

2. Edoardo Verna et al. The role of scintigraphic perfusion imaging in the evaluation of patients before and after myocardial revascularization. *G Ital Cardiol* 1995;25:627-38. This manuscript addresses the indications for nuclear cardiology examinations in the preoperative and postoperative settings, with particular emphasis on "how" and "when" to evaluate the extent and location of myocardial ischemia, functional significance of intermediate stenoses, detection of viable myocardium in different degrees of coronary arterial narrowings, progression of coronary artery disease and perioperative myocardial infarction. Attention is given to both bypass surgery and PTCA.

3. Raffaele Giubbini et al. Myocardial perfusion scintigraphy with pharmacologic stress. *G Ital Cardiol* 1995;25:745-52. This manuscript deals with the indications for dipyridamole, adenosine, and dobutamine studies in different clinical settings and in comparison with echocardiography.

4. PierLuigi Pieri. The viable myocardium. *G Ital Cardiol* 1995;25:753-68. In this manuscript, nuclear cardiology examinations are evaluated as to their significance in clinical settings of stunned and hibernating myocardium, focusing on the importance of one technique versus another in different clinical settings.

Gianfranco Mazzotta, MD

CORRECTION

In the articles by Platts et al., *J NUCL CARDIOL* 1995;2:317-26, and by Younés et al., *J NUCL CARDIOL* 1995;2:327-33, the radioactive concentration measurement should read "27 mCi per 5 ml (1 GBq per 5 ml)" instead of "27 to 135 mCi/ml (1 to 5 GBq/ml)" and "1 to 5 GBq/ml."