

This week in techniques

Approach	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
Markers			
Mutations in the extracellular domain of HER2 (EGFR2; ErbB2; neu) as markers of susceptibility to ErbB2 inhibitors	<p><i>In vitro</i> studies identified oncogenic mutations in the ErbB2 extracellular domain and suggest ErbB2 inhibitors could help treat cancers that harbor such mutations. In human fibroblasts, expression of an <i>ErbB2</i> gene with an extracellular domain mutation initially identified in lung adenocarcinoma induced anchorage-dependent proliferation. In murine bone marrow cells, expression of the mutant <i>ErbB2</i> rendered cells more sensitive to ErbB2 inhibitors, including neratinib and afatinib, compared with expression of wild-type <i>ErbB2</i> or <i>ErbB2</i> with activating mutations in the kinase domain. Next steps include testing ErbB2 inhibitors in clinical trials.</p> <p>Pfizer Inc. and Puma Biotechnology Inc. have neratinib in clinical and preclinical testing to treat various cancers. Boehringer Ingelheim GmbH has Tomtovok afatinib in clinical testing to treat multiple cancers.</p> <p>At least nine other companies have ErbB2 inhibitors in development stages ranging from preclinical to marketed to treat various cancers.</p> <p>SciBX 5(37); doi:10.1038/scibx.2012.994 Published online Sept. 20, 2012</p>	Findings unpatented; unavailable for licensing	<p>Greulich, H. <i>et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA</i>; published online Aug. 20, 2012; doi:10.1073/pnas.1203201109</p> <p>Contact: Heidi Greulich, Broad Institute of MIT and Harvard, Cambridge, Mass. e-mail: heidig@broadinstitute.org</p>