



This week in therapeutics

Indication	Target/marker/ pathway	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
Cancer				
Cutaneous T cell lymphoma (CTCL)	B cell lymphoma 2 (BCL2; BCL-2) histone deacetylase 7 (HDAC7)	An <i>in vitro</i> study suggests that combination therapy with an HDAC7 inhibitor and a BCL-2 antagonist may help treat HDAC inhibitor–resistant CTCL. In patient-derived CTCL cells, the pan-HDAC inhibitor panobinostat prevented HDAC7 activity and induced apoptosis. In CTCL cells resistant to HDAC inhibitors, co-treatment with panobinostat and the BCL-2 antagonist ABT-737 increased apoptosis compared with using ABT-737 alone or what was seen in vehicle-treated controls. Next steps include evaluating the combination in a clinical study. Zolinza vorinostat, an HDAC inhibitor from Merck & Co. Inc., is marketed to treat CTCL. Panobinostat, an HDAC inhibitor from Novartis AG, is in Phase II/III testing to treat CTCL. Genasense, an antisense agent targeting BCL-2 mRNA from Genta Inc., is in Phase III testing to treat various cancers. ABT-737, a small molecule inhibitor of BCL-2 family proteins from Abbott Laboratories and Pfizer Inc., is in preclinical testing to treat cancer.	Unpatented; licensing status not applicable	Chen, J. et al. Blood; published online Dec. 12, 2008; doi:10.1182/blood-2008-08-176024 Contact: Kapil N. Bhalla, Medical College of Georgia Cancer Center, Augusta, Ga. e-mail: kbhalla@mcg.edu
		SciBX 2(1); doi:10.1038/scibx.2009.10 Published online Jan. 8, 2009		