



This week in techniques

Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
In vitro and mouse studies identified a method to generate anterior pituitary tissues from ESCs that could help treat endocrine diseases. Cultured mouse ESCs were first stimulated to aggregate into non-neural ectoderm and hypothalamic ectoderm layers. Subsequent treatment of the ectoderm with a hedgehog pathway agonist led to the formation of 3D anterior pituitary structures that produced endocrine cells. In mice, grafting of the cell structure increased hormone levels compared with those in sham-grafted controls. Next steps could include applying the strategy to human ESCs. SciBX 4(46); doi:10.1038/scibx.2011.1309	Patent and licensing status unavailable	Suga, H. et al. Nature; published online Nov. 9, 2011; doi:10.1038/nature10637 Contact: Yoshiki Sasai, RIKEN Center for Developmental Biology, Kobe, Japan e-mail: yoshikisasai@cdb.riken.jp
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