenitor cells, a feedback loop regulating purine biosynthesis was disrupted and treatment with purine precursors rescued protein translation and cell viability. Next steps could include developing animal models of PCH based on mutations in Ampd2.	Patent and licensing status unavailable	Akizu, N. et al. Cell; published online Aug. 1, 2013; doi:10.1016/j.cell.2013.07.005 Contact: Joseph G. Gleeson, University of California, San Diego, La Jolla, Calif. e-mail: jogleeson@ucsd.edu
		SciBX 6(34); doi:10.1038/scibx.2013.932 Published online Sept. 5, 2013		