

The relationship between climate and outbreak characteristics of the spruce budworm in eastern Canada

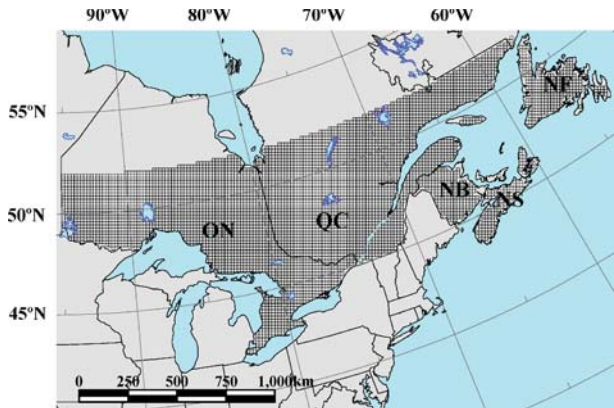
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Unfortunately, in the printed version of this article Figs. 1, 2, 5 and 6 were displayed in black and white where colour reproduction was necessary. Please find the colour figures below.

Fig. 1 The 4,744 cells (30,000 ha) in which forest composition, climate variables, and spruce budworm outbreak characteristics were summarized



The online version of the original article can be found at
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/s10584-007-9317-5>.

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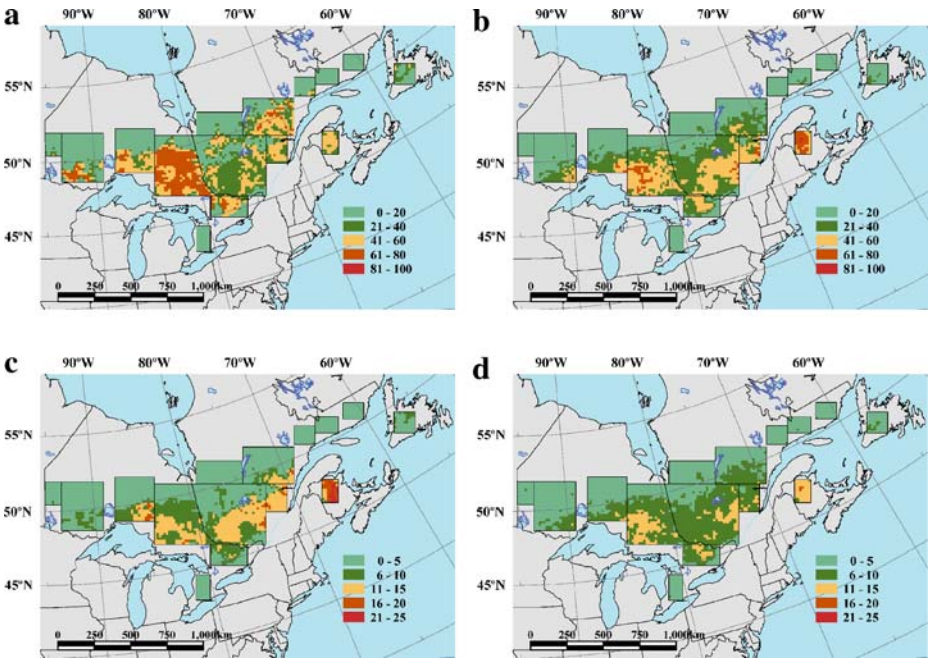


Fig. 2 Historical observations, and model predictions, of outbreak severity (% defoliation) and duration (years) in the 3,245 cells used to build the model. Cells within each rectangular grid were permuted in Monte Carlo simulations for significance testing of explanatory variables. **a** observed severity; **b** predicted severity; **c** observed duration; **d** predicted duration

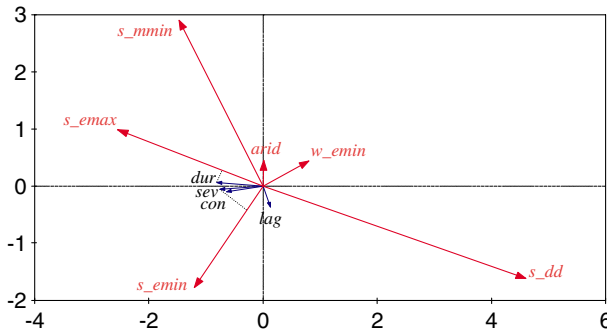


Fig. 5 Regression biplot of the model where **Y** is the matrix of spruce budworm outbreak characteristics, and **X** is the combined matrix of significant climate variables, forest composition, and geographic location. For clarity, only the climate variables (**X_C**) have been displayed. A regression biplot shows the rate of change in y_k (a variable of **Y**) per unit change in x_j (a variable of **X**) when the other variables of **X** are held constant. The change in s_{emax} or s_{emin} (proportion of 1 s.d.) necessary to produce a -1.0 s.d. change in dur and sev , respectively, are shown by the dotted lines that intersect the s_{emax} and s_{emin} vectors

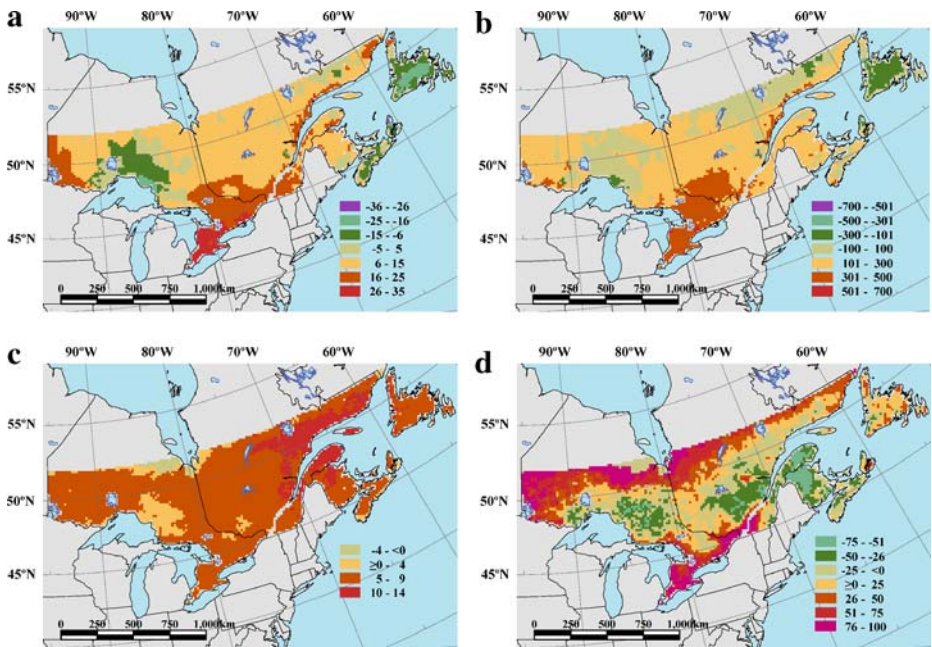


Fig. 6 Projected changes (2081–2100 values minus historic values) in climate variables s_{emax} (°C) and s_{dd} (°C-day), and the predicted changes to spruce budworm outbreak duration (years) and severity (% defoliation; future model predictions minus historic model predictions). **a** predicted change in s_{emax} ; **b** predicted change in s_{dd} ; **c** predicted change in duration; **d** predicted change in severity