

THE DISTILLERY

This week in therapeutics

Indication	Target/marker/ pathway	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
Cancer				
Leukemia	Phosphoinositide 3-kinase-δ (PI3Kδ); recombination activating gene 2 (RAG2)	Studies in mice and in cell culture suggest that inhibiting PI3K δ can have mixed effects on the treatment of leukemia. RAG2 ^{-/-} mice that received transplants of PI3K $\delta^{-/-}$ leukemia cells survived significantly longer than mice that received PI3K $\delta^{+/-}$ cells (p =0.005). Conversely, RAG2 ^{-/-} /PI3K $\delta^{-/-}$ mice challenged with leukemia cells had shorter survival time than PI3K $\delta^{+/-}$ mice (p =0.039). Moreover, cell- culture studies revealed that the PI3K $\delta^{-/-}$ -deficient natural killer cells had less cytolytic activity than PI3K $\delta^{+/-}$ cells. Next steps include validating the murine results in human leukemic and natural killer cells. CAL-101, an orally available small molecule inhibitor of PI3K δ from Calistoga Pharmaceuticals Inc., is in Phase I trials to treat hematologic malionancies	Not patented; licensing status not applicable	Zebedin, E. <i>et al. Blood</i> ; published online Aug. 6, 2008; doi:10.1182/blood-2008-02-139105 Contact: Veronika Sexl, Medical University of Vienna, Vienna, Austria e-mail: veronika.sexl@meduniwien.ac.at