



Correction to: Naturally occurring radioactive materials (NORM) concentration and health risk assessment of aerosols dust in Nicosia, North Cyprus

Hesham M. H. Zakaly^{1,2} · Akbar Abbasi³ · Nouf Almousa⁴ · Ahmet Savaşan⁵

© The Author(s) 2024

Correction to:

Journal of Radioanalytical and Nuclear Chemistry
(2024) 333:1073–1082

<https://doi.org/10.1007/s10967-023-09346-w>

The article “Naturally occurring radioactive materials (NORM) concentration and health risk assessment of aerosols dust in Nicosia, North Cyprus”, written by Hesham M. H. Zakaly, Akbar Abbasi, Nouf Almousa and Ahmet Savaşan, was originally published Online First without Open Access. After publication in volume 333, issue 3, page 1073–1082, the author decided to opt for Open Choice and to make the article an Open Access publication. Therefore, the copyright of the article has been changed to © The Author(s) 2024 and the article is forthwith distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long

as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons licence, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article’s Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article’s Creative Commons licence and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this licence, visit <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>.

The original article has been corrected.

Open Access This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons licence, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article’s Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article’s Creative Commons licence and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this licence, visit <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>.

The original article can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10967-023-09346-w>.

✉ Hesham M. H. Zakaly
h.m.zakaly@gmail.com

✉ Akbar Abbasi
akbar.abbasi@kyrenia.edu.tr

¹ Physics Department, Faculty of Science, Al-Azhar University, Assiut Branch, Assiut, Egypt

² Institute of Physics and Technology, Ural Federal University, Ekaterinburg, Russia

³ Faculty of Art and Science, University of Kyrenia, TRNC, Via Mersin 10, Kyrenia, Turkey

⁴ Department of Physics, College of Science, Princess Nourah Bint Abdulrahman University, P.O. Box 84428, 11671 Riyadh, Saudi Arabia

⁵ Faculty of Arts and Sciences, Near East University, TRNC, Via Mersin 10, Lefkosa, Turkey

Publisher's Note Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.