

### This week in therapeutics

Indication	Target/marker/ pathway	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
<b>Neurology</b>				
Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)	MicroRNA-206 (miR-206)	<p>Studies in mice suggest that increasing miR-206 expression could help delay ALS progression. In a mouse model of ALS, a deficiency in miR-206 resulted in shorter survival compared with that for nondeficient littermates (<math>p &lt; 0.05</math>). After motor neuron injury, miR-206 activated intracellular pathways that promoted the regeneration of neuromuscular synapses. Next steps include developing miR-206 mimics to enhance motor neuron regeneration.</p> <p><b>SciBX 3(1); doi:10.1038/scibx.2010.20</b> Published online Jan. 7, 2010</p>	Findings patented; licensed to miRagen Therapeutics Inc.	<p>Williams, A.H. <i>et al. Science</i>; published online Dec. 10, 2009; doi:10.1126/science.1181046</p> <p><b>Contact:</b> Eric Olsen, The University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center at Dallas, Dallas, Texas e-mail: <a href="mailto:eric.olson@utsouthwestern.edu">eric.olson@utsouthwestern.edu</a></p>