

### This week in therapeutics

Indication	Target/marker/pathway	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
<b>Various</b>				
Cancer; thrombosis	Not applicable	<p><i>In vitro</i> and mouse studies suggest preventing formation of neutrophil extracellular traps (NETs) could help prevent thrombosis in patients with cancer. In neutrophils isolated from three different mouse models of cancer, stimulation with a platelet-activating factor generated more thrombosis-inducing NETs than stimulation in neutrophils isolated from control mice. In a mouse model of breast cancer, NETs were associated with the formation of pulmonary thromboses. In this model, lipopolysaccharide (LPS) stimulation resulted in greater NET production than that in tumor-free mice and induced a prothrombotic state. Next steps include screening for therapeutics with anti-NET effects.</p> <p><b>SciBX 5(31); doi:10.1038/scibx.2012.824</b>  <b>Published online Aug. 9, 2012</b></p>	Patent application filed; available for licensing	<p>Demers, M. <i>et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA</i>; published online July 23, 2012;            doi:10.1073/pnas.1200419109  <b>Contact:</b> Denisa D. Wagner, Immune Disease Institute, Boston, Mass.            e-mail:  <a href="mailto:wagner@idi.harvard.edu">wagner@idi.harvard.edu</a></p>