Erratum

Journal of Microbiology (2018) Vol. 56, No. 4, pp. 272–279
DOI 10.1007/s12275-018-7504-x

Erratum to: A murine colitis model developed using a combination of dextran sulfate sodium and *Citrobacter rodentium*

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In the article by Park *et al.* published in Journal of Microbiology 2018; 56, 272–279, the supplementary data Figs S1 and S2 should be corrected as below. The original article can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12275-018-7504-x>.

Supplementary data Fig. S1. Representative images of histopathological lesions in the colon of control (A) and DSS-CT (B) groups. Depletion of goblet cells (arrowheads) was observed in the DSS-CT group (Periodic acid–Schiff stain). Scale bar = 200 μm

Supplementary data Fig. S2. Mice survival and colon length analyses. Thirty mice were divided into six groups (n = 5 mice per group) and pretreated with 0.5% or 1% dextran sulfate sodium (DSS), or normal drinking water (DW) for 1 week, and subsequently inoculated with 1.6×10^8 (low) or 1.6×10^9 (high) CFU of *C. rodentium* (CT). (A) Mice survival was monitored daily for 16 days. All mice, except 3 mice belonging to the 1% DSS and high CT group, were alive until the end of the experiment. (B) Length of the colon was measured after the experiment. The data are expressed as the mean $\pm$ SD (* $P < 0.05$, compared to other groups except 1% DSS and high CT group).