

## THE DISTILLERY

## This week in therapeutics

Indication	Target/marker/pathway	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
Endocrine/m	etabolic disease			
Obesity	Phosphoinositide 3-kinase-γ (ΡΙ3Κγ)	Mouse studies suggest that inhibiting PI3K $\gamma$ in non-bone marrow cells could help treat obesity. In obese mice, Pi3k $\gamma$ levels were higher in adipose tissues than those in adipose tissues from lean mice. In Pi3k $\gamma^{}$ mice, weight gain, hepatic steatosis and adipose tissue inflammation were decreased and insulin sensitivity was increased compared with what was seen in wild-type mice. Next steps include designing and testing PI3K $\gamma$ inhibitors in animal models of metabolic diseases. <i>SciBX</i> 4(40); doi:10.1038/scibx.2011.1117 Published online Oct. 13, 2011	Unpatented; unlicensed	Becattini, B. <i>et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.</i> USA; published online Sept. 26, 2011; doi:10.1073/pnas.1106698108 <b>Contact:</b> Giovanni Solinas, University of Fribourg, Fribourg, Switzerland e-mail: <b>Giovanni.Solinas@unifr.ch</b> <b>Contact:</b> Matthias P. Wymann, Institute of Biochemistry and Genetics, University of Basel, Basel, Switzerland e-mail: Matthias.Wymann@unibas.ch