



This week in therapeutics

Indication	Target/marker/pathway	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
Transplantation				
Graft-versus- host disease (GvHD)	MicroRNA-155 (miR-155)	Mouse studies suggest inhibiting miR-155 could help treat acute GvHD. In mice receiving an allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant, a locked nucleic acid (LNA) anti-miR-155 decreased acute GvHD severity and increased survival compared with a control oligonucleotide. Next steps include conducting pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic studies to find the optimal dose of the miRNA as well as conducting animal toxicity studies. Santaris Pharma A/S' miravirsen, an LNA-modified phosphorothioate antisense oligonucleotide targeting miR-122, is in Phase II testing to treat HCV. The company has at least 11 other LNA-based oligonucleotides in Phase I testing or earlier to treat hypercholesterolemia and various cancers.	LNA technology patented by Santaris; unavailable for licensing	Ranganathan, P. et al. Blood; published online March 9, 2012; doi:10.1182/blood-2011-10-387522 Contact: Ramiro Garzon, The Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio e-mail: ramiro.garzon@osumc.edu
		SciBX 5(13); doi:10.1038/scibx.2012.347 Published online March 29, 2012		