# Correction to: Time Elapsed from Onset of Pediatric Convulsive Status Epilepticus to Antiepileptic Administration-An Experience of Single Institute 

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Published online: 11 March 2022
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## Correction to: Indian Journal of Pediatrics

https://doi.org/10.1007/s12098-021-04017-8

In Table 1, four studies are cited with reference no. 6, 8 , 9,10 , respectively.

The citations should read as reference no. 6, 7, 8, 9, respectively. The Table with correct citations is shown below. The error is regretted.

The original article has been corrected.

[^0]Table 1 Comparison of median ( $\mathrm{p} 25-\mathrm{p} 75$ ) time of administration of AEDs ( min ) in various therapy phases in pediatric CSE between reported studies and the present study with standard recommended guidelines [4, 5] and the reasons behind delayed time of administration of AEDs (class escalation) in the present study

| Type of AED | Guideline time-frames of administration of AEDs (min) ${ }^{*}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Study [6] } \\ & (\min )^{*} \\ & (n=264) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Study [7] } \\ & (\min )^{*} \\ & (n=199) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Study [8] } \\ & (\min )^{*} \\ & (n=81) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Study }[9] \\ & (\min )^{*} \\ & (n=219) \end{aligned}$ | Present study $(\min )^{*}$ $(n=52)$ | Reasons behind delayed time of administration of AEDs (class escalation) in the present study |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First-line therapy phase (Lo/M/D) |  |  |  |  |  |  | Families were unaware of rescue BZDs use in such conditions |
| First-BZD | 5-10 | 30-60 | 30 | 30 (6-70) | 16 (5-45) | 30 (25-37) | Lack of paramedical/ emergency medical services in India Delayed admission to primary/secondary/ tertiary center |
| Second-line therapy phase ( $\mathrm{F} / \mathrm{Le} / \mathrm{V}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  | Repeated administration of BZDs in EMD |
| First non-BZD | 15-20 | NR ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | NR ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 69 (40-120) | 63 (33-146) | 68 (48-79) | Shortage of continuous EEG monitoring devices |
| Second non-BZD | 25-30 | NR ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | NR ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 120 (75-296) | $\mathrm{NR}^{\text {a }}$ | 90 (71-95) | Intermittent SE in out-of- hospital-onset seizures hence, delay in clinical decision making |
| Third-line therapy phase (M/P) |  |  |  |  |  |  | Intubation and delay in central/peripheral/both lines insertion |
| Continuous infusion | 40-60 | NR ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | NR ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 180 (120-645) | 170 (107-539) | 105 (100-135) | Shortage of continuous EEG monitoring devices |

$A E D$ Antiepileptic drug; $B Z D$ Benzodiazepine; $D$ Diazepam; $E E G$ Electroencephalogram; $E M D$ Emergency medicine department; $F$ Fosphenytoin; Le Levetiracetam; Lo Lorazepam; $M$ Midazolam; $P$ Phenobarbital; $S E$ Status epilepticus; $V$ Valproic acid
*Time frames mentioned above were measured from CSE onset to AED administration
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Not reported

Publisher's Note Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.


[^0]:    The original article can be found online at https://doi.org/10.1007/ s12098-021-04017-8.

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