



This week in therapeutics

Indication	Target/marker/ pathway	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
Dermatology				
Atopic dermatitis	Thymic stromal lymphopoietin (TSLP); TSLP receptor (TSLPR; CLRF2); IL-4; IL-13	Studies in mice and in cell culture suggest that antagonizing TSLP or TSLPR could help treat atopic dermatitis. In a mouse model of allergic skin inflammation, TSLPR knockout lowered the ability of T cells to produce proinflammatory cytokines IL-4 and IL-13. Intradermal injection of an anti-TSLP mAb in wild-type TSLPR mice blocked production of IL-4 and IL-13 and subsequent allergic inflammation. Additional studies are needed to determine whether other factors besides TSLP-TSLPR signaling also play a role in the production of IL-4 and IL-13.  At least seven companies have approved or marketed treatments for atopic dermatitis.  Altoderm cromolyn from Thornton & Ross Ltd. has completed a Phase III U.K. trial to treat atopic dermatitis. More than a dozen companies have compounds to treat atopic dermatitis in preclinical through Phase II development.	Patent and licensing status unknown	He, R. et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA published online Aug. 19, 2008; doi:10.1073/pnas.0801532105  Contact: Raif Geha, Children's Hospital, Boston, Mass. e-mail: raif.geha@childrens.harvard.edu