

## THE DISTILLERY

## This week in therapeutics

Indication	Target/marker/ pathway	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
Neurology				
Alzheimer's disease (AD)	GABA <sub>A</sub> receptor; apolipoprotein E (APOE)	A study in mice suggests that increasing signaling through the GABA <sub>A</sub> receptor could help treat APOE variant 4 (APOE4)-associated AD. In APOE4 AD mice, a GABA <sub>A</sub> receptor agonist rescued learning and memory deficiencies compared with vehicle control. Next steps include identifying compounds that selectively modulate GABA <sub>A</sub> signaling in the dentate gyrus, a brain region implicated in AD. RG1662, a GABA <sub>A</sub> agonist from Roche, is in Phase I for AD. At least 20 other companies have GABA <sub>A</sub> agonists or modulators in stages from preclinical to marketed for various neurology indications.	Patent filed; available for licensing	Andrews-Zwilling, Y. <i>et al. J. Neurosci.</i> ; published online Oct. 13, 2010; doi:10.1523/JNEUROSCI.4040-10.2010 <b>Contact:</b> Yadong Huang, Gladstone Institute of Neurological Disease, San Francisco, Calif. e-mail: yhuang@gladstone.ucsf.edu

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