

## THE DISTILLERY

## This week in therapeutics

Indication	Target/marker/ pathway	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
Neurology				
Alzheimer's disease (AD)	β-amyloid (Aβ)	In vitro studies identified platinum-based Pt( $\pi$ )-1,10-phenanthroline complexes (L-PtCl <sub>2</sub> ) as inhibitors of A $\beta$ that could help treat AD. In cultured primary mouse cortical neurons, co- incubation with A $\beta$ fragment A $\beta_{42}$ and one of the three L-PtCl <sub>2</sub> compounds significantly increased cell viability compared with that of control neurons that received no inhibitor ( $p$ <0.05). Next steps include developing compounds with improved bioavailability and demonstrating efficacy in a mouse model of AD. Prana Biotechnology Ltd.'s PBT2, a metal protein- attenuating compound, is in Phase II development to slow the progression of AD.	Patented and licensed to Prana Biotechnology	Barnham, K. <i>et al. Proc. Natl. Acad.</i> <i>Sci. USA</i> ; published online May 5, 2008; doi:10.1073/pnas.0800712105 <b>Contact:</b> Kevin Barnham, The University of Melbourne, Victoria, Australia e-mail: kbarnham@unimelb.edu.au