Correction to: Hospital Cirrhosis Volume and Readmission in Patients with Cirrhosis in California

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The original version of the article unfortunately contained errors in ‘Severity of illness’ and ‘Hospital characteristics’ entries of Table 1. Corrected version of Table 1 is given below.

The original article can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10620-018-4964-0>.

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Table 1 Cohort characteristics by hospital cirrhosis volume 2009–2011

<i>N</i> = 69,612 patients	Bottom 90% hospital cirrhosis volume <i>N</i> = 45,550	Top 10% hospital cirrhosis volume <i>N</i> = 24,062
Readmission within 30 days (%)	8700 (19.1%)	4390 (18.2%)
Median number of unique patients with cirrhosis per hospital (interquartile range)	152.5 (43–286.5)	747 (619–1069)
Patient sociodemographic		
Mean age, years ($\pm$ SD)	60.12 ($\pm$ 12.9)	58.17 ($\pm$ 12.4)
Female (%)	17,730 (38.9)	8781 (36.5)
Race/ethnicity		
Caucasian (%)	31,812 (69.8)	16,489 (68.5)
African American (%)	3180 (7.0)	1644 (6.8)
Hispanic (%)	349 (0.8)	152 (0.6)
Asian or Pacific Islander (%)	2918 (6.4)	1539 (6.4)
Native American (%)	6990 (15.3)	4042 (16.8)
Other (%)	300 (0.7)	195 (0.8)
Payment type		
Medicare (%)	19,404 (42.6)	8672 (36.0)
Medicaid (%)	9308 (20.4)	6152 (25.6)
Private insurance (%)	10,426 (22.9)	4750 (19.7)
Self-pay (%)	3330 (7.3)	1763 (7.3)
Other (%)	3069 (6.7)	2724 (11.3)
Homelessness (%)	453 (1.0)	401 (1.7)
Clinical characteristics		
Average Quan–Charlson–Deyo score ($\pm$ SD)	6.54 ($\pm$ 4.2)	6.68 ($\pm$ 4.3)
Average length of stay ($\pm$ SD)	6.10 ($\pm$ 8.13)	6.56 ($\pm$ 9.47)
Complications of liver disease		
Ascites (%)	13,210 (29.0)	7115 (29.6)
Hepatic encephalopathy (%)	5273 (11.6)	2223 (9.2)
Esophageal varices (%)	1854 (4.1)	957 (4.0)
Variceal hemorrhage (%)	3593 (7.9)	1679 (7.0)
Hepatorenal syndrome (%)	692 (1.5)	502 (2.1)
Hepatocellular carcinoma (%)	1710 (3.8)	2086 (8.7)
Jaundice (%)	1128 (2.5)	437 (1.8)
TIPS (%)	211 (0.5)	258 (1.1)
Paracentesis (%)	7936 (17.4)	4869 (20.2)
SBP (%)	855 (1.9)	575 (2.4)
Hyponatremia (%)	6697 (14.7)	3360 (14.0)
ESLD (%)	2105 (4.6)	1122 (4.7)
EGD (%)	7576 (16.6)	3837 (15.9)
TACE (%)	239 (0.5)	550 (2.3)
Systemic chemotherapy (%)	235 (0.5)	549 (2.3)
Liver surgery (%)	148 (<0.01)	367 (<0.01)
Etiology of liver disease		
Alcoholic liver disease (%)	23,388 (53.1)	11,414 (47.4)
Hepatitis B (%)	5133 (11.3)	3016 (12.5)
Hepatitis C (%)	15,853 (34.8)	9985 (41.5)
Hepatitis B and C (%)	1829 (4.0)	1195 (5.0)
Fatty liver disease (%)	841 (1.8)	469 (1.9)
PSC (%)	311 (0.7)	264 (1.1)
Severity of illness		
Ventilation	≤ 10 (<0.01)	≤ 10 (<0.01)

Table 1 (continued)

<i>N</i> = 69,612 patients	Bottom 90% hospital cirrhosis volume <i>N</i> = 45,550	Top 10% hospital cirrhosis volume <i>N</i> = 24,062
Dialysis	1100 (2.4)	533 (2.2)
Hospital characteristics		
Academic hospital	790 (1.7)	1107 (4.6)
Rural	1383 (3.0)	≤ 10 (<0.01)
Urban	43,389 (96.4)	24,062 (100.0)
Liver transplant	275 (0.6)	5387 (22.4)
< 100 hospital beds	4700 (10.3)	≤ 10 (<0.01)
100–199 beds	15,709 (34.5)	276 (0.1)
200–299 beds	13,144 (28.9)	1781 (7.4)
300–399 beds	9588 (21.0)	6448 (26.8)
400–499 beds	1996 (4.4)	7103 (29.5)
> 500 hospital beds	135 (0.3)	8454 (35.1)
Disposition		
Home ^a	30,463 (66.9)	17,871 (74.3)
Transfer to short-term hospital	1774 (3.9)	540 (2.2)
Transfer to other facility	7040 (15.5)	2723 (11.3)
Home health care	4843 (10.6)	2256 (9.4)
Against medical advice	1176 (2.6)	549 (2.3)
Other	253 (0.6)	121 (0.5)

SD standard deviation

^aHome: this HCUP-created category is formally routine disposition, which includes disposition to home or to court/law enforcement

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