

## This week in therapeutics

Indication	Target/marker/ pathway	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
<b>Cancer</b>				
Hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC)	MicroRNA-26 (miRNA-26a)	<p>Studies in cell culture and in mice suggest that delivering miRNA-26a to the liver could help treat HCC. In human HCC biopsies, levels of miRNA-26a were significantly lower than those in normal liver biopsies (<math>p &lt; 0.02</math>). In cultured human HCC cells, retroviral overexpression of miRNA-26a resulted in lower proliferation than treatment with the empty retroviral vector. In mice with established liver tumors, adeno-associated virus vector-mediated delivery of miRNA-26a significantly reduced tumor burden and liver-to-body weight ratio compared with delivery of an empty vector (<math>p &lt; 0.05</math> for both). Next steps include developing encapsulated nanoscale systems for delivering miRNA-26a to liver tumors and potentially to other tumor types.</p> <p><b>SciBX 2(26); doi:10.1038/scibx.2009.1042</b> Published online July 9, 2009</p>	<p>The Johns Hopkins University has applied for patents covering use of miRNA-26a replacement therapy to treat cancer; licensing status undisclosed</p>	<p>Kota, J. <i>et al. Cell</i>; published online June 12, 2009; doi:10.1016/j.cell.2009.04.021 <b>Contact:</b> Joshua Mendell, The Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine, Baltimore, Md. e-mail: <a href="mailto:jmendell@jhmi.edu">jmendell@jhmi.edu</a> <b>Contact:</b> Jerry Mendell, Nationwide Children's Hospital, Columbus, Ohio e-mail: <a href="mailto:jerry.mendell@nationwidechildrens.org">jerry.mendell@nationwidechildrens.org</a></p>