Correction to: Discriminative and Criterion Validity of the Autism Spectrum Identity Scale (ASIS)

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Correction to:

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The original version of this article contains an error in the Results and Discussion sections and in Table 2.

The corrected text and Table 2 are given below.

Results: Participants' scores were higher for overall stigma and discrimination than those reported by King et al (2007). The pattern of descriptive statistics for the AAQOL was similar to that reported by Brod et al. (2006).

Discussion: Of note, participants in this study scored approximately 30 points lower than the non-ADHD scores on the AAQOL as reported by Brod and colleagues (2006).

The original article can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10803-017-3221-2>.

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Table 2 Descriptive statistics showing the mean, (standard deviation), and Cronbach's alpha (where applicable) SS and AAQOL total and factor scores, the RSE, the FutQOL, loneliness, and self-care for the current study, and the original reports for the SS and AAQOL

	Current study		Original report	
	Mean (Std)	Cronbach's Alpha		
SS (King et al. 2007)				
Total score	81.34	0.83	62.6	0.87
Midpoint = 56	(13.30)		(15.4)	
Discrimination	39.48	0.78	29.1	0.87
Midpoint = 26	(8.11)		(9.5)	
Disclosure	29.13	0.77	24.7	0.85
Midpoint = 20	(6.58)		(8.0)	
Positive aspects	12.73	0.43	8.8	0.64
Midpoint = 4	(2.79)		(2.8)	
AAQOL (Brod et al. 2006)				
Total score	58.13	0.92	60.0	0.93
Midpoint = 50	(13.32)			
Life productivity	58.13	0.88	61.9	0.88
Midpoint = 50	(16.72)			
Life outlook	55.77	0.82	60.6	0.79
Midpoint = 50	(14.89)			
Relationships	65.39	0.79	61.9	0.75
Midpoint = 50	(17.98)			
Psychological health	54.91	0.83	53.9	0.83
Midpoint = 50	(17.34)			
RSE Scale (Rosenberg 1989)				
Midpoint = 3	3.23	0.90	NA	NA
	(0.83)			
FutQOL				
Midpoint = 3	3.39	0.78	NA	NA
	(0.84)			
Loneliness				
Midpoint = 3	2.73	NA	NA	NA
	(1.31)			
Self-care				
Midpoint = 3	2.97	NA	NA	NA
	(1.34)			

The distribution of scores in the current study more closely resembled the distribution of scores by those with ADHD than the non-ADHD control group. This is consistent with the widespread reports of decreased quality of life for adults on the autism spectrum (e.g., Howlin and Moss 2012; Taylor & Seltzer 2011). Further, and consistent with reports of increased stigma (e.g., Shtayermnan, 2009; Tyman, Salor, Saia, et al. 2010), participants in this study scored approximately 20 points higher for overall stigma, and ten points higher for discrimination, than participants with mental illness as reported by King and colleagues (2007).

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