PUBLISHER CORRECTION

Correction to: Urban water and food security in this century and beyond: Resource-smart cities and residents

Jan-Olof Drangert

Published online: 16 January 2021

Correction to: Ambio

<https://doi.org/10.1007/s13280-020-01373-1>

In the original publication, Table 1 was processed incorrectly during the typesetting and publication process. The final column of Washing clothes should be “–10” and not “–1” in Table 1. The correct version of Table 1 is provided in this correction.

The original article has been corrected.

The original article can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1007/s13280-020-01373-1>.

Table 1 Various measures by urban households in some countries to reduce, reuse and recycle water in litres per person per day and nutrients as percentage of imported mined P. Sources: Gleick (1993), Suzuki et al. (2010), Svenskt Vatten (2017), Drangert et al. (2018)

Measures to save H ₂ O in some rich cities/countries					Measures to save P in EU member states	
	USA ca 1990 Range	USA Least lpcd	Sweden today (L)	Aim in lpcd (L)		EU import (%)
Step 1: reduce						
Hygiene eg. shower	20–30 (L per min)	100–150 L 5 min/day	60	– 30	No P in detergents	– 6
Toilet flush	10–30 (L per flush)	75–210 L 7 times/day	30	– 15	No P in additives	– 14
Washing clothes	150–210 (L per load)	35–52 L once/week	15	– 5	Less food waste	– 10
Washing dishes	50–120 (L per load)	17–40 L twice/week	15	– 5	More vegetarian food	– X
Prepare food + drink	No measure	20 L	10	0		
Other	No measure	20 L	10	0		
Subtotal		267–492 L	140	– 55		> – 30
Step 2: reuse						
Greywater	0	0	0	– 10	Urine	– 31
Blackwater	0	0	0	– 2	Food waste	– 5
Subtotal	0	0	0	– 12		– 36
Step 3: recycle						
Greywater	0	0	0	– 35	Faeces	– 16
Blackwater	0	0	0	– 10	Food waste	– 8
Subtotal	0	0	0	– 45		– 24

Open Access This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons licence, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons licence and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this licence, visit <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>.

Publisher's Note Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.

Jan-Olof Drangert (✉)

Address: Department of Water and Environmental Studies, Linköping University, Linköping, Sweden.

e-mail: janolof.drangert@gmail.com