



Correction to: Ginkgo biloba mitigates silver nanoparticles-induced hepatotoxicity in Wistar rats via improvement of mitochondrial biogenesis and antioxidant status

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The original publication of this paper contains a mistake.
The correct image of Fig. 3 is shown in this paper.

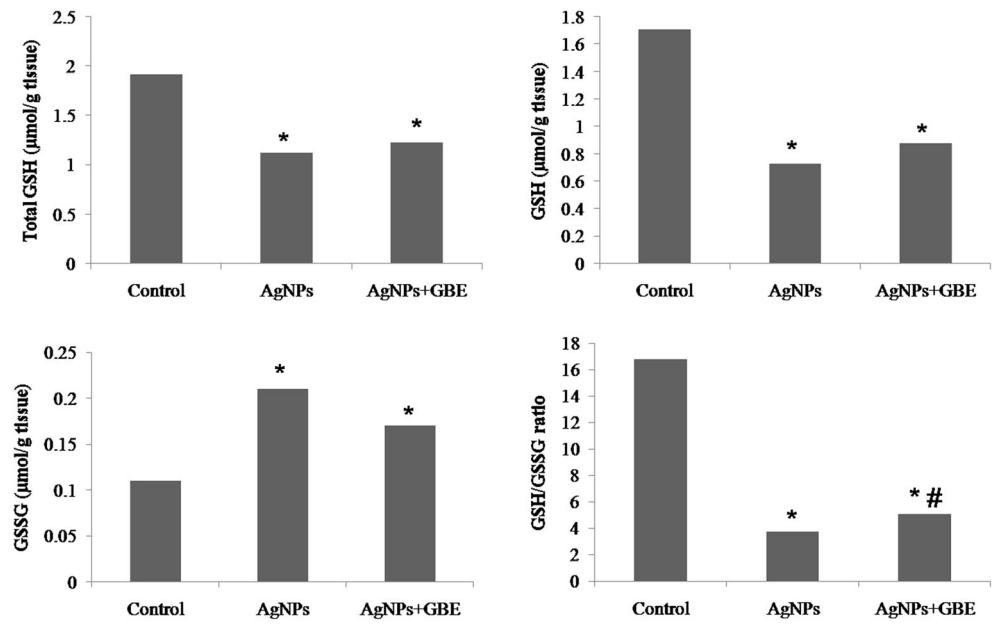
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Fig. 3 Glutathione redox in liver of AgNPs-intoxicated rats treated with GB. The expressed values are the mean \pm SE (n= 10) and statistically analyzed using one-way analysis of variance (ANOVA) followed by Tukey’s test. The values indicated by *p < 0.05 are statistically varied from the control group, while values indicated by # p <0.05 are statistically varied from the AgNPs group. AgNPs, silver nanoparticles; GB, Ginkgo biloba L.; Total GSH, total glutathione; GSH, reduced glu-tathione; GSSG, oxidized glutathione; GSH/GSSG, reduced to oxidized glutathione ratio



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