Erratum to: Surgical Resection of Relapse May Improve Postrelapse Survival of Patients with Localized Osteosarcoma

Kwok Chuen Wong FHKAM (Orth), Vincent Lee FHKAM (Paed), MRCP,
Matthew M. K. Shing FHKAM (Paed), MRCPCH,
Shekhar Kumta PhD

Published online: 12 August 2014
© The Association of Bone and Joint Surgeons® 2014

Erratum to: Clin Orthop Relat Res (2013) 471:814–819 DOI 10.1007/s11999-012-2590-2

In the Patients and Methods section of the published study, Table 1 should reflect four patients with a second relapse instead of three; a second relapse occurred in patient No. 14 at the proximal femur.

For our study, there were a total of five patients with primary lesions in the femur (as correctly shown in Table 1). However, only four patients were mentioned in the text. Also, the range at which relapse occurred should have been converted into years and should read “0.7–12.6 Years” instead of months.

The authors apologize for these errors.

The online version of the original article can be found under doi:[10.1007/s11999-012-2590-2](https://doi.org/10.1007/s11999-012-2590-2).

K. C. Wong, S. Kumta (✉)
Department of Orthopaedics and Traumatology, Prince of Wales
Hospital, The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Shatin NT,
Hong Kong SAR, China
e-mail: kumta@cuhk.edu.hk

V. Lee, M. M. K. Shing
Department of Paediatrics, Prince of Wales Hospital,
The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Shatin NT,
Hong Kong SAR, China