Correction to: Application of EPIK and KDI methods for identification and evaluation of karst vulnerability at Intervalles State Park and surrounding region (Southeastern Brazil)

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The original version of this article unfortunately contained a mistake. Figure 3, Tables 4 and 6 were incorrect. The corrected Fig. 3, Tables 4 and 6 are given in the following page.

The original article can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1007/s13146-018-0474-6>.

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Fig. 3 Results of the analysis of the carbonate bodies of the study area, according to the EPIK and KDI methods, showing the actual karst situation between the Guapiara Plateau and Paranapiacaba

Range. **a** Epikarst (*E*); **b** protective cover (*P*); **c** infiltration (*I*); **d** karst network (*K*); **e** protection factor (*F*)

Table 4 Karst vulnerability (modified from Doerfliger and Zwahlen 1998)

Protection factor	Vulnerability level
$9 < F \leq 19$	Very high vulnerability
$20 < F \leq 25$	High vulnerability
$F > 25$	Moderate vulnerability
$F > 25$, with the presence of both P_4 and $I_{3,4}$	Low vulnerability

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Table 6 Results for each vulnerability assessment method

Carbonate body	EPIK Vulnerability level	KDI Impact grade
A	High	Low/medium
B	High	Medium
C	Moderate	Low/medium
D	High	High
E	Very high	High
F	Very high	Low/medium
G	Very high	Low/High
H	Very high	High
I	Very high	Low