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This week in therapeutics

Indication	Target/marker/pathway	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
Neurology				
Stroke	Transient receptor potential cation channel subfamily M member 2 (TRPM2); NMDA receptor NR2A subtype (GRIN2A; NR2A); GRIN2B (NR2B)	Mouse studies suggest inhibiting TRPM2 could help prevent ischemic damage to neurons. In a mouse model of stroke, <i>Trpm2</i> knockout mice showed decreases in the degree of cerebral ischemia compared with unaltered mice. In mouse hippocampal slices and extracts, <i>Trpm2</i> knockout increased the ratio of GRIN2A to GRIN2B subunits of synaptic NMDARs and increased levels of GRIN2A-mediated prosurvival signaling proteins compared with no alteration. Next steps could include testing TRPM2 inhibitors in preclinical models of stroke.	Patent and licensing status unavailable	Alim, I. et al. J. Neurosci.; published online Oct. 30, 2013; doi:10.1523/JNEUROSCI.1729-13.2013 Contact: Michael Tymianski, Toronto Western Hospital, Toronto, Ontario, Canada e-mail: mike.tymianski@uhn.ca

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