



This week in therapeutics

Indication	Target/marker/pathway	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
Cancer				
Prostate cancer	Hydroxysteroid 3β dehydrogenase 1 (HSD3B1)	In vitro and mouse studies suggest inhibiting HSD3B1 could help treat castration-resistant prostate cancer. HSD3B1 is required for testosterone-independent synthesis of dihydrotestosterone (DHT), which contributes to prostate cancer growth. An acquired gain-of-function mutation in HSD3B1 that increased DHT levels was identified in 3 of 25 castration-resistant prostate tumors. In prostate cancer cells or a mouse xenograft model of prostate cancer, small hairpin RNA knockdown of HSD3B1 decreased DHT levels and cell or tumor proliferation compared with no knockdown. Next steps include identifying small molecule inhibitors of the target.	Two provisional patent applications filed; potentially available for licensing	Chang, KH. et al. Cell; published online Aug. 29, 2013; doi:10.1016/j.cell.2013.07.029 Contact: Nima Sharifi, Cleveland Clinic, Cleveland, Ohio e-mail: sharifn@ccf.org
		SciBX 6(37); doi:10.1038/scibx.2013.1028 Published online Sept. 26, 2013		