



This week in therapeutics

Indication	Target/marker/pathway	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
Pulmonary disease				
Cystic fibrosis (CF)	Cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR)	In vitro studies suggest stabilizing two distinct steps of mutant ΔF508 CFTR protein folding could help treat CF. In vitro studies showed the ΔF508 mutation in CFTR disrupts two proteinfolding steps and leads to CFTR degradation. Computational and thermodynamic analyses of ΔF508 CFTR identified two sets of suppressor mutations that synergized to correct CFTR folding and restore protein function to wild-type levels. Next steps include screening for compounds that affect each CFTR folding step and identifying which folding step is affected by existing CFTR-targeted compounds. Vertex Pharmaceuticals Inc.'s VX-809, a CFTR corrector, is in Phase II trials to treat ΔF508 CF. Vertex's VX-661, also a CFTR corrector, is in preclinical development to treat ΔF508 CF.	Findings for both studies unpatented; licensing status not applicable	Rabeh, W.M. et al. Cell; published online Jan. 20, 2012; doi:10.1016/j.cell.2011.11.024 Contact: Gergely L. Lukacs, McGill University, Montreal, Quebec, Canada e-mail: gergely.lukacs@mcgill.ca Mendoza, J.L. et al. Cell; published online Jan. 20, 2012; doi:10.1016/j.cell.2011.11.023 Contact: Philip J. Thomas, The University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center, Dallas, Texas e-mail: philip.thomas@utsouthwestern.edu
		SciBX 5(6); doi:10.1038/scibx.2012.164 Published online Feb. 9, 2012		