

## This week in therapeutics

Indication	Target/marker/pathway	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
<b>Cancer</b>				
Cancer	Polo-like kinase 1 (PLK1; STPK13); anaphase promoting complex subunit 1 (ANAPC1); ANAPC4	<p>A study in cell culture and in mice suggests that antagonizing PLK1, ANAPC1, ANAPC4 and other proteins involved in mitosis could help treat K-Ras-positive tumors. A genomewide RNAi screen showed that small hairpin RNA knockdown of PLK1, ANAPC1 and ANAPC4 inhibited the growth of tumors with activated K-Ras more than that of tumors with wild-type K-Ras. In mice, the small molecule PLK1 antagonist BI 2536 inhibited the growth of K-Ras-positive tumors compared with no treatment. Next steps include validating other genes identified in the screen in mouse cancer models. PLK1 inhibitors in the clinic include: Boehringer Ingelheim GmbH's BI 6727, which is in Phase II trials for non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) and Phase I/IIa trials for acute myeloid leukemia (AML); Onconova Therapeutics Inc's ON 01910. Na, which is in Phase I trials for solid tumors; and GlaxoSmithKline plc's GSK461364, which is in Phase I for non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (NHL). Tekmira Pharmaceuticals Corp. has a PLK1-targeting RNAi formulation in preclinical development.</p> <p><b>SciBX 2(23); doi:10.1038/scibx.2009.935</b>  <b>Published online June 11, 2009</b></p>	Unpatented; licensing status not applicable	<p>Luo, J. <i>et al. Cell</i>; published online May 29, 2009;            doi:10.1016/j.cell.2009.05.006  <b>Contact:</b> Stephen J. Elledge, Harvard Medical School, Boston, Mass.            e-mail:  <a href="mailto:selledge@genetics.med.harvard.edu">selledge@genetics.med.harvard.edu</a></p>