



This week in therapeutics

Indication	Target/marker/ pathway	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
Musculoskeleta	al disease			
Musculoskeletal Osteoporosis	Cannabinoid CB ₁ receptor (CNR1)	Studies in mice and in cell culture suggest that agonizing CNR1 could be useful for preventing agerelated osteoporosis. Aged <i>Cnr1</i> -/- mice had a larger decrease in the ratio of mean bone to tissue volume than wild-type littermates (<i>p</i> <0.001 for males, <i>p</i> <0.01 for females). Bone marrow from <i>Cnr1</i> -/- mice showed greater adipocyte accumulation than bone marrow from wild-type controls. In wild-type mouse bone marrow stromal cells, a CNR1 agonist increased bone nodule formation compared with vehicle. Next steps could include evaluating the use of CNR1 agonists in animal models of osteoporosis.	Patent and licensing status unavailable	Idris, A.I. et al. Cell Metab.; published online Aug. 5, 2009; doi:10.1016/j.cmet.2009.07.006 Contact: Stuart H. Ralston, University of Edinburgh, Edinburgh, U.K. e-mail: stuart.ralston@ed.ac.uk
		SciBX 2(32); doi:10.1038/scibx.2009.1247 Published online Aug. 20, 2009		