CORRECTION

Correction to: Transmission of a novel predatory behaviour is not restricted to kin

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Correction to: Boil Invasions

<https://doi.org/10.1007/s10530-021-02517-4>

Unfortunately, the original publication of the article has been published with error in Figs. 1 and 2. The correct figures are given in this correction.

The references Ekanayake et al. (2015a, b) were published incorrectly and the correct references are given in this correction.

The original article has been corrected.

The original article can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10530-021-02517-4>.

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Fig. 1 Map of the Summerlands Peninsula indicating distribution of the penguin colony with **a** locations at which ravens were successfully caught over the course of the study (inclusive of subsequent recaptures), and **b** penguin nest monitoring locations

for each study year. In general, colour band monitoring and general observations occurred throughout penguin breeding areas across the peninsula

Fig. 2 Principal Component (PC) plot with PC1 on the horizontal axis and PC2 on the vertical axis. Each point represents loci data for 198 individual little ravens, classed as DPC (diamonds) or OB (circles)

References

- Ekanayake KB, Weston MA, Dann P, Sutherland DR (2015a) Corvids congregate to breeding colonies of a burrow-nesting seabird: corvids aggregate to prey on penguin eggs. *Austral Ecol* 41:291–301. <https://doi.org/10.1111/aec.12311>
- Ekanayake KB, Sutherland DR, Dann P, Weston MA (2015b) Out of sight but not out of mind: corvids prey extensively

on eggs of burrow-nesting penguins. *Wildl Res* 42:509. <https://doi.org/10.1071/WR15108>

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