

Erratum to: The Impact of Chronic Opioid Use on Colonoscopy Outcomes

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The original version of this article unfortunately contained errors in Table 1 and in the Discussion section.

The values presented in the last four entries in the table are corrected as follows.

	Opioid <i>n</i> (%)	Non-opioid <i>n</i> (%)	<i>P</i> value
<i>Indication</i>			
Screening	41 (12.81)	41 (13.13)	1.00
FIT-positive	101 (31.56)	97 (30.31)	0.79
Symptomatic	79 (24.69)	67 (20.94)	0.50
Surveillance	99 (30.94)	114 (35.63)	0.24

In the third paragraph of the Discussion section, although the authors did not observe a significant difference in the indications for colonoscopy, patients on chronic opioids had more procedures performed for abdominal pain and changes in bowel habits. A history of depression, chronic pain, and the constipating effects of opioid use likely contributed to these findings.

The online version of the original article can be found under doi:[10.1007/s10620-015-3639-3](https://doi.org/10.1007/s10620-015-3639-3).

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