CORRECTION



Correction to: Protein intake and its relationship with frailty in chronic kidney disease

Nobuyuki Shirai^{1,2} · Suguru Yamamoto² · Yutaka Osawa³ · Atsuhiro Tsubaki⁴ · Shinichiro Morishita⁵ · Toshiko Murayama⁶ · Ichiei Narita²

Published online: 5 April 2024 © The Author(s), under exclusive licence to Japanese Society of Nephrology 2024

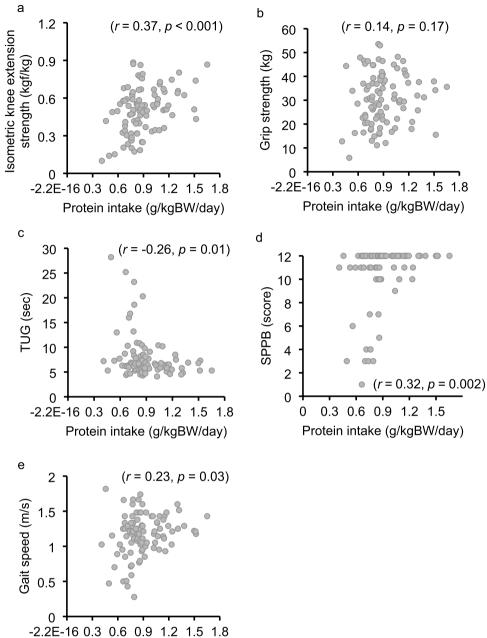
Correction to: Clinical and Experimental Nephrology https://doi.org/10.1007/s10157-023-02452-9

In the original publication, the authors have identified a typographical error in x-axis of Fig. 2. The value '-2.2E-16' should be replaced as '0' in Figs. 2a, 2b, 2c, and 2e. The Fig. 2 has been incorrectly published online as below:

The original article can be found online at https://doi.org/10.1007/s10157-023-02452-9.

Suguru Yamamoto yamamots@med.niigata-u.ac.jp

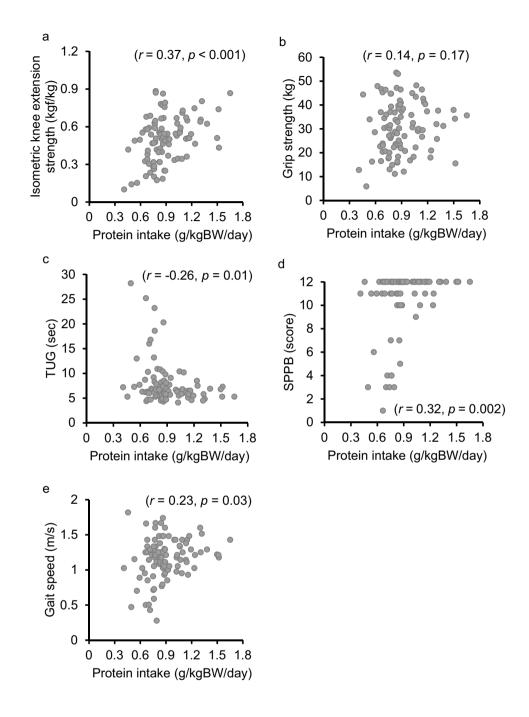
- ¹ Department of Rehabilitation, Niigata Rinko Hospital, Niigata, Japan
- ² Division of Clinical Nephrology and Rheumatology, Niigata University Graduate School of Medical and Dental Sciences, 1-757 Asahimachi-dori, Niigata 951-8510, Japan
- ³ Internal Medicine, Niigata Rinko Hospital, Niigata, Japan
- ⁴ Institute for Human Movement and Medical Sciences, Niigata University of Health and Welfare, Niigata, Japan
- ⁵ Department of Physical Therapy, School of Health Science, Fukushima Medical University, Fukushima, Japan
- ⁶ Department of Health and Nutrition, Faculty of Human Life Studies, University of Niigata Prefecture, Niigata, Japan



Protein intake (g/kgBW/day)

The corrected Fig. 2 should appear as follows:

Fig. 2 Relationship between protein intake and physical functions in patients with chronic kidney disease stage 3–5. a isometric knee extension strength, b grip strength, c timed up-and-go test (TUG), d Short Physical Performance Battery (SPPB), and e usual gait speed



The original article has been corrected.

Publisher's Note Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.