Correction to: Early bone formation around immediately loaded implants with nanostructured calcium-incorporated and machined surface: a randomized, controlled histologic and histomorphometric study in the human posterior maxilla

Francesco Guido Mangano^{1,2} · Giovanna Iezzi³ · Jamil Awad Shibli⁴ · Jefferson Trabach Pires⁴ · Giuseppe Luongo⁵ · Adriano Piattelli⁶ · Carlo Mangano⁷

Published online: 18 September 2021

© Springer-Verlag GmbH Germany, part of Springer Nature 2021

Correction to: Clinical Oral Investigations

<https://doi.org/10.1007/s00784-017-2061-y>

Figure 5 was inadvertently published with this study but belongs to another study: Mangano C, Shibli JA, Pires JT, Luongo G, Piattelli A, Iezzi G. Early Bone Formation around Immediately Loaded Transitional Implants Inserted in the Human Posterior Maxilla: The Effects of Fixture Design and Surface. Biomed Research International 2017, Article ID 4,152,506. Figure 5 has been corrected hereby.

Fig. 5 Nanostructured calcium-incorporated (NCI) implant (*test*). The implant thread was lined by newly formed bone, and an intense osteoblastic activity was still evident. Acid fuchsin and toluidine blue, magnification $\times 40$

The original article can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00784-017-2061-y>.

✉ Francesco Guido Mangano
francescoguidomangano@gmail.com

¹ Department of Surgical and Morphological Science, Dental School, University of Varese, 21100 Varese, Italy

² Piazza Trento 4, 22015 Gravedona, Como, Italy

³ Department of Medical, Oral, and Biotechnological Sciences, University of Chieti—Pescara, Chieti, Italy

⁴ Department of Periodontology, Oral Implantology Clinic, Dental Research Division, Guarulhos University, Sao Paulo, Brazil

⁵ Department of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery, University of Naples, Naples, Italy

⁶ Department of Medical, Oral, and Biotechnological Sciences, University of Chieti-Pescara, Chieti, Italy

⁷ Department of Dental Sciences, University Vita Salute S. Raffaele, Milan, Italy

Publisher's note Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.