



This week in techniques

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Approach	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
Assays & screens			
Single-molecule analysis of epigenetic markers	Single-molecule analysis of epigenetic markers could help identify epigenome-based cancer biomarkers and monitor the effects of epigenome-modifying drugs. Existing approaches, including chromatin immunoprecipitation and bisulfite sequencing, only allow the direct identification of one marker at a time and a second one by association but not by direct observation. The single-molecule approach uses fluorescently labeled antibodies to target a specific epigenetic mark on intact chromatin and a microfluidic device to separate and detect the fluorescently labeled chromatin complexes. The technique was used to detect two epigenetic markers simultaneously and monitor their methylation levels following treatment with a DNA methyltransferase inhibitor. Next steps could include further refining the technique to enable simultaneous identification of three or more epigenetic markers.	Patent and licensing status undisclosed	Murphy, P.J. et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA; published online April 22, 2013; doi:10.1073/pnas.1218495110 Contact: Paul D. Soloway, Cornell University, Ithaca, N.Y. e-mail: soloway@cornell.edu Contact: Harold G. Craighead, same affiliation as above e-mail: hgc1@cornell.edu
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