



## This week in therapeutics

Indication	Target/marker/pathway	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
Cancer				
Cancer	Macrophage stimulating 1 receptor c-Met-related tyrosine kinase (MST1R; RON; CD136); c-Met proto-oncogene (MET; HGFR)	Mouse studies suggest inhibiting RON could help treat metastatic cancers by inducing an antitumor immune response. In an immune-competent mouse model for metastatic breast cancer, knockout of <i>Mst1r</i> eliminated metastasis and induced a more robust CD8* T cell antitumor response than no knockout. ASLAN002, an inhibitor of MET and RON, decreased metastasis to the lungs of mice compared with vehicle. Next steps include combination studies with chemotherapy.  Aslan Pharmaceuticals Pte. Ltd.'s ASLAN002 (formerly BMS-777607) is in Phase I trials to treat cancer.  Eli Lilly and Co.'s narnatumab (IMC-RON8), an anti-RON mAb, is in Phase I testing to treat cancer.	Unpatented; licensing status not applicable	Eyob, H. et al. Cancer Discov.; published online April 23, 2013; doi:10.1158/2159-8290.CD-12-0480 Contact: Alana L. Welm, Huntsman Cancer Institute at The University of Utah, Salt Lake City, Utah e-mail: alana.welm@hci.utah.edu
		SciBX 6(21); doi:10.1038/scibx.2013.514 Published online May 30, 2013		